# R. D. YATES CHECKER PLAYER

BY

# WILLIAM TIMOTHY CALL

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# PREFACE.

Dr. Samuel Johnson, the lexicographer, wrote the dedication and preface to "An Introduction to the Game of Draughts," by William Payne, published in London in 1756. That book is the first book in English devoted exclusively to draughts, or checkers, as the game is called in America—the pioneer of a literature of checker analysis and play, embracing nearly two hundred different books and more than two dozen different periodicals.

In the dedication Dr. Johnson says: "Triflers may find or make anything a trifle, but since it is the great characteristic of a wise man to see events in their causes, to obviate consequences, and ascertain contingencies, your Lordship will think nothing a trifle by which the mind is inured to caution, foresight, and circumspection." But in these days, when special training on specific subjects is most desired, the value of the game for mental discipline is not considered.

In the preface, however, which is less grandiose than the dedication, we find the worthy doctor at his best, for there he presents what is now regarded as the true plea for the game, in so direct a way that it needs no support except that which it gets from quotation marks:

"It is natural for a man to think well of the art which he professes to teach, and I may therefore be expected to have some esteem for the play of draughts. I would not, however, be thought to overrate it. Every art is valued in a joint proportion to its difficulty and

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usefulness. The use of draughts is the same as that of any other game of skill—that it may amuse those hours for which more laudable employment is not at hand, and happy is the man whose equability of temper and constancy of perseverance in better things exempt him from the need of such reliefs. Whatever may be determined concerning its use, its difficulty is incontestable; for among the multitudes that practice it very few understand it."

To these just conclusions, I think, should be added the unnamed charm which animates the private worker —the delver into the numberless secrets of the board. His labor, when once given to the world, is never lost, as no one can rob him of his discoveries or consign them to oblivion, and he is secure in the pleasing thought that his humble little fame is permanent.

If the penalty of being civilized is that we must connive and contrive to kill the most precious thing we have—time—what surer or gentler instrument can we find than the game of checkers?

The game has never found a master. The genius of Robert David Yates seemed to hover on the verge of that distinction.

W. T. CALL.

NEW YORK, June, 1905.

# R. D. YATES, CHECKER PLAYER.

## CHAPTER I.

## ANECDOTAL.

R. D. Yates impressed those who knew him intimately with a feeling not unlike that of awe for his power as a checker player. A glimpse of the cause of this impression may be had from several points of view as afforded to the writer of these lines.

The players with whom he associated occasionally dropped into warm contentions regarding the result of some game or position of special interest, and called on Yates for an opinion. C. M. Potterdon, always eager in disputes of this kind, described the outcome of an appeal thus:

"When Yates came along at one of these times we all turned to him as by common consent for a decision. In his earnest way he would look at the position a few moments, and then mildly remark that he thought he would go there, at the same time indicating the move of his choice. His gaze must have penetrated far deeper into the vitals of the thing than we were able to reach with our demonstrations, for squirm or hammer as we pleased we always found he was right. He knew the board with its myriad moods and tenses so much better than we did that he actually appeared to us to know it all." Testimony to this effect, but a little more direct, comes from a schoolboy chum, not a checker player, who asked his friend "Bob" just before one of his important matches whether he felt nervous about the contest. "He told me," said the narrator, "he did not feel at all nervous, as he said he knew the meaning of every move on the board, and the only thing he had to look out for was some bad move by his opponent."

This wayside remark, made as a mere generalization to gratify the natural curiosity of an old friend, is nevertheless directly in line with the authoritative statement of Martins that there was no hope of catching the boy on anything.

As friend, backer and coach, Melvin Brown formed a somewhat similar estimate, having by observation convinced himself that Yates could analyze as surely across the board in actual play as his strongest opponents could in long hours of close preparation. He early observed that his charge had an astonishing faculty for scenting deep-hidden trouble in time to avoid it. "He seemed able," said Mr. Brown to the investigator, "to scent the most distant danger, and I have seen him sacrifice piece for position at times when there appeared to be no need whatever for heroic measures."

His fellow medical student, Dr. Schaefer, when asked what there was in Yates's cross-board play that made the deepest impression on him, instantly replied that it was the strange, apparently purposeless little move gently made at a point where a strong move seemed to be called for.

Into the method by which his blindfold play was accomplished Melvin Brown made a close inquiry. Yates

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said positively that he saw a perfect reproduction of the board and men in his mind's eye—a process known as visualization. In fact, to him the board and men were superfluous, for he could play on his mental board with perfect ease and seemingly with less effort than the material board calls for. He could summon up a page of reading matter from a carefully read book in the same way, and repeat it word for word.

These visual impressions did not leave him. He told a schoolmate that he could call out at any time all the moves in every game of importance he ever played. At one time, in a bakery in the Bowery, he turned his back to twenty-five boards and won every game, after which he called out the moves of both sides in all the games as rapidly as he would have read them from a book. He could also call them off backward without effort.

W. H. Broughton, of Portland, Me., played with him occasionally, and one time with a few friends they went to a restaurant and talked out a game while eating and conversing. Broughton was a really great blindfold player, but was overmatched in this instance, and lost the game.

The father of the great checker player was endowed with unusual mental power. His safety valve, however, was not a game of any kind, although a great lover of puzzles, but the Bible. He was forever at it, and had so remarkable a knowledge of Bible lore that he was popularly credited with knowing every punctuation mark in it, as well as every name, phrase, or allusion. He had come to New York from Dundee, Scotland, and had made his start in life with an oyster stand on the sidewalk. By his own efforts his business was increased until he owned a large popular restaurant in Fulton Market, where a son is still in the same business, although on a smaller scale.

His father's hobby being the Bible and his own being checkers, R. D. Yates concealed his identity in his correspondence for some time by using the name of H. C. McDonald, that of one of his father's employees. "Henny" and "Rob" also managed to have great fun together whenever they could find a checker champion anywhere within the limits of a short excursion after business hours. The chagrin of their face to face victims was more enjoyable than that expressed in tilts by mail. Sometimes Yates would vary the amusement by dressing up as a rough fisherman, just off a lobster raft, but very lucky at checkers. In telling of those pleasurable days McDonald said:

"Rob loved the game. There was no doubt about that. But he would not then, or in later years, gamble or allow others to gamble on him. It was not on religious grounds, either. He simply did not believe in introducing the sporting element into what he regarded as a scientific pastime. He carried this principle so far as to refuse to go with me to a museum in Grand street to play an automaton for the twenty-five dollars offered as a prize to anyone who would beat the figure, because he knew he would win it."

The inclinations of young Yates were firmly bent in the direction of investigating something—getting at the bottom facts of intricate propositions. He craved knowledge for its own sake. How to turn his faculty for insight and acquirement to some useful purpose seems to have been the cause of his becoming a physician, for that is what he wanted to be. Surgery for vocation, checkers for avocation, was apparently the guiding idea of his brief career.

This may be taken to show the correctness of the balance of his fine mind, which was so nicely adjusted that it is difficult to determine which to admire the more —the soundness of his judgment, or the marvelousness of his faculty of visualization and insight. Without the former he might have dropped to the level of those abnormally developed intellects known as calculating boys, for he could do astonishing feats with figures. He used to help his brothers with surprising short cuts in mathematics. He could take two lines of figures, put down at random, and multiply them together in his head in imitation of famous prodigies, but he set no value on this act other than as mental gymnastics.

He was exceedingly fond of mild practical jokes. While cashier in his father's restaurant, he practiced throwing a knotted towel, and could project it with accuracy several feet to get it over the shoulder of an acquaintance and carry the newspaper out of the hands of the intent reader. The trick that pleased him most, however, was to attach a string to a damp rag, and conceal himself, with the end of the string in his hand, some distance away. This was always at dusk, and he would wait patiently for some man with a cane to come He would then make the rag jump in front of along. the victim and run along the sidewalk. To see the excited individual pound that supposed rat with his cane was the acme of fun to the joker and his lounging audience.

A physical peculiarity afforded himself and his

friends an occasional bit of amusement. When the gaze of some hero worshipper became fixed on his serious countenance, as if to discover the secret of his remarkable power, he would make one of his ears move up and down like a man on horseback. If that did not sufficiently astonish the gazer, he would stop it and start the other ear.

His friend McDonald lived in the crowded section of the East Side of the city, and the games Yates carried on by correspondence were done under the name and address of H. C. McDonald. Postal cards were used, and the returns were brought to Yates, who worked out the replies while attending to his duties as cashier, and without the use of a board. The name of Yates did not appear in these contests. At that time the police were much concerned with the Socialist agitation headed by the conspicuous Herr Most, and made it their business to be suspicious of everything unusual. It appeared to them that the postal cards received by Mc-Donald ought to be investigated, as they contained nothing but figures, and communications in cipher from the East Side were worthy of examination. So they arrested McDonald. This was a joke Yates had not prepared for, and he was called upon to explain. This. with considerable amusement, he finally succeeded in doing to the satisfaction of the police.

This incident, by the way, is the second time in the history of the game that the figures used to record the moves have been regarded as a possible menace to public safety. The first instance is that of the Spanish author Canalejas, who, in 1650, submitted his work to the chief inquisitor and obtained a decision, a part of which reads as follows: "I have not found anything therein contrary to our holy faith, and though it contains ciphers and characters, they are not those of a prohibitive nature, but such as are now generally used in the practice of the game."

At about the time Yates may be said to have achieved international fame Schaefer and Potterdon were acquiring local reputation by beating all comers at the Y. M. C. A. rooms in Twenty-third street. Neither of these local experts had ever seen Yates, but they were in correspondence with H. C. McDonald, whom they regarded as a player having a remarkable knowledge of the game, and little, if at all, inferior to Yates himself, whom they had heard of through other players as a Potterdon's curiosity to see how this Mcmarvel. Donald conducted himself when face to face with an opponent across the board, caused him to make a search for the new star. He found McDonald at Otis Field's billiard room in the basement at the northeast corner of Fulton and Nassau streets. That was the storm centre of scientific checkers in New York at that time. Potterdon was primed for the occasion, and succeeded in getting a sitting with McDonald. Potterdon won every game with ease. He was puzzled at the result, but Dempster, one of the strong players of the day, explained the situation, and introduced him to Yates. They played, and Yates won every game. Then Potterdon resolved to have a little fun himself, and he asked Yates to come to the Y. M. C. A. rooms and meet Schaefer under the new name of Nemo Gregg. Yates was more than ready for that kind of an adventure. Schaefer, who was fast earning a reputation as an expert, was

pleased at the idea of showing Mr. Nemo Gregg what the game is like when handled by a real player. They had a prolonged sitting of twelve games. Gregg won them all. Potterdon had his fun, and Schaefer got what in later years was known as a bump. At the end of the encounter the dejected expert was told the real name of his opponent. Schaefer was dumbfounded, but a look of relief came into his face as he succeeded in saying: "Ya-a-a-tes! Oh! well, all right, then."

#### CHAPTER II.

# DEVELOPMENT OF THE SCIENTIFIC SIDE OF THE GAME.

Previous to the year 1855 the game of checkers was played commonly and extensively in all parts of the United States, but was regarded as an amusement to be classed with backgammon and dominoes. It was popular (as it always will be) with boys and idlers, and was vaguely identified with crossroads stores and cracker barrels. Longfellow had thrown a little kindly glamour on the pastime by causing Evangeline to bring the draught-board out of the corner, and start the old men in friendly contention. They "laughed at each lucky hit or successful manoeuvre; laughed when a man was crowned or a breach made in the king row "—a harmless rural recreation, it seems, of mingled luck and laughter.

John Rogers, the sculptor, whose small groups of typical American life were made in large numbers and obtained wide popularity, chose as his first subject to touch the sentimental side of the great public he aimed to please, a statuette called the "Checker Players." It represented two small figures, one an old and the other a young man, seated at a table improvised from a barrel. The old man's face wore a broad smile of triumph. The group sold well, and everybody was delighted at the perfect representation of the typical checker players, as they were commonly regarded. This was in 1859.

Paul Morphy, the chess genius, sought to obtain a glimpse into the scientific depths of checkers without too much trouble, but never succeeded in getting within sight of anything under the surface of the game. When he went to England he asked Thomas Lear, who played both checkers and chess, to explain to him "wherein the beauty of draughts playing lay." On another occasion, half in jest, half in earnest, the great chess master said to a New York player, "Checkers is for tramps."

W. J. A. Fuller, chess editor of Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, declared that checkers is "all bosh," although he was what the checker editor of the New York Clipper called "a bold, dashing and original draughts player." Hodges, the Buffalo expert, was beating Fuller at checkers repeatedly, to the great satisfaction of the bystanders, when the author of the "all bosh" remark claimed he had an easy draw, and his offer to make a bet and give odds on it was quickly taken. Fuller won the bet by gently drawing his knees apart and allowing the board and men to fall to the floor. This, by the way, is the origin of "Fuller's draw," a phrase sometimes used to describe the only thing an inferior player might expect to get from an adept.

The depth and beauty of the game as a science had charmed the minds of Benjamin Franklin, Edgar Allan Poe, and General Grant, and Poe had, indeed, pointed out the difference between mere complexity and real profundity—the spectacular and the simple.

A contention soon arose as to the relative merits of

chess and checkers that was destined to be carried on more or less acrimoniously for nearly half a century. It culminated in an interview published in the London Chronicle in 1895 with the great English chess champion, J. H. Blackburne, who said: "Draughts is a less attractive game, infinitely less, but it is more scientific. You see, a step at draughts is irreparable. At chess, however, you can get back, change the disposition of your men, and possibly win."

Chess Master Pillsbury, who succeeded in combining the playing of the two games in his wonderful blindfold exhibitions with great success, never lost an opportunity in his wide travels to express the conviction that there is enough in either game to last a man a lifetime, and that depreciative language applied to either game can come only from one who is ignorant of the true nature of the difficulties to be overcome by an expert practitioner of that pastime.

The charm of the idea at the bottom of the game of checkers was expressed neatly by the writer of an unsigned article in the Melbourne, Australia, Leader in 1881. He said that one attraction of the game is the possibility of reducing any given position to an absolutely certain conclusion. With admirable acuteness he also remarked: "The game of draughts affords a glimpse of finality, which the human mind so ardently longs for."

Before the month of July, 1855, there was no organization or authority among the scattered hosts of players in America, but early in that month the New York Clipper started the pioneer department of the world devoted to the game of checkers, or "chequers" as there spelled, with I. D. J. Sweet as editor. The Philidorian published in London by George Walker, in 1837, contained a few checker problems, and there may have been some contributions on the subject in other periodicals, but the Clipper department is regarded as the first bona fide "checker column." It at once became the mouthpiece of the advanced players of the day.

Scotland, and Glasgow in particular, was where the game flourished at its best. There it had reached a higher stage of development than in America. Anderson's second edition, published in Glasgow in 1852, was a grandly successful attempt to give the pastime a body of rules, forms and regulations, completely embracing the points on which an authority was needed. It systematized the procedure in the matter of recording, classifying and naming openings and complete games, and, aided by the soundness of the play it contained, it at once raised a haphazard art to the dignity of a science —classified knowledge.

In the early fifties there were few players in the United States whose names were known in distant localities. Among those having something like a national reputation were L. L. Hodges, of Buffalo; C. A. Littlefield and F. M. Adams, of Boston; W. R. Bethel and A. D. Vanatta, of Philadelphia, and W. Hines, of New York. Hines was regarded as unquestionably the strongest player in the metropolis, and perhaps in the country.

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#### CHAPTER III.

#### THE DRYSDALE ERA.

Another event took place in the year 1855 which, even more than the starting of the Clipper column, gave checkers what may be justly styled a tremendous boost. It was in that year that A. J. Drysdale, a distinguished player of Scotland, arrived in New York, soon to start on a tour of the country in which he defeated every player who could be induced to meet him, including those mentioned on a preceding page. He then proclaimed himself champion, and offered to play anyone in the United States a match of thirty to fifty games for \$250 to \$1,000. The challenge remained open without takers until October, 1859, when Drysdale resigned the title.

The popularity of the game spread with great rapidity during the years of Drysdale's championship. In 1857 Porter's Spirit of the Times started a column, succeeded by Wilke's Spirit of the Times in 1859, the Chicago Leader in the same year, the American Sportsman in 1860, and the Household Journal in 1861. In the meantime D. Scattergood's "Game of Draughts or Checkers" was issued in Philadelphia, in 1859, and I. D. J. Sweet's "Elements of Draughts" in the same year in New York. Henry Spayth's famous "A. D. P.,"—American Draught Player—issued in 1860, was the crowning event of five years of memorable growth and activity in every phase of the pastime.

#### CHAPTER IV.

### THE CLUTE-MACINDOE PERIOD.

A season of inaction lasting through the years of the Rebellion was broken into by the formation of the Metropolitan Draught Club, in September, 1864, with headquarters at the Mercantile Hotel, 168 Duane street, New York. With W. H. Burr as President, and A. J. Dunlap as Secretary, the complete enrollment was as follows:

A. H. Phillips.	E. L. Hickok.
A. J. Dunlap.	C. A. Luhrs.
J. Williams.	H. Castle.
J. Cassin.	H. E. Carrick.
J. H. Simonson.	S. T. Freeman.
A. Neidermeyer.	I. Clute.
G. Acorn.	G. T. Reeder.
W. H. Burr.	G. Thompson.
T. Douglas.	S. Chisholm.
J. Donley.	I. D. J. Sweet.

A year later, August 25, 1865, the Secretary of the Club, A. J. Dunlap, started the famous checker column of the Turf, Field and Farm. This was the beginning of Dunlap's prominence, which lasted undiminished until the day of his formal good-by to the readers of the Turf in the issue of that publication of July 31, 1891. During this entire time, a period of over a quarter of a century, Dunlap and the Turf were the recognized court of last resort for the followers of the pastime in America. He was foremost, or at any rate most conspicuous, next to the principals, in all the great matches in this country during the period of his activity. His death took place September 30, 1891, two months after laying down his checker work.

In 1865 the Turf was asked for the names of the best players in the country at that time, and on October 14 gave this as the list:

Philadelphia-Bethel, Vanatta, Hull.

Boston-Littlefield, Adams, Taylor.

Brooklyn—Burr, Parker, Phillips, Brown, Hickok. Buffalo—Mugridge, Geo.; Mugridge, J. A.; Spayth, Hodges.

Rochester-Boughton.

Wellsville, N. Y.-Mercer.

Elyria, O.-Northrop.

New York-Luhrs, Clute, Hines, Neidermeyer.

The Metropolitan Club started a tournament, with a miniature silver checker-board, two and a half inches square, as the first prize. It was awarded to Melvin Brown in May, 1865, with Burr and Hickok tied for second and third prizes, \$10 and \$5. On one side were the names of the "fathers of the game," chosen as follows: Payne, Sturges, Anderson, Wyllie, McIntosh, Martins, Drummond, Sinclair, Hay, Drysdale. On the reverse side was an end game position. This medal

was afterward the cause of considerable newspaper talk, when it was offered by Yates as an emblem of the world's championship.

The Metropolitan championship and medal were won from Brown by Burr, who in turn lost it to Dr. Isaac Clute in 1866.

Then the subject of the national championship became the important topic, and Dr. Clute, after playing a drawn match for \$200 a side with J. B. Tees, of Philadelphia, issued a challenge, dated December 23, 1867, to any draught player for \$500 a side, and he put up \$50 forfeit with Dunlap. He then claimed to be "Draught Champion of America," and was sustained in this assumption by the followers of the game, as he stood ready to defend his claim to the title.

The challenge remained without takers until I. B. Macindoe took it up. He arrived in this country in June, 1870, from the same town, Glasgow, that the other Scotchman, Drysdale, had come from. Macindoe had made a reputation as a player in Scotland, and soon after his arrival he accepted Clute's challenge, and they played a match for the championship and \$50, to be decided in favor of the player getting the first three wins. This match took place in November, 1870, the score being: Clute, 3: Macindoe, 2: drawn, 27. Both contestants were lovers of the game as well as genuine sportsmen, and Clute eagerly gave Macindoe another chance. This, the second meeting, occurred in the succeeding February, 1871, for the championship and \$200 a side, to be determined by the first three wins, as before. That score was as follows: Macindoe, 3; Clute, 1 : drawn. 24.

At the conclusion of this match the Turf announced that Macindoe had proved himself to be the best player in the United States.

Macindoe was recognized by those who came into contact with him as an accomplished, well-trained man -in fact, an intellectual brilliant in the firmament of Dunlap gave way to him as editor of the checkers. Turf column, with the magnanimous assertion that the Scotchman was better equipped to run the department than he, Dunlap, had ever been, or could ever hope to be. Macindoe's name appeared over the column during the two years from January, 1872, to December, 1873. Dunlap resumed the editorship some time in 1873, retaining Macindoe's name at the top, although the latter had gone to Canada with a fatal illness, stopping on his way at Portland, Me. Here he lost two games to W. H. Broughton, champion of the State, and one of the strongest American players of the time.

Some cutting comment on this event by a contemporary who had at last found a chance to hit back effectively, brought out a reply from Macindoe in the Turf of April 18 of that year, which deserves quotation as a model of manliness and checker etiquette, as follows:

"We were beaten by Mr. Broughton in good style. We always play whenever we get a chance; never refuse an invitation to play, sick or well; always ready, always willing."

### Chapter V.

# A SURVEY OF THE BATTLEFIELD.

The condition of the game, that is, the stage of advancement into the practically bottomless depths of the play, that had been reached by the experts in this country at the time Yates appeared on the scene, must be understood if one would appreciate the nature of the task he had before him when he started to conquer the world of checkers.

The unmistakable superiority of Drysdale and Macindoe to American players gave rise to the popular feeling that there must be something in the composition of the atmosphere of Scotland that made Scotchmen naturally better players than Americans. The editor of the Clipper was even asked by a correspondent to endorse this impression. His reply was that such an assumption was undoubtedly fallacious. Then he dropped into italics with a chiding note in his remarks thus:

"One reason why Scotchmen play draughts well is because they pay attention and exert themselves."

It perhaps did not occur to him to admit also that the game had been developed to a greater degree in Scotland than elsewhere. This fact, however, was clearly comprehended by Macindoe, who said of the New York players: "A always has one way of opening the game (or subopening it, we might say), B another and C a third. Whenever we sit down to play I know just how they will go on. So I rattle through my side, and have all the board to choose from in my attacks. And they call *that* playing checkers."

This narrow horizon had been also publicly referred to by Janvier, the premier critic from the early days of the Clipper column, when he signed himself "Nemo." In this instance the reflection fell on the methods of proficients everywhere. He said:

"A very numerous class contend that Anderson's work embraces and distinguishes every opening which an advanced player would use in an unrestricted match, and look with contempt at every attempt to extend the system."

Another significant observation from the same source runs:

"The objection that there is not published play on many proposed openings is wholly devoid of force. As well might you object to laying off the site of a town because there were no buildings on the lots. Other players will come after us when we leave the stage, and we may safely rely upon them to fill out our plans and build up the vacant spots."

In a letter dated March 30, 1870, Janvier made this astonishing statement:

"Out of 15,000 published games I have collected in my manuscripts from various books and periodicals about 14,500 begin with 11-15, and half the rest with 11-16, leaving only about 250 to be divided among the other five."

It was the slavish adherence of the American players to these hard beaten paths that gave the powerful Scotchmen their opportunities, rather than any radical difference in brain construction. They knew, as a later writer put it, that "draughts is capable of yielding mine after mine of virgin ore."

No wonder then that when the greatest of the Scotch players (and the greatest all-around checker figure the world has ever known) came to America, he mowed down the best the country could produce in a way that showed how easily he outclassed them all.

It was this giant, Wyllie, that this David (Yates's middle name being David) was called upon to conquer. To do this he must first learn more of the secrets of the game than any American had yet mastered.

### Chapter VI.

## THE YATES EPOCH.

On June 6, 1873, the first public mention of Yates as a checker player was made. The entire article, which appeared in the Turf under the heading, "The Rising Generation," is as follows:

"Although the precocity of Young America has been long an established fact, it is not till lately that the game of checkers began to furnish prominent examples. The exploits of a Boston boy were lately made known to the world in these columns. We have now to notice another youthful prodigy, who began about a year ago to attract attention to his aptitude for the game. Master Thomas Yates, residing in Brooklyn, has at the early age of fifteen made such progress as to have succeeded in mastering all the metropolitan players, except those, who, in Scotch slang, are called the ' cracks,' and even the best of these have received satisfactory lessons at his hands. If we are any judge, there is here the making of a true draught player, and the boy will be father of the man."

The Boston boy referred to in this article was W. R. Barker. The error of the name, "Thomas" Yates for Robert Yates, is excusable on the ground of first appearance.

Two months previous to the appearance of this article an item in a Boston daily, headed "A Youthful Prodigy at Checkers," referred to W. R. Barker thus:

"A lad about fifteen years old, who lives in this city, has just beaten Mr. Broughton, the champion checker player of Maine, leading him one game in a series of thirty games played."

Still another youthful expert started for the front at this time, as appears from the following, from the Turf of June 13, 1873:

"Mr. Priest, the young Jersey player, is playing hob with the New York and Brooklyn draught players, leading each in scores, except ' the boy ' Yates, who stands about even."

On October 24, 1873, this simple announcement appeared in the Turf:

"Wyllie arrived Monday, in good health, by the City of Richmond."

This was the beginning of the famous Herd Laddie's first trip to America, which was prolonged into a three years' tour of the United States and Canada, lasting from October, 1873, to September, 1876. His second visit was made in 1881.

A series of games with the leading players was at once arranged, to take place at Miller's Dey Street House. The earnestness of the great conqueror soon became apparent. On one occasion, while resting himself, an admirer, thinking to help him pass the time agreeably, offered him a copy of a Scottish-American paper. Before offering to take it Wyllie asked if there was a draught column in it, and on being told that there was not, he curtly replied: "Then I dinna want it."

Wyllie took on his chosen opponents one at a time with the following result:

Wyllie 4	Avery o	Drawn 1
" 4	Burr o	" 6
" 3	Allen 1	" 3
" 6	Brown 1	" 5
" 6	Yates 1	" 6
" 2	Pierce o	" 2
" 8	Thompson o	" 3
" 2	Marsh o	" o
" 4	Priest o	" 2
" ., 48	Hodges 1	" 6
" 17	Copeland I	" 2
" 9	Howie I	"
"	All others $\ldots$ o	"······· 4
_	—	
Total	6	40

Wyllie went to Boston immediately after this, and had a similar degree of success. W. R. Barker had signed himself "Champion of the United States" in a card in the Boston Herald, November 10, 1873; but the great Scotchman was no respecter of checker titles, and his score with the Barker brothers at that time was as follows:

Wyllie	W. R. Barker. 1	Drawn33
"	C. F. Barker 3	"

The work of the future "Stonewall" is thus commented on by a reviewer:

"C. F. Barker is a youth of sixteen years, and by the score made is equal to, if not excelling, his older brother as a player."

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In April of the next year, 1874, Yates finished a friendly contest with S. T. Allen of one hundred games, played during the winter, with this result: Yates, 38; Allen, 12; drawn, 50.

The following June Priest met the New York players to this effect:

Priest II	Allen 4	Drawn10
" 4	YatesII	"
" 8	Brown 5	"10
" 7	Burr 5	"
"	Carrick 2	" 2
" 8	Hare 3	" 2

By this time the strength that was in the coming champion had begun to attract serious attention, and on July 3, 1874, the announcement got into print that W. R. Barker was "quite anxious for a shy at Boy Yates."

In October of the same year, 1874, another friendly match between Yates and S. T. Allen was finished thus: Yates, 33; Allen, 8; drawn, 59.

Two months later, on December 4, 1874, in response to a statement that W. R. Barker "would like to hear from the gentleman in New York who is betting on Yates," Dunlap replied:

"We are authorized to state that Mr. Yates plays checkers for amusement only, and if Mr. Barker would make it convenient to visit this city Mr. Yates would be happy to play him a match of twenty to thirty games for the fun of it any time."

A month later, in January, 1875, the Portland player, Broughton, defeated all the leading New York players but one, the principal scores being:

#### R. D. YATES, CHECKER PLAYER.

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Broughton	9	Yates10	Drawn14
"	14	Burr 7	"15
"	11	Brown $3$	"19
"	8	Allen o	" 2

In the succeeding month, February, the third friendly match between Yates and S. T. Allen ended this way: Yates, 16; Allen, 4; drawn, 30.

It was now time to recognize the fact that Yates was important, and on August 6, 1875, W. R. Barker was announced in New York. He was accompanied by his brother, Charles Francis. The score of this meeting was: W. R. Barker, 5; Yates, 1; drawn, 41. The friends of Yates were well pleased with this score, as W. R. Barker was the recognized champion of the United States.

Two other interesting scores are to be noted as occurring at this time, August, 1875:

Yates	6	C. F. Barker	ο	Drawn 3
"	7	Priest	0	"

In the succeeding December Broughton again played in New York, these being the principal results:

Broughton		3	Yates	3	Drawn	4
"	<b></b> .	2	Pierce	5	"	ο
"		2	Brown	2	"	0

A month later, January, 1876, Broughton's third visit to New York yielded this score:

Broughton	3	Yates	I	Drawn	4
"	2	Dempster	ο	"	0

It was now over two years that Wyllie had been touring the country, and Yates in the meantime had been steadily advancing in his knowledge of the checkerboard. A meeting between the two when Wyllie reached New York was looked forward to with keen expectancy by the followers of the pastime in the metropolis. The story of this meeting, and the effect it produced, may be most satisfactorily told by giving the report of it printed in the Turf, under the headline, "Exhibition Games—Wyllie and Yates," March 10, 1876, as follows:

"The friendly contest agreed on to be played between the above named players at the St. Charles Billiard Rooms came to a close on Saturday evening last by twenty-four games being played, four games each evening, with the astonishing result of Mr. Yates the victor of two games, and not one for the champion. This was unexpected, and a complete surprise to the friends of both players. Although the friends of Mr. Yates were confident he could make a good score, they little expected he would defeat Mr. Wyllie. Another match of twenty-four games will probably be played in Brooklyn, the residence of Mr. Yates, in the course of two or three weeks."

A second meeting was speedily arranged, and the result reported in the Turf, April 7, 1876, under the same heading as before, as follows:

"The second series of games between these two players commenced at Sherar's Saloon, 126 Fulton street, Brooklyn, on Monday evening, the 27th ult. Much interest was taken in the series by the players, as it was expected that Mr. Wyllie would wipe out the previous score, and give his youthful opponent some new points not dreamed of in his philosophy of the game. But fate decreed otherwise, and Yates came off the victor. Twenty-six games in all were played, making a total score of fifty games in both series of thirteen nights' play. Score of the second meeting: Yates, 5; Wyllie, I; drawn, 20."

The effect of these two meetings, which were, as the headlines distinctly indicate, exhibition matches, was to create a demand for the real thing—a bona fide match for the championship of the world. This was brought about without undue delay, and the details were set forth as follows in the Turf for August 11, 1876:

"We hereby agree to play a match at checkers, consisting of fifty games, wins and draws to count, for the championship of the world; said match to be played according to Anderson's rules, and to commence at the rooms of T. Doran, 452 Fulton street, Brooklyn, on Monday, August 17, 1876, at 7 o'clock, p. m., to be continued from day to day from 7 p. m. until 10 p. m., until finished.

" James Wyllie. " Robert D. Yates."

New York, July 24, 1876.

Following is the comment accompanying this announcement:

"As it has been intimated in some quarters that there is no match to be played, we give the articles above as written, and play will surely commence as above dated. No stake is played for, out of regard for Mr. Yates, but Mr. Wyllie plays for admittance money, to whom Mr. Yates very generously donates his share of the proceeds. From the well known ability of the two players, a large attendance is expected, and players will be treated to the finest play ever seen over the board."

These articles were drawn by Melvin Brown, and their execution was witnessed by him. They are at this writing in his possession. As Yates objected to playing for money, no money was at stake so far as he was concerned. But there was an outside stake of \$100 on the match, one-half of which was contributed by Brown, Dunlap, Charles Kelly, John O. Fairchild, and M. W. Doran. Dunlap was stakeholder. Who furnished the other \$50 was not known until long afterward, when Dunlap stated that he himself had put up the money Wyllie lost. Brown, Dunlap and the other contributors received their respective shares of the stake, and no part of it was ever paid to Yates.

The report of the result of the match, headed "Young America Wins," is given in the Turf for September 8, 1876, as follows:

"The match for the championship of the world between Mr. Wyllie and Mr. Yates terminated on the 31st ult., after a close contest of sixteen days, in favor of the latter gentleman, with the score of: Yates, 2; Wyllie, 1; drawn, 47.

"After a successful tour of more than three years throughout the United States and Canada, Mr. Wyllie returns home by to-morrow's steamer. His visit has been a success financially, having earned over \$3,000, a very agreeable sum to draw on in his old age. His playing has been a success unparalleled, having played over 12,000 games, winning over 11,000, losing about 50, and the balance being drawn. But at the last moment, just on leaving for home, he meets the young player, Yates, and is defeated in a match for honors. The old veteran has battled for a lifetime at the game, and for the past twenty years has successfully held the title of champion of the world; but age *must* give way to youth, and he is no exception to the law of fate."

The following summary of the Wyllie-Yates encounters shows the results of their four battles:

In 1873	Yates		о	Wyllie	I	Drawn 3
"	"		I	"	5	" 3
In 1876	"		7	"	I	"
"	"	• • • • • •	2	"	I	"·····47

John Busby, who had coached Wyllie, and was noted on both sides of the Atlantic as an ambitious player, had lost fifteen games to Yates in August, 1876, while winning one and drawing thirteen. Not being able to account to himself satisfactorily for the decisiveness of his defeat, Busby sought another encounter, and was accommodated. He was thrashed by a score of seven to nothing and one drawn. In recording the result of this meeting the Turf of September 29, 1876, grimly remarks: "He left disheartened."

During this month of September, R. E. Bowen, the noted analyst and player of Millbury, Mass., made this score with the New Yorkers:

Bowen 2	Yates 8	Drawn 2
"	Brown 1	" 8
" 4	Pierce 2	" 6
" 4	Allen 1	" 6
·· 3	Lightfoot 3	" 6
" 6	Doran 2	" o
" і	Dempster 1	" <b>2</b>

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In October, 1876, Yates visited the great Centennial Exposition in Philadelphia and played a few games with Janvier, Denny, and others, winning 37, losing 0, and drawing 6.

Although the championship of the world had been won by the defeat of Wyllie, the supremacy of Yates was not indisputably clear in the minds of those who regarded the English champion the full equal as a cross-board player of either. So a meeting between Yates and Martins became a foregone conclusion.

Martins arrived in America in good health and spirits in July, 1876, and in February, 1877, while in Buffalo, N. Y., sent his challenge to Yates. They finally came together in June, 1877. The Turf of June 1, 1877, contains the following report, headed "The Championship Match":

"This match was concluded on Monday evening after a long and close contest of nineteen evenings' play, in favor of Mr. Yates, he still retaining the title of 'Draught Champion of the World.' Mr. Martins was not in the best trim for the match, not having the practice necessary for a contest so close as this has proved. Still he battled the young champion sharply, but he was able to get in but one single point, and that in the first game, which was more the carelessness of Yates than the ability of Martins. Whatever advance Martins made Yates was ready for him, and he finally gave it up, with the opinion that Yates was so well posted on every move in every variation that there was no hope, no chance to catch him on a single move on which to defeat him. R. D. YATES, CHECKER PLAYER.

"Total score: Yates, 3; Martins, 1; drawn, 45; total, 49."

In December, 1877, Yates went to New Haven, where he won thirty games, drew a few, and lost one, to Lightfoot. At Providence the next day he made the following score:

Yates 5	Merry o	Drawn 2
	Freeman o	" 4
	Hill o	" 4
"	All others 1	··

He played in Boston Christmas week with the leading players, including W. R. Barker, who made his last appearance in the checker arena on this occasion. A prize had been offered for the best score, which was won by the future champion, C. F. Barker. The total results of the week in Boston are as follows:

Yates 3	W. R. Barker 1	Drawn 6
" 0	C. F. Barker o	" 6
" 5	R. A. Davis 1	" o
" I	R. E. Bowen o	" 5
" 3	A. J. Heffner o	" 3
" I	G. D. Bugbee o	" 5
" 3	C. Hefter o	" 3
" 2	W. C. Parrowo	" 6
"	All others $\ldots$ o	"

Returning to New York by way of Springfield, he made the following record in that city:

Yates 4	G. B. Allen o	Drawn 3
"·····34	All others $\ldots$ o	" 6

With the close of the year 1877, the career of Yates as a checker player came to an end, except as to occa-

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sional events of no special significance. In February, 1878, for instance, he visited Albany, and played a dozen simultaneous games without losing one; in a ten-game bout with Robinson, the leading player, he won four, with six drawn. He also on this occasion played blindfolded against E. L. Fitzpatrick, of Troy, and McFarlane, of Albany, winning both games.

In March, A. H. Mercer, of Buffalo, visited New York, and was beaten by Yates two to nothing and five drawn.

At about the same time Northrop, the successful Ohio expert, played a number of games with Yates, who showed his great superiority by winning nearly every one of them. Lightfoot, of New Haven, also tried to get a game from Yates, but did not succeed in scoring even one.

Arrangements for another match between Yates and Wyllie had been all but completed when Yates resigned the championship for the reasons set forth in the following article, which appeared in the Turf, March 29, 1878:

"The announcement in our columns of the 8th inst. that articles had gone forward to Mr. Wyllie was a little premature. While the friends of Mr. Yates were arranging matters relating to the forthcoming match, Mr. Yates himself was arranging matters more remunerative and of more lasting benefit to himself in the future by taking up the study of medicine, and after coming to that determination made application at the college for entry at the beginning of the fall term, immediately after the match would be terminated between himself and Mr. Wyllie, when to his surprise he found he must enter at once in order to be eligible to enter for that term. He concluded to do so, and has entered the college, and now he authorizes us to state that he resigns his title as draught champion of the world, and will only play the game when it does not interfere with his studies.

"This will be a disappointment to the draught players of the old world as well as to those of the new, as all had anticipated that a great and exciting match would be contended by the two giants of the game. But they will all agree that Mr. Yates has decided on the wisest course, and we also state on his retiring from the field of checkers that he carries with him the esteem and respect of all who ever came in contact with him across the board."

The only interesting scores made by Yates after his resignation are:

Yates	2	Priest	0	Drawn	4
"	2	Davie	0	"	2
"	I	Reed	I	"	3
"	I	Moir	I	"	I

The last score worth recording, that with James Moir, of Tillicoultry, was made in June, 1881.

The death of Yates occurred in 1885. During the last four years of his life he devoted his time and energy to his profession, and his retirement from the game of checkers was recognized with respect by his former opponents.

## Chapter VII.

# CHILDHOOD AND MANHOOD.

When about three years of age the future champion, while walking with his mother one day, came to a standstill before the window of a toy store, and, pointing to a checker-board conspicuously displayed there, refused to go on without it. The child took so determined a stand that his mother was forced to buy it for him. Then, according to the story often told by his mother in after years, the toddler marched along as happy as a prospector who had discovered a pocket of gold.

The writer of these lines had secretly hoped not to run across any infant legends of the kind, but as this one was always told in the family without attaching any significance to it other than as an amusing coincidence, it is here given without further apology.

The first knowledge of the game the boy received came several years later through a playmate named Joshua R. Weeks. The latter, during a visit in Sullivan County, N. Y., had learned how to place the board and men, how to move and jump, how to make a king, and the few simple rules of the game, which, on his return to Brooklyn, he imparted to his friend.

At first Yates played on doorsteps in the neighbor-

hood, marking off the squares when a game was proposed, and using pieces of brick and coal for men. Soon he found boys at school who knew the game, and after awhile he discovered other players in the Union for Christian Work, in Fulton street.

There is no hearsay or other record to indicate that Yates showed during this period any superiority as a player. He did not know, in fact, that the game is a science as well as a pastime. This knowledge came to him through the De Con brothers, of Brooklyn, of whom A. J. De Con had been a well-known expert since the early days of Hines and Drysdale—in fact, was one of the first to play blindfold checkers in this country.

The De Cons opened a new world to the intellect of the quiet boy with the inquiring mind, and he drifted inevitably into the haunts of the checker scientists of New York. Here he soon became known as "the boy," but not much attention was paid to him by the older regulars. About the first impression he made on them was in his games with the "Wall Street Champion," Scoville, or "Old Scoville," as the onlookers referred to him when playing with "the boy."

An active checkerist of those days described it as a "comical sight" to see the pair at play. The serious faced boy would walk with hardly a side glance straight to the chair where sat the stern veteran, and after depositing his hat on the floor by his side proceed to move the pieces without paying the slightest attention to the banter and bluster of his antique opponent. At the conclusion of the sitting "the boy" as silently and sedately passed out of the room. His playing did not make any unusual impression, and when Wyllie met the leading players of the metropolis in turn, "the boy" was asked to take a seat as a filler-in. It was not long, however, before his right to the seat was unquestioned.

When his ambition to get under the surface of the game began to urge him forward, he obtained, on the advice of one of the experienced followers of the pastime, a copy of the American Draught Player, and actually started in to learn every variation in the book. He said he supposed that was the proper way to learn to be a good checker player. He was told that a checker book is not to be regarded as a servant for all occasions, but rather as a friend and counselor when advice is needed. His friends convinced him that it is better to know a lot about one opening than a little about a lot of openings.

Besides the American Draught Player, he gradually acquired Scattergood's, Sweet's, Drummond's and Anderson's treatises, and in time had the usual scrapbooks of newspaper columns, and a few manuscript books, with corrections and original play here and there, but including nothing out of the ordinary. The books which finally became most useful to him were compilations of play made by Melvin Brown. When the match with Wyllie was decided on, Brown was able to put into the hands of Yates all the games of the Scotchman that could be found anywhere in print. The same thing was done when the match with Martins was arranged. That was the kind of checker book Yates liked.

He had a pocket checker-board that he used to carry

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when traveling. When on a trip on the boat or cars he would pass the board to any opponent that might be with him, and call out his moves as in blindfold play.

A habit contracted in his early boyhood led to an event that greatly increased his familiarity with the board. He was very fond of reading in bed, and indulged in this practice so much that he injured his eyes, and was ordered by his physician to remain in a dark room for several weeks, under penalty of the loss of his eyesight. His solace during this lonely retirement was checkers, which he could play without injury. How much he learned about the game in those long days is not known, but his family regard that time as the main source and cause of his checker career.

The date of the birth of R. D. Yates is December 22, 1857. Brooklyn, N. Y., was his birthplace and home during his life of twenty-eight years. His father, Robert Yates, was born in Scotland, December 19, 1826. R. D. Yates's grandfather on his father's side was a Scotchman, a soldier by occupation. R. D. Yates's mother was born in the north of Ireland, and was eight years younger than her husband. They became acquainted in this country, and married here. There were ten children, six boys and four girls.

Robert David Yates was the first born. The name Robert was given to him in honor of his father, and the name David was given to him in honor of the book of books. It is believed that he inherited his love of the game from his father, who, though not a player himself, was ardently fond of all kinds of intricate knowledge, the bent of his mind in this direction being noticeable.

It was not until May, 1873, that Yates began to contribute to the literature of the game. He wrote under the nom de plume of Ammi A. Blackman, and his communications at once commanded respect for his ability, the editor of the Turf column remarking: "In thanking our correspondent we take the opportunity to congratulate this column on the acquisition of a new contributor of such skill and accuracy as Mr. Blackman."

Yates was essentially a player, and not at all given to controversy. He had no fondness for any department of the game except the live contest across the board. He was, however, the editor of the checker columns of two periodicals. The first was that of The Boys of the World, which he began and conducted from November 11, 1875, to April 19, 1877, when it was discontinued. He then started a column in a monthly known as Dexter Smith's Paper. This began in April, 1877, and was discontinued in October, 1878. Both these columns were conducted in an able but ordinary way, with few notes and very little news or gossip.

A curious feature of the column in Dexter Smith's Paper was printing the numbers of all the outside squares as a kind of border to the problem diagrams for the convenience of readers who were not students of the game.

There also appeared in the same publication an astonishing conundrum, which shows how that great boy, like many great men, loved nonsense for nonsense sake. This is the masterpiece : "What is the difference between young Peter Doran (of the Brooklyn checker headquarters) and a defunct lark?"

"One's Doran's son, and the other's soarin's done."

He liked fun as well as nonsense, and was always ready for it. A blind checker player in South Brooklyn enjoyed a good joke also, even at his own expense, and some friends asked Yates to visit the blind man, and to be a deaf and dumb man for the occasion. He readily consented, and during the sitting the spectators made the most damaging and absurd remarks about the personal appearance and character of the deaf and dumb man they could invent. Yates went through the ordeal in a torment of suppressed laughter, while the blind man bubbled and chuckled at each new sally. The fun of the affair was not spoiled by the "dummy" or his audience, and when the blind man was informed of the prank of the great player he was again pleased.

This fun-loving propensity was remarked by a writer in the New England Checker Player in this way:

"Yates has a dry humor that frequently leads him to stroll into resorts of checker players and engage strangers at play. He has a slow, unpretentious manner, that, added to his youthfulness, throws strangers entirely off their guard. After he has enjoyed their chagrin at being beaten by a boy, he engages in conversation with them, and relieves their annoyance by letting it leak out that his name is Yates. There are no stakes on such games."

The New England Checker Player also records an-

other characteristic incident. An Albany player wrote to a Brooklyn friend that he would like to meet some good player in correspondence. Yates, under the name of his friend, H. C. McDonald, agreed to accommodate him. After a while the Albany player found himself hard pressed, and the correspondence ended in a dispute. A few years later the Albany man wrote to a New York publication inquiring whether Wyllie had ever been defeated. He received the reply: "Yes, by your old antagonist." The letter was signed by Yates.

The impression the character and personality of Yates made on his contemporaries is not less marked than that of his ability as a player. All the testimony in print or by word of mouth points the same way. The following from the Boston Globe, January 2, 1878, of which C. M. Wilder was the editor, epitomizes it all:

"We can only say that Mr. Yates is irresistibly attractive personally, and makes friends at sight. Draught players of every degree of strength and all shades of opinion on matters connected with the championship unite in cordial expressions of admiration of him, not alone as a wonder of wonders, but as a splendid specimen of a young gentleman."

It was in March, 1881, that Yates was graduated from the medical college in New York. On June 24, 1881, the Turf announced the severance of all ties with the game in these few words:

"Ex-Champion Yates gives checkers the go-by and plays chess."

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He was a member of Plymouth Church under Henry Ward Beecher. His love for high-grade music was so pronounced that he was at one period a constant attendant at the best operas and concerts with a musician as a companion.

He became a staff physician in the Flatbush Hospital. In 1885 he was appointed physician on a steamer of the Rotterdam line, and died at sea of typhus fever on his first trip at the age of twenty-eight years. He was buried at sea.

## Chapter VIII.

## THE MEDAL EPISODE.

Like his manly predecessor, Macindoe, Yates was a willing player.

In a characteristic announcement in October, 1876, he said he would play Broughton or anyone else visiting the city, after business hours, a few friendly offhand games; but he declined to play a match of any certain number of games without a notice of at least sixty days. It was one of his fixed conditions in match play that he should have time to prepare for the contest. He was always superior to the allurements of carlessness or indifference, and this may to some extent account for the notable soundness of his judgment in all matters. That he made an error in judgment in the medal affair, however, need not be doubted, but it is equally certain that it was a harmless one.

In those days abusive language seemed to be regarded as essential to controversies in checker columns, and some very picturesque phraseology is to be found here and there in wordy encounters. Yates was a shining exception to the general rule.

A letter dated November 8, 1876, signed by Yates and addressed to the draught players of the world, introduced the medal controversy as follows: "By unexpected good fortune I have come into possession of the draught championship of the world, and in consequence of the recent challenge of Messrs. Broughton and Barker to me, it is but proper that I should define the terms under which I am willing to play for that honor now and at all times hereafter.

"It is well known that I object to play for money, and on that account it is not easy to find a plan whereby I may give every player an opportunity to win that honor, and at the same time protect myself from challenges by any player who may be about to visit New York, and who would like to play for the championship so long as it costs nothing to do so.

"The best plan that has suggested itself to me is as follows:

"I have been presented with a valuable silver medal, which was for many years the token of the metropolitan championship, and this I now propose to offer as the emblem of the championship of the world.

"I am willing to play, where I reside, a match of fifty games, wins and draws to count, with any player in the world, in sixty days after signing articles, and a deposit of \$50 by the challenger against the championship medal. In case I should win, I should accept the sum of \$50, not as a wager, but simply as compensation for time spent in preparing for and playing the match. In case I lost, the championship and the medal would go to the winner, who, when challenged, must play for it on similar terms.

"The above is my answer to Mr. Barker and all other persons who many hereafter challenge me for the championship. "I will say, however, that I am willing to play all comers, at any time, friendly off-hand games without notice, out of business hours. Should any person who desires to play for the championship object to the above plan for lack of a stake, it has been suggested by my friends that there would be no difficulty in making outside arrangements; but with that, however, I will have nothing to do."

The medal plan at once proved to be unpopular, and comment became general. It gave Broughton, in particular, a fine chance to give vent to the jolly kind of criticism for which he was ever ready, as follows:

"I don't like the *color* of Mr. Yates's card, 'To the Draught Players of the World.' There is too much *brown* [Melvin Brown] in it. Does it not seem a little inconsistent to require compensation, and not be willing to give the same? Now, suppose that some other exponent of the game, who has conscientious scruples about playing for money, should challenge for the coveted silver medal, he would have to withdraw on account of the money bugbear.

"Having been champion of Maine for several years, my friends are agitating the question of presenting me with a brass medal. *If* they do give it to me, I shall be open to play anyone who will place ten against it. If I win, you can bet I will gobble the 'spinner,' and if I lose my opponent can have the *brass.*"

The most important protest in regard to the medal came from Buffalo, N. Y., under date of February 12, 1877, and was signed by Robert Martins, thus: "I hereby challenge Mr. Robert D. Yates, of Brooklyn, the present champion, to play me a match of fifty games, wins and draws to count, and in consequence of Mr. Yates declining to play, on principle, for money, I beg to propose that we play for the championship alone. Permit me also to state that I have a decided objection to the staking of fifty dollars against the medal, having been informed that its real value is no more than ten dollars; but should Mr. Yates insist that the medal must be played for I will stake the market price against the article."

This card brought out an immediate response from Yates, in which, as a postscript, he adds that Mr. Martins "has been misinformed as to the value of the medal," and offering to play for a stake; thus practically acknowledging the futility of offering an emblem as a championship prize. His declaration, dated February 16, 1877, is as follows:

"I will play where I reside a match of fifty games for the championship and a stake of from \$100 to \$500 in sixty days after signing articles. I am willing, as heretofore, to play all comers friendly off-hand games, without stake and without notice, out of business hours."

His repugnance to playing for money, which seems to have appealed to his mind as a degradation of the game, did not pass away with the medal incident, and, while yielding to the prevailing sentiment in regard to the importance of a money consideration, he reiterated his convictions in a later letter when the subject of another match with Wyllie was under consideration, thus: "I have no desire to play anybody a match simply for money; but if Mr. Wyllie wishes to *play me for the title* I am ready to defend it against him, with a stake of from \$100 to \$1,000, and I will allow him \$100 for expenses, in a match to be played in this city for the latter amount."

## CHAPTER IX.

## CONTEMPORARY OPINION.

When Wyllie was in Rochester, N. Y., in 1873, he dropped the almost unnoticed remark that young "Yats," as he called him, was the coming player.

When Yates made his Christmas week visit to Boston, in 1877, he met there, or played on the way, the best players in all New England. On his return he told Melvin Brown that Freeman, of Providence, was the best player he had met on his tour, and this in the face of the fact that he had beaten Freeman four to nothing.

When Martins was defeated he said, as previously recorded, that the opinion was forced upon him that Yates was so well posted on every move in every variation there was no hope of catching him on anything.

When J. P. Reed, a player of the very first rank, examined a game on the Cross opening, with the ins and outs of which Reed was especially familiar, that had been contested by Yates, he declared it to be the finest game ever played. He expressed amazement when he asked Yates if he had seen through the play to the end, and was told that he had.

Yates, by way of confession, told Reed that he never could analyze after the fashion of the authors, but had to have the excitement of the actual game to stimulate his brain.

In 1878 the Turf stated that Yates had never lost a blindfold game, thus leaving no room for a comparison with Broughton or other champions at this style of play.

Before the Yates-Martins match took place, the Chelsea Republic, which was regarded as having the liveliest checker column in New England, said:

"We look upon this match as being more *doubtful* than almost any that could be named."

At about the same time, on the other side of the ocean, the Paisley Gazette was remarking:

"We still hold the opinion we formerly expressed —an opinion we see no reason to change—that Mr. Martins, like his old antagonist, will fall before his youthful opponent."

The result of the Wyllie-Yates match brought these straightforward words from a Glasgow writer:

"The result has surprised everyone here. Wyllie's defeat cannot be put to his lessening skill, but rather to your young champion's greater skill. Yates seems quite able to teach us all a wrinkle on the game. His recent play with Busby, when he practically gave him the draws, and beat him, stamps him as one of the finest —indeed, I believe *the* finest player that ever lived. The veteran will, no doubt, be anxious to retrieve his laurels—if he can; but I very much doubt if he could alter this result, and believe he must give way to nature's law, that the older must by and by make room for the younger."

The Leeds Magnet, congratulating their Transatlantic cousins on their victory, observes:

"The laurels have fallen on one whose great integrity, skill, and unselfish love of the game particularly fit him to sustain with dignity the championship he has so gallantly and honorably obtained."

The Paisley Gazette of October 13, 1876, says:

"Yates played with far greater confidence than his opponent, and frequently changed the play. The result of the matches he played with Wyllie incontestably proves that he is the superior player."

The Glasgow Herald said:

"Although not yet twenty years of age, Yates plays with the coolness of a veteran, and displays as great natural genius and aptitude at the game of draughts as his equally youthful countryman, Paul Morphy, showed at the royal game a score of years ago, when he defeated with ease every European chess player he encountered."

## CHAPTER X.

# THE WRITER'S PERSONAL OPINION.

Was Yates the greatest checker player that ever lived?

I think so.

Would Yates have beaten the present champion, Richard Jordan, each at his best?

I do not think so.

Yates took no interest in the game except as a player. Gould's Book of Problems credits him with but two positions. There are others bearing his name, but he did not cultivate the art of the composer. He loved the contest. It was the man on the other side of the board that inspired him.

He was a fighter. When he defeated all aspirants for the supreme honor, he had no further use for the game, and put it aside as he would a straw hat at the end of summer.

Then he became interested in chess, and played what has been described as a "pretty stiff" game. It is doubtful, however, whether, under the most favorable circumstances, he would have become a peer of the chess masters of his time. The feature of mathematical exactness, which is the soul of checkers, is but a phase of chess. The limited range of the pieces in checkers, as contrasted with the privileges of even the minor pieces in chess, rests on the principle of the greater the power the less the accuracy, and Yates's mind was the kind that is given to long, accurate reaches rather than to the accumulation of immediate advantages. I do not think any other checker player could reach so far so continuously as Yates could.

The answer to the second question is arrived at in the same way that similar questions in other pastimes are answered, thus: the game advances by the process of evolution, and the latest champion is necessarily better equipped in the art of the warfare than an earlier wonder worker.

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# CHAPTER XI.

## THE PLAY.

All the published play between Yates and all his opponents is presented in the following pages, classified under openings. The aim was to make the collection as complete as possible, with an eye single to historical accuracy, and no attempt was made to look at it from the point of a critical reviewer. That is the function or privilege of those into whose hands this book may come.

The games were collected by means of a search of all periodicals and books on the pastime, and by a thorough overhauling of the various newspaper columns dating from the first appearance of the name of Yates. A complete set of scrap-books, embracing all the columns of importance, was carefully kept by the late A. J. Dunlap, and these files were thoroughly examined by permission of the present owner, Mr. Melvin Brown.

The labor of reducing the mass of material thus obtained to concrete form, and preparing it properly for the printer, with contemporaneous note, comment or variation of interest, was done by Mr. C. M. Potterdon.

The games are arranged alphabetically, and the name

of the player who had the black pieces is invariably given first. The games are dated, in order to make it possible to separate the youthful or less serious play from the mature or more important play.

## AYRSHIRE LASSIE.

11 15	9 13	10 26	$18 \ 23$	$31 \ 26$	7 10
$24 \ 20$	a-22 18	$31 \ 22$	$22 \ 17$	$29 \ 25$	14 7
8 11	$15 \ 22$	$1 \ 5$	$13 \ 22$	8 11	3 10
<b>26-</b> 28 24	25 9	19 10	25  18	18 14	27
<b>23</b> -48	5 14	7 14	$23 \ 26$	$26 \ 23$	10 14
<b>21-</b> 23 19	$26\ 22$	$20 \ 16$	$21 \ 17$	$28 \ 24$	7 10
<b>20</b> - 9 14	$11 \ 15$	$12 \ 19$	$26 \ 31$	$11 \ 16$	14 17
<b>4-32</b> 28	$30 \ 25$	$24 \ 15$	17 13	$24 \ 20$	$25 \ 21$
69	14 18	14 18	$2 \ 7$	16 19	$17 \ 22$
1-27 23	$23 \ 14$	$15 \ 10$	10 6	6 2	Drawn.
	Yates	v. Wylli	e, 1876.		

(a) 22-17, 13-22, 25-9, 5-14, same as Var. 1 at sixth move.

				Var. 1.			
22	17	3	7	24 19	$22 \ 26$	14 10	22 18
9	13	22	17	6 10	20 16	$22 \ 17$	7 11
<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	7	10	13 9	$26 \ 31$	11 7	59
13		<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	$18 \ 15$	$16 \ 11$	$30 \ 25$	11 7
	9		6	37	$12 \ 16$	7 2	$17 \ 21$
	14	a-17		$15 \ 24$	$17 \ 13$	$25 \ 21$	7 11
<b>26</b>		11		96	$23 \ 18$	10 15	9 14
	18	<b>20</b>	11	24 19	14 23	$23 \ 26$	62
23			18	6 2	19 26	2 7	14 17
10		<b>22</b>		10 15	10 14	26 30	2 7
	<b>23</b>		<b>26</b>	26	$26 \ 30$	15 19	17 22
	5	11	7	14 18	13 9	30 26	73
19	10	<b>26</b>		$6 \ 10$	$16 \ 19$	$19 \ 15$	$22 \ 26$
7	14	7	3	18 22	96	$17 \ 13$	3 7
	<b>25</b>		<b>27</b>	10 14	19 23	7 2	26 31
11	15	24		19 23	6 2	26 22	B. wins
	22	27		7 10	31 26	2 7	
8	11		24	15 19	2 6	21 17	
31	26	23		$21 \ 17$	$26\ 22$	$15 \ 19$	
		Y	ates	beats Wyll	ie, 1876.		

(a) 24-19, 15-24, 28-19, 11-15, 17-13, 15-24, 22-17, 24-27 23-19, 14-18, 17-14, 10-17, 21-14, 27-31, 19-15. Drawn.—A Schaefer.

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#### Var. 2.

2	6	a- 1	6	8	11	14	18	30	26	7 10
19	10	<b>2</b> 9	<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	19	10	21	17	<b>2</b> 4 19
	15	6	10	12	16	18	<b>25</b>	<b>2</b> 6	<b>22</b>	18 <b>22</b>
<b>24</b>	19	31	<b>27</b>	19	12	10	6	17	13	$19 \ 16$
15		11	15	10	14	<b>25</b>	30	22	18	W. wins
<b>2</b> 8	19	<b>27</b>	24	<b>2</b> 3	19	6	<b>2</b>	13	9	

Yates beaten by Wyllie, 1873.

(a) 11-15. Drawn. - Schuylerville Standard, April 18, 1874.

## Var. 3

<b>2</b>	6	6 10	$15 \ 19$	$24 \ 27$	$31 \ 26$	15 8
<b>21</b>		$29 \ 25$	$22 \ 18$	$15 \ 10$	$17 \ 13$	4 11
14		$19 \ 24$	$19 \ 24$	$28 \ 24$	$26 \ 22$	$27 \ 23$
<b>23</b>		$28 \ 19$	$18 \ 15$	$26 \ 23$	$18 \ 15$	$12 \ 8$
12		$10 \ 15$	$23 \ 27$	$27 \ 31$	$22 \ 18$	$23 \ 18$
19		$19 \ 10$	$16 \ 11$	$23 \ 18$	$15 \ 11$	$21 \ 17$
15		7 23	$27 \ 32$	$24 \ 27$	$18 \ 15$	W.wins
<b>24</b>		25 $22$	11 4	84	10 7	
10		$11 \ 15$	$32 \ 28$	$21 \ 25$	3 10	
(a)- 22	17	$20 \ 16$	$31 \ 26$	$30 \ 21$	84	

Yates beaten by Wyllie, 1873.

(a) Does this win? 29-25 draws.-J. D. Janvier.

## Var. 4.

22	17	<b>16</b> -6	9	10	6	26	<b>22</b>	14	9	15 18
			-		-				-	
	18	13	6	5 - 14			14	22	26	6 10
<b>19</b> -26	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	18	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>21</b>	25	9	14	$18 \ 23$
<b>18</b> - 5	9	<b>6-</b> 31	<b>26</b>	17	<b>22</b>	14	9	<b>26</b>	30	$17 \ 13$
17	13	18	<b>22</b>	6	<b>2</b>	<b>25</b>	30	14	9	$23 \ 27$
1	<b>5</b>	<b>26</b>	17	22	<b>26</b>	9	6	<b>23</b>	19	13 9
32	<b>28</b>	11	15	<b>23</b>	18	30	<b>26</b>	9	6	$27 \ 31$
, 14	17	19	10	8	11	6	<b>2</b>	30	<b>26</b>	96
<b>21</b>	14	7	<b>21</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	29	<b>25</b>	$26 \ 23$
10	17	<b>20</b>	16	<b>26</b>	31	<b>2</b>	6	19	<b>23</b>	62
<b>23</b>	14	12	19	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>23</b>	19	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	$31 \ 26$
9	18	<b>24</b>	15	31	<b>26</b>	6	9	<b>23</b>	19	7 11
<b>17</b> -25	<b>22</b>	5	9	2	6	19	<b>23</b>	<b>21</b>	17	$23 \ 18$
18	<b>25</b>	15	10	3	8	9	14	11	15	26
·30	14	9	14	6	10	8	12	10	7	Drawn.

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

#### AYRSHIRE LASSIE.

#### Var. 5.

14 1	8 23	18	<b>26</b>	31	<b>2</b>	6	$15 \ 19$	16 11		
6	2 25	30	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	3	8	73	24 28		
18 2	2 18	14	31	<b>27</b>	10	7	8 12	11 7		
27 2	3 22	<b>26</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	11	15	$20 \ 16$	Drawn.		
$21 \ 2$	5 14	10	8	11	6	10	$19 \ 24$			
Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.										

Var. 6.

11 19 7 <b>15-</b> 20	15 10 14 16 19 15	18 26	12 21 13 10	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26 27 18 17 22 10	$17 \\ 23 \\ 24 \\ 22 \\ 13 \\ 26 \\ 15 \\ 16$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 7 10 1 9 5 7 3 8 9 Drawn.				
	Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.											

Var. 7.

12	16	18	<b>23</b>	30	<b>26</b>	9	13	23	27	a-12	16
15	10	<b>24</b>	15	11	7	<b>2</b>	6	7	3	7	11
16	19	<b>23</b>	30	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	3	8	8	12	16	20
<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	15	11	7	<b>2</b>	·10	7	3	7	W. w	ins

## Yates beaten by Wyllie, 1876.

(a) 14-18, 7-11, 18-23, 6-10, 23-26, 10-15, 26-31, 15-18, 31-26. Drawn.—*R. Frazer.* 

### Var. 8.

<b>10-</b> 8 11 15 8 3 12 <b>9-</b> 26 22 18 23 27 18 14 23 22 18	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 26 & 23 \\ 18 & 15 \\ 23 & 18 \\ 15 & 11 \\ 18 & 14 \\ 9 & 5 \\ 14 & 10 \\ 11 & 8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23 27 24 20 27 23 20 16 Drawn.
		TTT 11.	10-0		

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

# R. D. YATES, CHECKER PLAYER.

				• • a							
<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>23</b>	18	7	<b>2</b>	14	9	<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>
14	17	14	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	18	15	11	23	<b>26</b>	15	19
a-25	<b>21</b>	21	14	<b>2</b>	6	9	14	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>22</b>	31
9	14	<b>25</b>	30	18	15	12	16	11	15	19	12
<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	14	10	6	9	14	18	20	16	B. wi	ns.
18	<b>22</b>	30	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>27</b>	16	19	<b>32</b>	<b>27</b>		
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	10	7	9	14	18	<b>22</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>		
22	<b>25</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	27	<b>32</b>	19	<b>23</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>		
		37		1	177.	.77	0 70				

Yates beats Wyllie, 1876.

(a) 24-19 at this point will draw. This was called to my attention by Ben Coons.—C. M. P.

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		Var. 10	•						
9 13	$21 \ 30$	11 16	$17 \ 21$	$30 \ 25$	$25 \ 22$				
15 10	14 9	$2 \ 7$	6 2	$11 \ 15$	$11 \ 15$				
14 17	30 26	$16 \ 20$	$21 \ 25$	$25 \ 22$	Drawn.				
26 23	96	7 11	2 6	$10 \ 14$					
$17 \ 21$	8 11	$13 \ 17$	$25 \ 30$	$22 \ 25$					
$23 \ 14$	6 2	10 6	6 10	$15 \ 11$					
Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.									

					Va	r. 1	1.				
	12-8	12	<b>27</b>	23	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	1	6	18	14	$28 \ 24$
	15	10	18	<b>27</b>	10	6	3	8	<b>2</b>	7	15 6
: 5	14	17	31	<b>24</b>	<b>23</b>	18	10	7	14	18	$24 \ 15$
. *	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	25	30	14	10	8	11	7	16	$17 \ 22$
	17	<b>22</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	5	9	7	<b>2</b>	12	19	16 11
	<b>21</b>	17	30	<b>26</b>	6	1	13	17	20	16	$22 \ 26$
86.	<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>	17	14	9	13	6	10	18	15	Drawn.
			3	ates	s v. V	Vyll	ie, 18	76.			

#### Var. 12.

b-14	1714	-30	<b>26</b>	a-15	18	8	12	$26 \ 22$	20 24
31	<b>26</b>	15	10	14	10	7	3	$11 \ 15$	15 18
17	<b>21</b>	8	111	l <b>3-</b> 18	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>		$22\ 15$
<b>26</b>	23	10	6	<b>2</b>	6	3	8	$27 \ 24$	Drawn.
<b>21</b>	30	11	15	3	8	25	30	$16 \ 20$	
23	14	6	<b>2</b>	10	7	8	11	$24 \ 19$	
			V~~+-		1711	10	70		

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

(a) 26-22, 14-10, 15-19, 27-24, 19-23, 24-20, 22-18, 2-6, 3-8, 20-16, 8-12, 16-11, 18-15, 11-7, 5-9, 6-13, 15-6, 7-2, 6-10. Drawn.—Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

(b) 8-11, 15-8, 3-12, 31-26, 5-9, 26-22, same as Var. 8 at fourth move.

## AYRSHIRE LASSIE.

					-
$egin{array}{cccc} 5 & 9 \ 27 & 24 \ 18 & 23 \ 2 & 6 \ 9 & 13 \ 24 & 20 \end{array}$		Var. 13 26 23 16 11 13 17 11 7 17 21 7 2 2s v. Wyll	$\begin{array}{cccc} 21 & 25 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 25 & 30 \\ 10 & 6 \\ 30 & 26 \\ 9 & 14 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 8 2 7 31 27 7 3 8 12 Drawn.
$\begin{array}{cccc} 8 & 11 \\ 15 & 8 \\ 3 & 12 \\ 14 & 10 \\ 30 & 26 \end{array}$	10 6 5 9 6 2 9 14 2 7 <i>Yates</i>	Var. 14 14 18 7 11 26 22 11 15 12 16 v. Wyllia	$\begin{array}{cccc} 27 & 24 \\ 16 & 20 \\ 24 & 19 \\ 20 & 24 \\ 19 & 16 \end{array}$	24 27 28 24 27 31 15 10 31 27	24 20 Drawn.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	31 27 22 26 20 16 25 22 10 6 22 18 6 2 26 30 2 6 30 26 30 26 16 11 8 15 <i>Yates</i>	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 2 \\ 15 & 19 \\ 6 & 10 \\ 26 & 23 \\ 10 & 15 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccc} 27 & 18 \\ 19 & 23 \\ 28 & 24 \\ 23 & 26 \\ 24 & 19 \\ 26 & 31 \\ 19 & 15 \\ 11 & 8 \\ 18 & 14 \\ 31 & 26 \\ 15 & 10 \\ 26 & 23 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6 10 14 7 3 10 17 21 10 14 12 16 2 7 11 2 Drawn.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17 22 19 15 12 16 15 11 16 20 10 7 32 27 31 24 20 27 7 3 <i>Yates</i>	Q /	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22 26 8 3 26 30 15 11 17 14 Drawn.

		Var. 17	•		
$19 \ 15$	$20 \ 11$	$28 \ 19$	14 17	$22 \ 18$	14 17
$17 \ 21$	7 16	$16\ 23$	$31 \ 27$	28 24	23 19
$31 \ 26$	$24 \ 20$	6 10	$17 \ 22$	$18 \ 15$	$15 \ 10$
59	37	$12 \ 16$	$27 \ 24$	$24 \ 27$	$24 \ 20$
$27 \ 23$	$20 \ 11$	95	13 9	$15 \ 11$	$29 \ 25$
$18 \ 27$	7 16	$16 \ 20$	$23 \ 27$	$27 \ 24$	$19 \ 16$
$26 \ 23$	51	$5 \ 1$	95	$10 \ 15$	$17 \ 14$
11 18	6 10	$20 \ 24$	$27 \ 31$	$31 \ 27$	16 7
$23 \ 5$	$13 \ 9$	$1 \ 5$	$5 \ 1$	9 14	10 3
$27 \ 31$	$10 \ 15$	$24 \ 28$	$24 \ 20$	$27 \ 23$	$20 \ 16$
$25 \ 22$	$17 \ 13$	$5 \ 9$	$1 \ 5$	$15 \ 18$	$25 \ 22$
8 11	$15 \ 19$	$28 \ 32$	$20 \ 16$	$23 \ 27$	$16 \ 11$
$22 \ 17$	16	9 14	$5 \ 9$	$18 \ 15$	<b>14 10</b>
$11 \ 16$	19 24	$32\ 28$	$16\ 12$	$27 \ 23$	Drawn.

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

				Va	r. 1	8.				
11	15	17	13	7	14	<b>23</b>	14	18	<b>23</b>	$20 \ 16$
25	<b>22</b>	14	18	31	<b>22</b>	9	18	32	<b>28</b>	12 19
18	<b>25</b>	13	6	11	15	17	14	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	24 6
29	<b>22</b>	<b>2</b>	9	27	<b>23</b>	6	10	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	$26 \ 31$
8	11	<b>23</b>	14	1	6	14	ł 7	5	9	Drawn.
30	<b>25</b>	10	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	17		10	<b>22</b>	18	
6	9	19	10	14	18	<b>21</b>	17	15	<b>22</b>	
	Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.									

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#### AYRSHIRE LASSIE.

				Va	r. 19	9.						
17	13	<b>24</b>	19	10				15	9	6	31	26
11	15	15	<b>24</b>	32	<b>28</b>		<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>25</b>	29
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>28</b>	19	14	18		<b>2</b>	7	6	10	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>
8	11	13	17	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>		30	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	30	<b>25</b>
31	<b>26</b>	8	4	15	19		7	10	<b>21</b>	17	<b>23</b>	18
6	9	17	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>31</b>		<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>	30
13	6	4	8	18	<b>23</b>		10	14	17	14	14	10
<b>2</b>	9	22	<b>26</b>	<b>28</b>	32		<b>22</b>	17	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	30	
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	19	15	19				10	15	18	10	15
1	6	26	30	31	<b>27</b>		17	22	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	25	30
<b>22</b>	17	15	10	15	18		14	9	10	15	15	19
b–18	<b>22</b>	30	<b>26</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>31</b>			<b>26</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>25</b>	30	<b>25</b>
<b>25</b>	18	<b>29</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>23</b>	19		10	15	15	19	<b>20</b>	16
15	22	26	30	32	<b>27</b>		<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	22	<b>25</b>	30
<b>23</b>	18	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	18	<b>22</b>		9	6	18	15	16	11
14	<b>23</b>	30	<b>26</b>	<b>27</b>	32			<b>26</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	30	<b>25</b>
27	18	10	6	<b>21</b>	17		<b>21</b>		19	<b>23</b>	11	8
9	13	26	<b>22</b>	31	<b>27</b>			30	<b>22</b>	17	<b>25</b>	
17	14	6	<b>2</b>	17	14		25		15	10	8	4
10	17	12	16	32	<b>28</b>		30	<b>26</b>	17	<b>22</b>	30	
21	14	<b>2</b>	11	19	15		6	10	14	9		8
6	10		12		<b>23</b>		<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	25		30
30	<b>25</b>	14	10	15	10		10	-7	10	15	8	11
10	17	16	19		<b>24</b>		<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	a-13			
<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	11	15	14			7	11	9	14	18	15
22	<b>26</b>	19	<b>24</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>		<b>26</b>	30	17	<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>	
<b>21</b>	14	10	6	9			11	7	23	<b>27</b>	15	
<b>26</b>	30	<b>24</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>31</b>		30	<b>26</b>		30	<b>21</b>	25
19	15	6	<b>2</b>	6	<b>2</b>		7	<b>2</b>	27	31	19	
30	<b>26</b>	5	9	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>		<b>26</b>	30	30	<b>26</b>	<b>25</b>	
15	8	<b>2</b>	6	22	<b>25</b>		<b>2</b>	6	15	19	15	
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	9	13	<b>26</b>	30		30	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	30	W. v	vins.
<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	6	10	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>		6	9	19	<b>23</b>		
<b>22</b>	15	<b>28</b>	<b>32</b>	31	<b>26</b>		<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>		
		77	-	1	1.	. п	71		1079			

Yates beaten by Wyllie, 1873.

(a) Fatal. Wyllie has been playing all these moves with the evident expectation of Yates making this move.—Turf Game, 980.

(b) Same as Old Fourteenth, Var. 74, in American Draught Player.

12 16	17	13	7	16	23	16	<b>27</b>	24	<b>22</b>	17
19 12	9	14 2	7	24	32	<b>27</b>	19	15	<b>2</b>	7
15 18	29	25 2	0	27	31	<b>24</b>	5	9	17	10
$22 \ 15$	8	11 3	$2^{2}$	<b>23</b>	20	27	13	6	7	14
10 28	a-26	23 1	6	20	16	11	1	19	8	4
$25 \ 22$	15	18 2	4	19	27	31	$2\overline{5}$	22	16	11
11 15	30	26 2	8	32	26	23	24	20	B. w	ins.
22 17	11	16 1	9	15	31	27	11	8		
6 10	20	11 1	0	19	$\overline{23}$	19	$\overline{20}$	16		

Var. 20.

J. Dempster, Jr., beats Yates, 1875.

Var. 21.

(a) 25-22. Drawn.—Wyllie v. Malcolm.

$\begin{array}{c}\textbf{22-}22\\15\end{array}$	$\frac{18}{22}$		$\begin{array}{c} 25\\ 22 \end{array}$		$\frac{26}{5}$		13 9		16 19	$\begin{array}{ccc} 19&23\ 3&7 \end{array}$
25	18	5	14	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	5	14	20	16	14 17
10	15	22	18	3	7	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>22</b>	25	$21 \ 14$
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	6	9	32	<b>28</b>	13	<b>22</b>	16	11	$23 \ 26$
15	19	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	11	16	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>29</b>	$31 \ 22$
<b>24</b>	15	7	10	20	11	10	15	10	7	25 9
9	14	<b>24</b>	19	7	16	19	10	29	25	Drawn.
18	9	8	11	<b>22</b>	17	16	19	7	3	•
		т	<b>7</b> ,	т	77 77		-			

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

Var. 2	22.
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Yates beats Wyllie, 1876.

(a) Of course 31-27 wins, but the above is shorter and prettier.—Boys of the World, Game 76.

(b) 14-18 has been given as the play at this point, but the above is the way it was played up.—Boys of the World, Game 76.

(c) In his previous games with Yates on this opening, Wyllie usually played 23-19. We suppose he played this for a change, and with dire result.—*Turf, Game* 1187.

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				Vai	r. 23.						
<b>24-</b> 3	8	8	12	9	13	<b>26</b>	23	13	17	4	8
23	19	<b>27</b>	23	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	18	14	10	6	10	14
a- 9	14	12	19	14	17	23	18	11	7	8	11
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>23</b>	16	<b>21</b>	14	14	10	6	<b>2</b>	14	18
5	9	15	18	10	17	18	14	7	3	11	16
<b>22</b>	17	16	12	16	11	11	7	<b>2</b>	7	18	<b>23</b>
1	5	18	<b>23</b>	7	16	14	18	3	10	16	<b>20</b>
30	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	19	20	11	7	<b>2</b>	9	14	23	<b>27</b>
9	13	11	16	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	18	15	10	7	3	7
<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>20</b>	11	31	22	<b>2</b>	6	14	21	12	8
13	<b>22</b>	7	<b>23</b>	17	<b>26</b>	15	11	7	3	7	3
<b>25</b>	9	<b>24</b>	19	<b>29</b>	25	6	1	<b>21</b>	17	8	4
5	14	6	9	<b>26</b>	30	11	15	3	7	3	7
19	16	19	16	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	1	6	17	14	4	8
12	19	<b>2</b>	7	30	<b>26</b>	15	11	7	3	Dra	wn.
23	16	<b>28</b>	24	<b>22</b>	18	6	9	14	10		
		- <b>T</b>	7 .	т	17. 11.	10	=0				

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

(a) 15-18, 22-15, 11-18, 32-28, 7-11, 26-23, 10-15, 19-10,
6-15, 23-14, 9-18, 21-17, 1-6, 17-14, 2-7, 24-19, 15-24, 28-19,
18-22, 25-18, 6-10, 29-25, 10-17, 18-14, 17-21, 27-24, W. wins. *—Waldie beaten by Yates (blindfold)*, 1877.

				Vai	:. 2	4.				
<b>25</b> - 9	13	<i>a</i> - 4	8	9	13	12	16	31	<b>24</b>	11 16
<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	19	18	9	19	3	21	14	$20 \ 11$
5	9	15	<b>24</b>	13	<b>22</b>	13	17	1	6	$24 \ 19$
23	18	<b>28</b>	19	25	18	<b>21</b>	14	14	10	B. wins.
10	14	3	7	6	13	10	17	6	15	
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	17	<b>29</b>	25	3	10	23	19	
.7	10	13	<b>22</b>	<b>2</b>	6	6	31	15	18	
30	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	17	31	<b>26</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	19	15	
Yates beats S. T Allen, 1874.										

(a) 3-8, 22-17, 15-22, 25-18, 13-22, 26-17, 16-11, B. wins. -A. J. Dunlap, Chelsea Public, Game 173.

a-17 1 23 15 26	17 9 13 6 19 18 23	8 25 18 29 14 23 9 21	$     \begin{array}{c}       25 \\       22 \\       18 \\       14 \\       25     \end{array} $	23 26 32 30 18 12	26 18 30 28 26 14 16 12	17 18 27 22		20 18 12 23	23 8 26 3 30	3 7 16 19 7 10 19 23 10 15 21 17 30 25 B. wins.
1	6	14	18	30	<b>26</b>	22	15	23	<b>26</b>	$10 \ 15$
<b>23</b>	19	<b>23</b>	14	18	14	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	8	3	$21 \ 17$
15	18	9	<b>25</b>	12	16	10	14	<b>26</b>	30	30 25
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	21	17	19	12	20	16	11	7	B. wins.
3	8	15	18	6	9	15	10	4	8	
31	<b>26</b>	30	<b>21</b>	13	6	<b>24</b>	20	3	12	
11	16	18	<b>22</b>	<b>2</b>	18	14	18	10	3	
20	11	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	16	11	12	16	
			-	. ~	-					

Var. 25.

Yates beats C. Freeman, 1877.

(a) 23-19 is stronger.—Providence Sunday Dispatch, Game 160.

(b) 10-14, 22-17, 14-18, 23-14, 9-18, 26-23, 6-9, 23-14, 9-18, 17-14, 4-8, 21-17, 12-16, 32-28, 16-19, 25-22, 18-25, 29-22, 1-6, 31-26, 6-9. B. wins.—Yates beats S. T. Allen, 1877,

Var. 26.

<b>27-</b> 22 15 25 10 26 <i>b</i> -15 23	22 18 15 22 19	$27 \\ 11 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 32$	$14\\24\\15\\16\\8\\27\\11$	9 30 14 31 10	24 13 26 18 27 14 23	27	4 27 8 23 11	13 20 26		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
		-								$25 \ 22$
12			12		<b>26</b>	11		18	15	$17 \ 14$
29		6	9		19	30		11	8	a-16
•	14	<b>24</b>		15		16		<b>2</b>	7	B.wins.
18	9	7	10	22	8	18	15	8	4	

Yates (blindfold) beats J. Dempster Jr., 1873.

(a) This appears to be his first published blindfold game.—C. M. P.

(b) 15-19 is strong for Black.—W. Reid, St. Clair Republican, Aug. 1, 1871. The balance of the play is evidently original.—C. M. P.

### Var. 27.

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{28-22} & \textbf{17} \\ \textbf{4} & \textbf{8} \\ \textbf{17} & \textbf{13} \\ \textbf{15} & \textbf{19} \\ \textbf{23} & \textbf{16} \\ \textbf{12} & \textbf{19} \\ \textbf{25} & \textbf{22} \\ \textbf{9} & \textbf{14} \\ \textbf{22} & \textbf{17} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 6 & 9 \\ 13 & 6 \\ 2 & 27 \\ 31 & 24 \\ 5 & 9 \\ 24 & 20 \\ 9 & 14 \\ 20 & 16 \\ 14 & 18 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16 & 12 \\ 18 & 22 \\ 25 & 18 \\ 15 & 22 \\ 11 & 8 \\ 1 & 6 \\ 8 & 4 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 4 & 8 \end{array}$	9 13 8 11 13 17 11 15 17 21 15 18 22 25 18 22 Drawn.
$22\ 17$	15 24	21 14	14 18	48	Drawn.

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

(a) 10-15. B. wins-Robertson, McCall and Reay.

				Va	r. 2	8.				
<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	15	<b>22</b>	18	14	22	26	<b>21</b>	14	$32 \ 28$
4	8	25	9	7	10	25	<b>21</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	$20 \ 16$
23	19	1	5	14	7	<b>26</b>	30	a-18	15	7 11
c- 9	13	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	3	10	29	<b>25</b>	11	18	16 7
32	<b>27</b>	5	14	b-23	18	13	17	19	15	$12 \ 16$
5	9	22	18	17	<b>22</b>	<b>21</b>	14	23	<b>32</b>	<b>19 3</b>
27	<b>23</b>	14	17	30	<b>25</b>	10	17	<b>24</b>	19	$28 \ 17$
9	14	21	14	2	7	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	18	<b>22</b>	B. wins.
22	18	10	17	31	27	30	<b>26</b>	28	<b>24</b>	

Yates beats French, 1879.

(a) 14-10 would probably draw.—Echo.

(b) 29-25 would have won.—Echo.

(c) 9-14, 22-17, 5-9, 32-27, etc. Drawn.—A. Schaefer.

## BRISTOL.

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11 <b>12-24</b>		$\frac{4}{23}$	8 16		16 11		17 14	-	10 7	$\begin{array}{c} 14 \hspace{0.1cm} 17 \\ 24 \hspace{0.1cm} 20 \end{array}$
16			$\tilde{12}$		$\overline{16}$	10	17	10	14	18 14
23	16	1-31	27	22	18	23	18	7	11	19 15
12	19	12	19	6	9	16	<b>20</b>	31	<b>27</b>	14 18
22	18	<b>27</b>			<b>25</b>		14		16	16 11
5-9	14	3	8	<b>2</b>	•		24		<b>23</b>	$17 \ 22$
18			16		15		9	<b>26</b>		11 16
5		•	12	-	13		<b>27</b>		<b>26</b>	18 11
25			<b>27</b>		6	9	6		<b>23</b>	16 7
<b>4-</b> 8		12			10	<b>27</b>		27		Drawn.
<b>2-27</b> 3	<b>23</b>	<b>27</b>			<b>22</b>	6		28	<b>24</b>	
		Y	ates	v. W	ylli	e, 187	6.			

#### Var. 1.

e-32	27	23	18	17	14	1	6	30 23	15 10
12	19	6	10	10	17	9	13	$19 \ 26$	$25 \ 30$
<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	18	11	<b>22</b>	13	<b>26</b>	22	14 18	$27 \ 23$
b-11	16	a-10	15	3	7	15		$16 \ 19$	$26 \ 22$
<b>20</b>	11	<b>22</b>	17		9	22		$18 \ 23$	19 15
7	16	1	6	7	16	13		$26 \ 30$	W. wins.
29	<b>25</b>		<b>22</b>	9	5		10	$23 \ 16$	
10	15		<b>20</b>	<b>2</b>	•	17		$30 \ 26$	
<b>21</b>	17	31	<b>27</b>	-	1	10		16 19	
14	<b>21</b>	6	10	6	9	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	21 $25$	
	M	elvin	Brow	vn be	aten	by Y	ates	, 1875.	

(a) 10-14 is played to a draw by L. Bradley.

(b) 3-8, 23-16, 8-12, 22-18, 12-19, 18-9, 6-13, 31-27, 10-14-c, 29-25, 1-6, 25-22, 6-10, 27-23, 11-16, 20-11, 7-16, 22-18.
W. wins.—Melvin Brown beaten by Yates, 1875.

(c) 11-15, 27-24-d, 10-14, 26-23, 19-26, 30-23, 15-18, 23-19. Drawn.—R. E. Bowen.

(d) 20-16, 7-11, 16 7, 2-11, 27-24, 10-14, 26-22, 19-23, Drawn.—H. D. Lyman.

(e) 22-17, 12-19, 29-25, 3-8-f, 32-27, 11-15, 20-16, 7-11, 16-7, 2-11, 27-24, 8-12, 25-22, 1-5, 17-13, 11-16, 22-17, 16-20, 26-23, 20-27, 31-24, 19-26, 30-23, W. wins.—R. E. Bowen beaten by Yates, 1877.

(f) 11-15 is the draw move given in Robertson's Guide.

			۷٤	ar. 2				
$22 \ 17$	20	16	30	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	23	$24 \ 20$	37
48	15	18	d- 7	10	5	9	$26 \ 31$	$28 \ 32$
3-27 23	17	13	c-28				$27 \ 24$	
8 12	10	15	<b>2</b>	7	14	30	$18 \ 22$	W. wins.
$23 \ 16$	29	25	23	19	<b>23</b>	<b>5</b>	$1 \ 5$	
$12 \ 19$	1	5	3	8	15	18	$10 \ 15$	
$32 \ 27$	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	31	<b>26</b>	5	1	19 3	
$11 \ 15$	19	<b>26</b>	b- 8	12	30	<b>26</b>	$12\ 28$	
		*			77 .	/7 7 .	7 . 7 7	1055

J. Dempster, Jr., beaten by Yates (blindfold), 1875.

(a) A splendid finish.—Turf, Game 1066.

(b) When this move called, Mr. Yates understood it 8-11 and played 26-22.—Turf, Game 1066.

(c) 16-11. W. wins.—Robertson's Guide.

(d) 6-9 or 14-17 draws.—Robertson's Guide.

Var. 3.

$\begin{array}{ccc} 29 & 25 \\ 11 & 15 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 9 \\ 28 & 19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 16 & 11 \\ 7 & 16 & a\!-\!1 \end{array}$	59 915	$\begin{array}{ccc} 30 & 26 \\ 22 & 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc}18&23\\10&6\end{array}$
<b>x x x v</b>	<sup>20</sup> 13		0 19	26 22	
$27 \ 23$	9 13	20 11 1	0 19	40 44	29
$19 \ 24$	$25 \ 22$	$1 \ 5 \ 1$	$7 \ 10$	$25 \ 29$	$13 \ 6$
$28 \ 19$	8 11	$22\ 18$	9 14	$22\ 17$	$29 \ 25$
$15 \ 24$	$19 \ 16$	$15 \ 22 \ 2$	$6\ 17$	$14 \ 18$	B. wins.
$32\ 28$	$11 \ 15$	$23 \ 19 \ 1$	$3 \ 22$	$17 \ 13$	
	Vates bee	to M C Pr	inat 19	276	

Yates beats M. C. Priest, 1876.

(a) 19-16, 22-25, 16-12, 13-22, 26-17, 9-13, 30-26, 13-22, 26-17, 25-30, 17-13, 30-25. Drawn.—McFarlane. Var 4

				14					
8	12	29	<b>25</b>	3	7	$24 \ 19$	6	10	$31 \ 22$
22	17	8	11	13	6	$15 \ 24$	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	$28 \ 32$
7	11	28	<b>24</b>	<b>2</b>	9	$22 \ 15$	19	23	$24 \ 20$
<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	11	15	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	$10 \ 19$	<b>26</b>	19	$32 \ 27$
4	8	32	<b>27</b>	1	6	$20 \ 16$	<b>14</b>	17	$22 \ 18$
<b>24</b>	15	6	9	30	<b>26</b>	$24 \ 28$	21	14	$27 \ 24$
11	18	17	13	9	13	$25 \ 22$	10	<b>26</b>	B. wins.
		Y	7 ates	beats	Wy	llie, 1876.			

### Var. 5.

29 10			23 18 23 19 11	32 9 25 6	27 23 14 22 10	$22 \\ 5 \\ 17 \\ 10$		23 b-14 21 10	19 17 14 17	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
			~ ~							
10			11 26	-	10 26		15 6		17	11 15 14 7
11			18	8		-	10	a-18		_3 10
22	15	26	23	19	16	28	24	26	23	Drawn.

Yates (blindfold) v. Geo. B. Allen, 1875.

(a) 11-15, 19-10, 7-14, etc. B. wins, same as shown in (b). --C. M. P.

(b) After the game Yates pointed out that he should have won: 11-15, 16-12, 14-17, 21-14, 10-17, 19-10, 7-14, 20-16, 17-21, 16-11, 14-17, 11-8, 21-25, 8-4, 25-30. B. wins.—*Turf, Game* 1119.

31	27	32	23	30	<b>25</b>	
9	13	10	19	7	10	
<b>22</b>	18	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	
1	5	7-2	7	10	15	
10	•	0.0	10	10	11	

Var. 6.

7	16		1	5	7-2	7	10	15	15	19	$22 \ 26$
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>		18	9	22	18	16	11	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	$21 \ 17$
4	8		5	14	6	9	12	16	<b>25</b>	30	$25 \ 22$
9-18	15	8	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	18	15	11	7	7	10	$17 \ 13$
9	14		16	<b>20</b>	8	11	16	<b>20</b>	9	14	20 24
29	<b>25</b>		<b>23</b>	16	15	8	23	16	10	17	Drawn.
5	9		20	27	3	12	14	18	30	<b>25</b>	
				77. 7		77	. 10	70			

 $\begin{smallmatrix}7&2\\18&25\\2&7\end{smallmatrix}$ 

22 18 13 22

18 15

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

		Var. 7.			
$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 12 \\ 22 & 18 \\ 14 & 17 \\ 21 & 14 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 10 \\ 14 & 7 \\ 2 & 20 \\ 23 & 16 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 12 & 19 \\ 26 & 23 \\ 19 & 26 \\ 30 & 23 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 17 \\ 18 & 15 \\ 17 & 22 \\ 15 & 11 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 22 & 26 \\ 23 & 18 \\ 26 & 31 \\ 18 & 15 \end{array}$	31 26 15 10 26 23 Drawn.
	Wylli	e v. Vate	s, 1876.		

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27 23

20 11

10-11 16

BRISTOL.

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		Var. 8.			
28 24	8 11	5 1	$\begin{array}{c}13&17\\22&13\end{array}$	$\frac{18}{27} \ \frac{22}{31}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 7 & 11 \ 2 & 6 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ccc} 19 & 28 \\ 23 & 19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 22 \\ 11 & 15 \end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}9&14\\1&5\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 13 \\ 14 & 18 \end{array}$	13 9	$30^{2} 26^{-1}$
16 23	26 23	$\frac{1}{2}$ 7	9 14	23 26	6 10
27 9	19 26	$23 \ 19$	18 23	96	26 17
10 19	30 23	15 24	$\begin{array}{ccc} 14 & 18 \\ 24 & 27 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 30 \\ 6 & 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 21 & 14 \\ 31 & 26 \end{array}$
95	6 9 Wallia	59 boats Vat	24 21 es, 1873.		B. wins.
	W yille		<i>cs</i> , 1070.		
		Var. 9.			
29 25	28 19	$\begin{array}{ccc}11&8\\23&18\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 7 \\ 31 & 27 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 11 & 20 \\ 17 & 22 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc}18&23\\&5&9\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 11 \\ 31 & 27 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 16 & 20 \\ 19 & 15 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 18 \\ 15 & 11 \end{array}$	$\frac{31}{7}$	$\frac{17}{7}$ $\frac{22}{2}$	24 27
10 15	$   \frac{10}{20}   \frac{10}{24} $	9 13	27 23	$22 \ 29$	9 14
$27 \ 24$	$15 \ 11$	84	48	29	27 31
6 10	$24 \ 27$	$12 \ 16$	6 10	29 25	25 30
$\begin{array}{ccc} 32 & 27 \\ 10 & 14 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 7 \\ 27 & 31 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 7 \\ 16 & 19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}8&12\\10&14\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 30 & 26 \\ 25 & 30 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 27 \\ 30 & 26 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c} 10 \hspace{0.1cm} 14 \\ 22 \hspace{0.1cm} 17 \end{array}$	7 3	10 19	$10 14 \\ 12 16$	$25 \ 30 \ 26 \ 22$	$   \begin{array}{c}     30 & 20 \\     27 & 32   \end{array} $
$15 \ 31$	$\frac{1}{2}$ 6	19 23	13 17	$18 \ 25$	$26 \ 23$
24 8	$23 \ 18$	7 11	3 7	9 18	31 27
$\frac{3}{12}$	$31 \ 27$	23 27	1 6	30 26	23 19
$\begin{array}{c} 17 \hspace{0.1cm} 10 \\ 31 \hspace{0.1cm} 24 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 18 \ 15 \\ 27 \ 23 \end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}8&3\\27&31\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 16 & 19 \\ 23 & 16 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 24 \\ 26 & 22 \end{array}$	27 31 Drawn.
01 24		ie v. Yate			214.14
		Var 1	^		
	91 077	Var. 1		14 9	26
$\begin{smallmatrix}&4&8\\&23&16\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 31 \hspace{0.1cm} 27 \\ 10 \hspace{0.1cm} 15 \end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}1&5\\22&17\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 24 & 20 \\ 9 & 13 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 14 & 9 \\ 6 & 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}2&6\\27&31\end{smallmatrix}$
	$   \frac{10}{27}   \frac{10}{23} $		17 14	$18 \ 2\overline{3}$	15 11
32 27	20 24	17 10	$31 \ 26$	16 11	14 9
12 19	23 16	31 22	14 10	23 26	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 2 \\ 12 & 17 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ccc} 27 & 23 \\ 11 & 16 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 24 & 27 \\ 16 & 12 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 18 \\ 7 & 23 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 22 \\ 10 & 6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 11 & 8 \\ 26 & 31 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 17 \\ 11 & 15 \end{array}$
20 11	$   \frac{10}{27} \frac{12}{31} $	4 8	5 9	84	9 14
7 16	$30 \ 25$	$23 \ 26$	20 16	30 26	$15 \ 11$
18 15	31 27	8 11	9 14	4 8	14 10
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} 20 \\ 23 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 11 & 8 \\ 15 & 19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 31 \\ 11 & 15 \end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}&6&2\\22&17\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}26&23\\&8&11\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 29 & 25 \\ 26 & 23 \end{array}$
10 19		11 15 19 23	15 19	$23 \ 27$	$\begin{array}{c} 20 & 23 \\ 25 & 21 \end{array}$
$   \frac{10}{25}   \frac{10}{22} $	2 7	$21 \ 17$	14 18	$24 \ 28$	$17 \ 22$
9 14	4 8	$23 \ 26$	19 24	$31 \ 26$	11 7
$\begin{array}{c}16&11\\6&10\end{array}$	5984	$\begin{array}{ccc} 28 & 24 \\ 26 & 30 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 17&14\ 2&6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}11&15\\9&14\end{array}$	10 14 Drawn.
0 10	0 <del>4</del>	20 30	<b>4</b> 0	9 14	Diawii.

Yates v. A. O. Robinson, 1878.

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$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 5 & 9 \\ 18 & 15 \\ 9 & 14 \\ 15 & 11 \\ 6 & 10 \\ 28 & 24 \\ 14 & 18 \\ 24 & 20 \\ 18 & 22 \\ 11 & 7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$18 23 \\ 25 22 \\ 23 26 \\ 22 18 \\ 27 24 \\ 18 14 \\ 4 8 \\ 14 10 \\ 8 12 \\ 10 6$	$\begin{array}{ccccc} 6 & 2 \\ 31 & 27 \\ 2 & 6 \\ 27 & 23 \\ 6 & 10 \\ 24 & 28 \\ 10 & 14 \\ 13 & 17 \\ 15 & 19 \\ Drawp$
$\begin{array}{c} 10 & 19 \\ 16 & 12 \\ a - 19 & 23 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 25 & 18 \\ 1 & 6 \\ 20 & 16 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{cccc} 18 & 22 \ 11 & 7 \ 2 & 11 \ \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 6 & 10 \ 31 & 27 \ 10 & 15 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 8 & 12 \ 10 & 6 \ 26 & 31 \ \end{array}$	15 19 Drawn.

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

(a) 19-24, 28-19, 3-7, 12-3, 9-13, 3-10, 6-31, 20-16, 31-22, 25-18, 1-6, 18-15, 5-9, 29-25, 9-14, 16-11, 6-9, 15-10, 14-18, 30-26, 9-14, 26-22, 18-23, 22-18, 23-26, 18-9, 26-30, 9-5, 13-17, 21-14, 30-21, 5-1, 21-17, 1-5, 17-13, 10-7, 13-9. Drawn.—
W. R. Barker v. W. C. Parrow—but continue, 14-10-b, 9-14, 11-8, and White surely wins.—R. D. Yates, Turf, March 23, 1877.

(b) 7-3, 9-18, 5-9, also wins for White.-C. M. P.

(c) 7-10, 25-22, 14-18, 29-25, 9-14, 20-16, 2-7, 16-12, 5-9, 15-11, 8-15, 21-17, 14-21, 26-23, 19-26, 30-5, 21-30, 31-26, 30-23, 27-2. W. wins.—Scoville beaten by Yates, 1875.

		·	•		
<b>18-22</b> 18	7 10	$25 \ 22$	15 18	84	17 22
<b>15-16</b> 19	17 14 ~	8 11	$28 \ 24$	$29 \ 25$	11 16
$23 \ 16$	10 17	$31 \ 27$	$18 \ 22$	48	$22 \ 17$
$12 \ 19$	$22\ 13$	7 10	$24 \ 19$	$25 \ 22$	$16 \ 19$
$24 \ 15$	9 14	$22 \ 18$	14 17	8 11	$17 \ 22$
10 19	18 9	$14 \ 23$	$19 \ 16$	$22\ 17$	$19 \ 16$
$25 \ 22$	5 14	$26 \ 19$	$17 \ 21$	$11 \ 16$	$22 \ 17$
<b>13</b> - 8 11	$27 \ 23$	10 14	$16 \ 12$	$17 \ 14$	Drawn
$29 \ 25$	2 7	$19 \ 16$	$22 \ 25$	27 23	
4 8	$23 \ 16$	11 15	11 8	14 17	
$21 \ 17$	11 20	$16 \ 11$	$25 \ 29$	$16 \ 11$	
	Mandia		1077		

Var. 12.

Martins v. Yates, 1877.

BRISTOL.

#### Var. 13.

J. Dempster, Jr. v. Yates, 1876.

(a) 27-23, 15-18, 13-9, 6-22, 26-17, 19-26, 31-6. W. wins.--F. Dunne.

(b) 7-11, 27-23-c, 19-24, 28-19, 15-24, 26-22, 11-15, 22-18, 15-22, 23-19, 14-18, 17-14. Drawn.—F. Dunne.

(c) If 27-24, then B. wins.—James Smith.

#### Var. 14.

29	10 25 11	$\overline{2}$	$13 \\ 6 \\ 27$		14 17		$15 \\ 18 \\ 22$		7 22	26	$2 \\ 23 \\ 15$
	23 8	11 a-27	15		19 11	18 30	$25_{7}$		10 26	1	5 6
-	0 16		23 24		14		10		20 9	23	
	20		19		28	-	6		30	15	
	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 11 \end{array}$		24 18	14 6	9 10	10 6	$\frac{15}{2}$	9 30	6 26	W. w	71NS

Cook beaten by Yates, 1877.

(a) Mr. Yates was asked, after he had played 27-23 why he did not take the stroke. He replied, "I thought it would only draw," as this shows: 21-17, 14-21, 30-25, 21-30, 28-24, 30-23, 27-2, 20-27, 32-23, 1-5, 2-9, 5-14, 22-18, 14-17, 13-9, 17-22, 9-6, 22-26, 18-15, 10-19, 23-16. Drawn.—*Turf, Game* 1796.

		,			
		Var. 18	5.		
8 11	9 18	11 16	59	10 14	30 25
<b>16</b> -18 14	23 14	28 24	28 24	18 9	
9 18	16 23	26	11 15	30 26	25 22
23 14	$   \frac{10}{27}   \frac{20}{18} $	$2\overline{4}$ 19	18 11	7 10	$10 \ 15$
10 17	4 8	7 11	9 14	13 17	$26 \ 30$
	30 26	$\begin{array}{c}7&11\\25&22\end{array}$	22 18	10 14	14 18
16 20	0 11	6 10	14 21	$10 14 \\ 17 21$	30 25
	$31 \ 27$	14 7	11 7	9 6	18 14
11 16	1 6	3 10	$21 \ 25$	$21 \ 25$	$25 \ 30$
26 23	$2\hat{6} 2\hat{3}$	$\begin{array}{c}3&10\\32&28\end{array}$	6 2	$\frac{21}{6}$ $\frac{20}{2}$	14 9
6 9	6 9	$9 \overline{13}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}&6&2\\25&30\end{smallmatrix}$	$25$ $3\overline{0}$	30 26
$25 \ 21$		$21 \ \overline{17}$	2 7	2 7	Drawn.
	blindfold)				
1 4163 (	0111110111)	v. Capi.	II. B. III	yers, 107	0.
		Var. 16			
$25 \ 22$	11 18	24 19		20 11	18 25
17-4 8	$\frac{11}{22}$ 15	13 17	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 9 \\ 26 & 23 \end{array}$	12 16	18 20 14 10
29 25	19 23	31 26	$18 \ 27$	24 20	$25 \ 30$
$10 \ 14$	26 19	2 7	32 23	$10 \ 15$	$\frac{26}{26}$ $\frac{30}{22}$
$24 \ 20$	7 11	19 16	32 23 9 13 30 26	25 22	
16 19	27 24	6 10	$30 \ \overline{26}$	16 19	Drawn.
23 16	11 18	15 6	8 12	$23 \ 16$	214011
$12 \ 19$	19 15	1 10	16 11	$\begin{array}{c}14&18\\21&14\end{array}$	
$18 \ 15$	9 13	$28 \ 24$	7 16	$21 \ 14$	
	(blindfol	d) v. Arti	hur Hoda	son 1875	ς.
2 0000	(010110)00	.,	tur 110ug	, 1010	
		Var. 17			
10 15	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 22 \\ 26 & 17 \end{array}$	4 8	15 24	10 17	17 21
	26 17	29 25	28 19	19 16	8 4
6 10	11 15	8 11	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 24 \end{array}$	12 19	21 25
$27 \ 24$	$\overline{20}$ $\overline{11}$	$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 11 \\ 25 & 22 \end{array}$	17 13	23 16	4 8
9 14	7 16	$16 \ 20$	3 7	$\begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 16 \\ 24 & 28 \end{array}$	Drawn.
18 9	24 19	30 26	22 18	16 12	214.11.
5 14		11 15	14 17	$28 \ \overline{32}$	
$22 \ 18$	$28 \ 19$	$32 \ 28$	$21 \ 14$	12 8	
			Yates, 18	78	
	,.	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	1 0000, 10		
		Var. 18			
24 19	32 27	22 17	18 9	26 22	17 10
8 11	10 14	$\frac{22}{2}$ 7	5 14	11 15	7 14
22 18	$25 \ 22$	17 10	19 15	$     \begin{array}{c}       11 & 10 \\       22 & 17     \end{array} $	$31 \ 26$
4 8	11 16	6 22	11 18	16 19	1 5
27 24	$30 \ 25$	$     \begin{array}{c}       6 & 22 \\       25 & 18     \end{array}   $	$\overline{29}$ $\overline{25}$	$23 \ 16$	26 22
16 20		9 14	8 11	12 19	19 23
Ya	tes beats	Frank E.	Pierce 1	876	B. wins.
1 u			, 1		

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23 8 22 15 3-19 10 24	$15 \\ 19 \\ 11 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 15 \\ 19 \\ 8 \\ 11$	$17 \\ 11 \\ 28 \\ 1 - 9 \\ 26 \\ 7 \\ 23 \\ 6 \\ 14 \\ V \\ \ell \\ \ell$	14 15 24 13 23 11 19 10 7	25 18 29 5 27 9 30 1	$25 \\ 22 \\ 9 \\ 23 \\ 14 \\ 26 \\ 5$	5 24 15 28 11 19 12 23	24 19 15 16 19 16	$22 \\ 13 \\ 26 \\ 18 \\ 17 \\ 9 \\ 16 \\ 22$	$18 \\ 17 \\ 22 \\ 17 \\ 22 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 11 \\ 25$	20 16 25 29 16 12 14 18 12 8 18 23 8 3 Drawn.
		1 416	s v.	А. О.	. 110	binsor	<i>i</i> , 10	570.		
				Va	<b>r.</b> ]	ι.				
7	11	29	<b>22</b>	15	<b>24</b>	<b>26</b>	17	3	10	$16 \ 11$
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	16	<b>20</b>	<b>28</b>	19	19	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	17	$10 \ 15$
12	16	32		11	15	31	<b>22</b>	<b>14</b>	18	11 7
30	<b>26</b>	6	9	19	16	<b>5</b>	9	17	14	$15 \ 19$
<b>2</b> - 9	13	14	10	15	19	17	13	10	17	73

**2**-9
 13
 14
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 *a*-25
 22
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 14
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 6
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 5
 B. wins.

 18
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 24
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 13
 22
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 6
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W. R. Barker beats Yates, 1877.

(a) 26-22.—W. wins.—M. Farnsworth.

				Va	r. 2	2.					
<b>2</b>	7	27	<b>23</b>	14	18	14	10	14	17	14	18
c-14	10	18	<b>27</b>	<b>20</b>	16	b- 6	9	<b>2</b>	6	19	<b>24</b>
7	14	32	<b>23</b>	18	<b>23</b>	10	6	9	13	<b>2</b>	7
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	1	6	16	11	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	6	9	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>
14	17	22	17	23	<b>26</b>	15	10	17	<b>21</b>	7	11
<b>21</b>	14	9	14	17	14	23	19	10	7	<b>27</b>	31
16	19	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	10	17	11	7	13	17	11	15
<b>23</b>	7	15	18	<b>21</b>	14	9	14	7	<b>2</b>	W. w	ins.
3	<b>26</b>	23	19	<b>26</b>	30	6	<b>2</b>	a-21	25		
31	<b>22</b>	18	<b>22</b>	19	15	5	9	9	14		
6	10	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	30	<b>26</b>	7	3	17	<b>21</b>		
		177	n:. :		2	Vates	10	70			

Wyllie beaten by Yates, 1876.

(a) Miserably played; the only move to lose.—Turf, Game 1180.

(b) From this to the close Wyllie played the worst game we ever saw him play.—*Turf, Game* 1180.
(c) 24-20. W. wins.—*Joseph Yates.*

### Var. 3.

17	14	16	20	a-15	10	18	<b>23</b>	18	15	$13 \ 22$
10										$25 \ 2$
<b>21</b>	14	4	8	19	10	20	<b>27</b>	31	<b>24</b>	W. wins.
11	15	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	8	11	32	<b>23</b>	6	15	
19	15	9	13	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	2	6	<b>22</b>	17	

Yates beaten by Capt. W. H. Broughton, 1875.

(a) 26-23, 13-17, 32-28, 7-11, 15-10, 6-15, 19-10, 17-21, 25-22, 18-25, 29-22, 11-15, 24-19, 15-24, 28-19, 8-11, 22-18, 2-6, 19-15, 12-16, 15-8, 6-22, 8-4, 22-25. B. wins.—Yates beats E. L. Fitzpatrick, 1878.

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11	15	15	<b>22</b>	4	8	14	17	10	14	$24 \ 28$
<b>23</b>	18	<b>26</b>	17	25	<b>22</b>	<b>21</b>	14	19	15	27
17-8	11	11	15	8	11	10	<b>26</b>	12	16	$15 \ 19$
<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	19	<b>22</b>	18	31	<b>22</b>	9	5	7 10
4-10	14	15	24	11	16	<b>2</b>	6	<b>20</b>	24	19 26
3 - 22	17	<b>28</b>			9	<b>22</b>	18	15	11	10 17
15	<b>22</b>	7	10	5	14	16	<b>20</b>	7	10	$16 \ 19$
17	10	17	13	30	<b>25</b>	18	14	11	7	$17 \ 14$
6	15	9	14	3	7	6	10	10	15	Drawn.
1-25	18	<b>29</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	14	9	7	<b>2</b>	
		М.	<i>C</i> .	Priest	v. 1	Tates,	187	9.		

				Va	<b>r.</b> 1	ι.				
<b>26</b>	17	17	13	13	6	13	9	9	6	$31 \ 24$
<b>2-</b> 4		11	15	<b>2</b>	18	16	19	21	<b>25</b>	$25 \ 22$
	<b>27</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	6	1	$24 \ 19$
	18	8	11	18	25	14	18	<b>25</b>	30	$22 \ 18$
	14		14	29	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	17	1	6	$19 \ 15$
	18		16	5	-		<b>24</b>	30	25	Drawn.
30	<b>26</b>		17	17		<b>28</b>		<b>27</b>		
1	6	6	9	9	14	7	<b>21</b>	18	<b>27</b>	
		-	-	-	-	T				

Yates v. R. E. Bowen, 1877.

				Va	<b>ir.</b> 3	2.				
7	10	28	19	8	12	2	7	27	24	14 9
17	13	14	17	16	11	10	14	23	19	18 22
9	14	<b>21</b>	14	15	19	18	15	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>	96
	<b>22</b>		17	11	7		32	15	10	$24 \ 27$
	8	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	19	<b>24</b>	7	11	6	<b>24</b>	$6 \ 2$
<b>32</b>	<b>27</b>	7	10	<b>22</b>	18	22	<b>26</b>	13	6	$27 \ 31$
<b>2</b>	6	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>28</b>	31	22	1	10	2 6
30	<b>26</b>	11	15	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	14	17	7	<b>21</b>	$31 \ 27$
3	7	19	16	17	<b>22</b>	22	18	27	<b>23</b>	$29 \ 25$
<b>24</b>	19	12	19	6	<b>2</b>	32	<b>27</b>	18	14	W. wins.
15	<b>24</b>	<b>23</b>	16	<b>5</b>	9	11	7	<b>23</b>	18	
	117	מ	n 1	7		7 77		1088		

W. R. Barker beaten by Yates, 1877.

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# R. D. YATES, CHECKER PLAYER.

	Var. 3.												
<b>23</b>	19	<b>22</b>	17	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	32	<b>27</b>	23	16	18 14			
14	<b>23</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>27</b>	16	19	5	9	14	17	$26 \ 23$			
19	10	17	10	<b>20</b>	16		<b>26</b>	21		14 10			
7	14	2	7	14	18	9	13	9	25	$23 \ 18$			
<b>26</b>	19	31	<b>24</b>	<b>25</b>	22	27	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	10 - 6			
11	16	7	14	18	25	6	9	<b>25</b>	30	$18 \ 15$			
19	15	15	11	<b>29</b>	22	16	12	<b>23</b>	18	B. wins.			
16	<b>20</b>	12	16	9	14	. 1	5	30	<b>26</b>				
		77 - 4	. 1	4. A	7	TToffer	. 10	077					

Yates beats A. J. Heffner, 1877.

		Var. 4.				
48	<b>9-24</b> 20	5 14	$25 \ 22$	7	11	23 7
23 19	8-610	$26 \ 23$	$11 \ 15$	<b>22</b>	18	$2 \ 11$
12-10 14	6-22 17	$11 \ 15$	$32 \ 28$	1	5	Drawn.
19 10	9 13	$29 \ 25$	$15 \ 24$	18	9	
14 23	<b>5</b> -30 26	$15 \ 24$	$28 \ 19$	5	14	
26 19	$13 \ 22$	$28 \ 19$	37	19	16	
10-714	25 9	8 11	$31 \ 26$	12	19	
	177 D	Daulan	Wates 10	77		

W. R. Barker v. Yates, 1877.

		Var. 5.			
32 27	8 11	$22 \ 17$	$26 \ 30$	7 10	16 19
$13 \ 22$	$31 \ 26$	$24 \ 27$	$17 \ 13$	$15 \ 19$	10 7
25 9	$11 \ 15$	$26 \ 22$	$30 \ 26$	$10 \ 15$	$24 \ 27$
5 14	19 16	$27 \ 31$	$22 \ 17$	$19 \ 24$	7 2
$27 \ 23$	$12 \ 19$	11 7	$26 \ 22$	$29 \ 25$	$19 \ 23$
$11 \ 15$	$23 \ 16$	$31 \ 26$	11 7	22 29	$2 \ 7$
$30 \ 26$	$15 \ 19$	7 2	38	$15 \ 22$	$27 \ 31$
$15 \ 24$	16 11	$26 \ 30$	7 2	8 11	13 9
$28 \ 19$	7 16	$2 \ 7$	14 18	17 14	$23 \ 26$
$2 \ 7$	$20 \ 11$	$30 \ 26$	$2 \ 7$	$11 \ 16$	$21 \ 17$
$26 \ 22$	19 24	7 11	$10 \ 15$	14 10	Drawn.
	Jas. P.	Reed v. $Y$	ates, 1881	•	

			Va	ır. 6	3.				
30 26	<b>5</b> 14	18	<b>32</b>	27	6	10	20	2	$22 \ 26$
7-2 6	6 23	14	1	6	23	18	12	16	$31 \ 22$
26 23	39	18	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	8	12	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	17 26
10 18	5 17	14	12	16	17	13	16	19	10 14
19 10	) 18	<b>22</b>	<b>21</b>	17	10	17	2	7	$26 \ 30$
6 15	5 25	18	3	7	18	15	18	<b>23</b>	Drawn.
$22 \ 17$	15	<b>22</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	11	18	7	10	
	R.	<i>A</i> . 1	Davis	v. ¥	<sup>7</sup> ates,	187	7.		

CROSS.
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#### Var. 7.

26 15 28 8 22	$15 \\ 23 \\ 24 \\ 19 \\ 11 \\ 18 \\ 6$	10 19 6 a-22 15	22 15 10 15 17 22 10	23 5 32 9 28	14 19 9 28 13 24 17	11 24 18 19	$15 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 23 \\ 15 \\ 5 \\ 6$	6 9 15 22 31	9 1 13 11 26 22 26	29 25 26 30 1 6 14 17 21 14 30 21 B. wins.
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Yates beats A. J. Heffner, 1877.

(a) 31-27. May draw, but the ending is difficult for White. --C. M. P.

				Var	. 8.					
14	18	9	13	6	9 12	16	14	18	26	31
<b>22</b>	15	27	<b>23</b>	19 1	5 10	6	9	14	15	18
11	18	8	11	11 1	6 9	14	18	<b>23</b>	31	26
32	27	<b>22</b>	18	20 1	1 6	1	14	10	4	8
9	14	1	5	7 1	6 16	<b>20</b>	<b>27</b>	31	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>
30	26	18	9	15 1	0 1	5	11	8	18	15
5	9	5	14	16 1	9 23	<b>27</b>	31	<b>27</b>	a- 2	7
$2\overline{5}$	22	26	<b>22</b>	23 1	.6 31	<b>24</b>	8	4	8	3
18	<b>25</b>	3	7	14 2	3 20	27	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	W. w	ins.
29			18	16 1	1 5	9	10	15		

J. Dempster, Jr., beaten by Yates, 1876 (both playing blindfold).

(a) This was a slip. I thought the white king was on 4.— J. Dempster, Jr.—Turf, Game 1228.

				Va	ır. 9	9.				
30	<b>26</b>	32	<b>23</b>	17	13	17	14	6	2	28 19
11	16	12	16	9	14	23	<b>27</b>	10	14	$15 \ 24$
19	15	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	29	<b>25</b>	14	5	11	7	7 11
16	<b>20</b>	8	12	14	18	27	<b>32</b>	3	10	$23 \ 26$
<b>24</b>	19	15	11	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	18	14	<b>2</b>	7	96
14	18	16	19	18	<b>23</b>	32	27	23	18	$24 \ 27$
15	10	<b>23</b>	16	<b>22</b>	18	14	9	13	9	Drawn.
6	<b>24</b>	12	19	5	9	6	10	18	15	
22	15	<b>22</b>	17	<b>21</b>	17	9	6	25	<b>22</b>	
<b>24</b>	27	<b>2</b>	6	20	<b>24</b>	27	<b>23</b>	19	<b>23</b>	
		~	<b>.</b> .		-	** **				

Yates v. A. J. Heffner, 1877.

				Var	. 1	.0.					
6	15	12	16	3	19	19	<b>23</b>	14	17	17 14	4
19	10	14	10	<b>22</b>	15	7	10	25	<b>22</b>	29 24	5
7	14	9	14	14	18	<b>27</b>	<b>31</b>	1	6	14 18	8
	19	31	<b>27</b>			10	15	22	13	$21 \ 1'$	7
	16	16	<b>20</b>	18 2	23	5	9	<b>26</b>	31	6 1	0
19	15	10	7	10	7	15	19	19	<b>26</b>	25 2	1
<b>14</b>	<b>18</b>		11	23 2		31	<b>26</b>	31	<b>22</b>	18 14	4
<b>21</b>	17	<b>27</b>			3	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	30	25	13 9	9
16	19	<b>20</b>	<b>27</b>	8	12	9	14	<b>22</b>	17	14	5
<b>11-</b> 17	14	32	7	3	7	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	Draw	n.
		4 0	P.	hinson		Vator	. 1	070			

A. O. Robinson v. Yates, 1878.

				Va	r. 1	1.				
<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	1	6	<b>21</b>	14	19	23	10	6	$18 \ 22$
18	25	32	<b>27</b>	6	9	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	9	14	6 10
<b>29</b>			<b>14</b>	13	6	16	19	6	1	8 11
<b>12</b>	16	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>25</b>	15	10	14	18	$10 \ 14$
17	13	14	17	30	<b>21</b>	5	9	1	6	W.wins.
	J	ates	beats	<i>A</i> .	0. I	Robins	on.	1878.		

Var. 12.

$\begin{array}{c} 9 & 14 \\ 18 & 9 \\ 5 & 14 \\ 22 & 17 \\ \textbf{16-15} & 18 \\ \textbf{14-26} & 22 \\ \textbf{13-11} & 15 \\ 17 & 13 \\ 7 & 11 \\ 13 & 9 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccc} 6 & 13 \\ 24 & 20 \\ 15 & 24 \\ 22 & 6 \\ 1 & 10 \\ 28 & 19 \\ 14 & 18 \\ 30 & 26 \\ 18 & 23 \\ 26 & 22 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 9 & 13 \\ 18 & 14 \\ 13 & 22 \\ 14 & 7 \\ 3 & 10 \\ 23 & 18 \\ 30 & 25 \\ 18 & 15 \\ 11 & 18 \\ 31 & 26 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15 18 11 15 19 24 15 22 27 23 20 16 Drawn.
10 0			Vates 1877		

R. E. Bowen v. Yates, 1877.

(a) At the 36th move (this one) of the game, Mr. Yates must have seen to the end of the combination, as that move looks like the worst possible one, and can only be drawn by this play.—Boston Globe, Game 556.

#### CROSS.

J. P. Reed (in 1881) asked Mr. Yates if he saw to the end of the game, and Yates replied that he did.

(Of course 17-14, 10-17, 19-16, 12-19, 27-23, draws—C.M.P.) (b) One of the finest games we ever saw; from this point out whites were played very skilfully.—Boston Globe, Game 556.

		Var. 13	•		
18 23	$21 \ 14$	$16 \ 20$	$32 \ 23$	$23 \ 18$	$12 \ 16$
$19 \ 15$	6 10	$24 \ 19$	$31 \ 26$	$15 \ 11$	$19 \ 23$
10 19	14 7	20 $24$	$23 \ 19$	$18 \ 14$	$16 \ 19$
$24 \ 15$	3 19	$19 \ 16$	$26 \ 23$	10 7	$23 \ 27$
$11 \ 18$	$25 \ 22$	$8 \ 12$	$11 \ 8$	$14 \ 10$	$19 \ 23$
$22 \ 15$	$18 \ 25$	$16 \ 11$	$23 \ 16$	73	$27 \ 31$
14 18	27 18	$27 \ 24$	84	$12 \ 16$	Drawn.
$31 \ 27$	$12 \ 16$	$18 \ 15$	$16 \ 19$	48	÷ .
7 10	$29 \ 22$	27 31	$15 \ 10$	$1 \ 6$	
17 14	19 23	22 18	$19 \ 23$	$8^{-}12$	
$10 \ 17$	28 24	$23 \ 27$	$18 \ 15$	$16 \ 19$	

Yates v. J. F. St. Clair, 1877.

Var. 14.										
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 14 \\ 24 & 15 \\ 12 & 16 \\ 26 & 23 \\ 9 & 13 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 22 \\ 16 & 20 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{cccc} 3 & 7 \\ a-31 & 26 \\ 7 & 10 \\ 26 & 23 \\ 20 & 24 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 28 & 24 \\ 11 & 18 \end{array}$	27 31 B. wins.					
( <i>a</i> ) 19-16.	22 15									

				Var	. 18	5.				
-11	15	· 2	6	1	5	10	17	16	19	30 25
26	23	25	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	22	19	3	27	<b>24</b>	7 11
		18				17	<b>22</b>	19	<b>23</b>	W. wins.
30	26		<b>22</b>	<b>23</b>	14	3	7	<b>24</b>	19	
6			7	9		11		<b>25</b>	30	
17	13	22	17	17	14	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	
				<i>R</i> . <i>D</i> .	Ye	ates.				
(a) 8-11	. D	rawn		E. Nor	rthr	op.				

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### Var. 16.

-	$     \begin{array}{r}       11 \\       13 \\       16 \\       26 \\       25 \\       9 \\       32 \\       8 \\       27 \\       \end{array} $	9 22 13 27 11 23	$   \begin{array}{r}     10 \\     19 \\     7 \\     31 \\     11 \\     24 \\     16 \\     23 \\     12 \\     20 \\     19 \\   \end{array} $	19 16 19 16 23	$     \begin{array}{r}       16 \\       17 \\       18 \\       22 \\       15 \\       26 \\       11 \\       13 \\       29 \\       17 \\       25 \\       \end{array} $	$17 \\ 11 \\ 22 \\ 15 \\ 26 \\ 10 \\ 31 \\ 7 \\ 17 \\ 25 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 22$	31 23 26 7 17 28 21 19 25 16 30	17 22 24 25 16 30 12 26	2 26 7 23 11 18 20 14 7 19 10	$     \begin{array}{r}       11 \\       19 \\       7 \\       14 \\       16 \\       9 \\       2 \\       15 \\       7 \\       7     \end{array} $	16 11 15 8 12 3 10 14 3 7 14 17 7 10 17 22 2 7 B. wins.
	14		19 22		a-23		$\frac{30}{24}$			10	

Jas. P. Reed beats Yates, 1878.

(a) Certainly a good idea.—Newark Sunday Call, Game 611.

(b) This was probably the losing move.—Newark Sunday Call Game 611.

# Var. 17.

18-12 16 18 11	$\begin{array}{ccc} 29 & 25 \\ 8 & 11 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}5&14\\19&16\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 18 & 14 \\ 11 & 15 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 27 & 31 \\ 16 & 11 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 8 \\ 19 & 23 \end{array}$
8 15	$25$ $\overline{22}$	1 6	27 23	3 7	5 9
$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 18 \\ 15 & 22 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 14 \\ 24 & 19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 28 & 24 \\ 14 & 17 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 27 \\ 14 & 10 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc}11&8\\&7&11\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 26 \\ 30 & 23 \end{array}$
$egin{array}{ccc} 25&18\ 4&8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 10 \\ 31 & 26 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 21 & 14 \\ 10 & 17 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}7&10\\23&18\end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}1&5\\11&15\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 31 & 26 \\ 23 & 19 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 23 \\ 16 & 20 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}9&13\\18&9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 18 \\ 17 & 21 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 14 & 23 \\ 26 & 1 \end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}8&3\\15&19\end{smallmatrix}$	26 17 Drawn.

Yates v. A Friend, 1878.

### Var. 18

9	14	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	8	11	31	<b>26</b>	10	17	26 17
18	11	4	8	<b>22</b>	18	15	<b>24</b>	18	14	$13 \ 22$
8	15	<b>29</b>	25	1	5	<b>28</b>	19	7	10	Drawn.
<b>22</b>	18	6	9	18	9	3	8	14	7	
15	<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	5	14	22	18	<b>2</b>	11	
25	9	9	13	<b>26</b>	22	14	17	23	18	
5	14	<b>24</b>	19	11	15	<b>21</b>	14	17	<b>22</b>	

Yates v. R. E. Bowen, 1877.

# DEFIANCE.

11	15	18	14	1-11	15	10	14	10	7	10 6
23	19	17	22	6	1	11	16	1	6	$19 \ 15$
9	14	<b>26</b>	17	8	12	<b>20</b>	11	7	11	62
<b>27</b>	23	13	22	1	6	19	<b>24</b>	17	14	7 10
8	11	<b>24</b>	20	7	11	<b>28</b>	19	<b>26</b>	31	13 9
22	18	<b>2</b>	6	6	10	23	7	6	10	10 6
15	<b>22</b>	32	<b>27</b>	15	19	14	17	31	<b>27</b>	95
<b>25</b>	9	4	8	10	14	7	10	14	18	61
5	14	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	22	<b>26</b>	13	9	27	<b>24</b>	27 24
29	<b>25</b>	1	5	31	22	12	16		<b>23</b>	$15 \ 11$
<b>16</b> - 6	9	<b>23</b>	18	<b>23</b>	27	9	5	<b>24</b>	20	24 19
25	<b>22</b>	6	10	14	10	16	19	23	<b>27</b>	38
9	13	14	9	<b>27</b>	31	5	1	20	16	19 24
<b>2-</b> 22	18	5	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	17	19	<b>23</b>	<b>21</b>	17	$11 \ 15$
14	17	19	16	31	<b>27</b>	30	<b>25</b>	16	19	$24 \ 28$
21	14	12	19	17	13	23	<b>26</b>	17	13	8 12
10	17	<b>24</b>	6	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	11	7	Drawn.
		т	171		77	10	10			

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

v	9.r	1.
•	<b></b>	· · ·

7	10	<b>2</b>	7	27	<b>3</b> 2	13	9	17	21	18 14
6	<b>2</b>	19	<b>23</b>	30	<b>25</b>	7	10	6	10	$23 \ 19$
8	12	7	14	32	28	9	-6	<b>24</b>	19	14 9
<b>28</b>	24	<b>32</b>	28	<b>25</b>	21	<b>28</b>	<b>32</b>	18	23	$11 \ 15$
c-23	27	14	17	<b>28</b>	<b>32</b>	6	<b>2</b>	19	<b>26</b>	Drawn.
<b>24</b>	19	<b>23</b>	27	<b>21</b>	17	10	14	31	<b>22</b>	
b-27	32	17	<b>26</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	2	6	<b>32</b>	<b>27</b>	
a-19	16	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	17	13	14	17	<b>22</b>	18	
12	19	<b>26</b>	23	3	7	<b>23</b>	18	<b>27</b>	23	

Yates (blindfold) v. Melvin Brown and J. A Mugridge, 1880.

(a) Any other play would have lost for the allies. If 2-7, then 10-14, 7-16, 32-27, 31-24, 3-7, B. wins. After his opponents had made their play Mr. Yates queried them for the reason of their not playing 2-7. The result shows that he saw the game as well without sight of the board as they

did with, and consulting at the same time the effect of the various moves.—*Turf, Game* 1703.

(b) 11-16, 20-11, 3-7. B. wins.—A. O. Robinson, Turf. He queries: "Where does the draw come in for White?"

(c) 10-15, 2-6, 23-27, 6-10-e, 27-32, 10-19, 32-27, 30-26, 22-25, 26-23-d, 27-18, 19-15, 18-23, 15-8, 12-16, 20-11, 3-12, 11-7, 25-30, 7-2, 30-25, 2-6, 25-22, 6-10, 22-18, 10-6, 23-27, 24-20, 27-23, 6-10, 23-19, 10-6, 18-14, 6-1, 19-15, 1-6, 15-11, 6-1, 12-16, 1-5, 16-19, 5-1, 19-24, 1-5, 24-28, 5-1, 28-32, 1-5, 32-28, 5-1, 28-24, 1-6, 24-19, 6-1, 11-15, 1-6, 15-18, 6-1, 14-9. B. wins.—S. Z. Gorman.

(d) 26-22, 25-30, 22-17, 27-23, 19-26, 30-23, 17-14, 11-15, 14-9, 23-19, B. wins.—S. Z. Gorman.

(e) 30-26, 27-32, 26-17, 32-28, B. wins.—S. Z. Gorman.

#### Var. 2.

24 $2$	0 32	28	<b>26</b>	22	9	6	9	6	$1 \ 5$
3-1	5 12	16	<b>21</b>	25	7	10		<b>26</b>	$18 \ 15$
$22 \ 1$		12	<b>24</b>	19	6	<b>2</b>	6	9	$5 \ 9$
	76		15			14	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	$15 \ 10$
$21 \ 1$	4 h-14	9			<b>2</b>	6	9	6	95
10 1	75	14	<b>25</b>	<b>30</b>	14	18	23	18	10 6
18 1			a-19		6	9	6	9	$16 \ 11$
17 2	2 g-11	15	30	<b>26</b>	18	<b>23</b>	15	10	6 10
$26\ 1$	$7^{-26}$	17	22	18	9	6	9	5	$5 \ 9$
$13 \ 2$	2 14	<b>21</b>	<b>26</b>	19	<b>23</b>	<b>27</b>	10	6	$10 \ 15$
28 2	4 31	<b>26</b>	18	9	6	9	5	1	B. wins.
<b>2</b>	6 10	14	19	15	<b>27</b>	31	6	<b>2</b>	

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876. This is the famous 47th game.

(a) 22-18, 14-17, 18-14, 30-26-f, 14-9, 26-22-c, 9-6, 17-21, 6-2, 7-10-b, 2-6, 10-14, 19-16, 21-25, 23-19, 25-30, 19-15, 30-26, 15-11, 26-23, 11-8. Drawn.—J. Hedley.

(b) 7-11, 19-16, 11-15, 23-18, 15-19, 18-15, 19-24, 2-6. Drawn.—J. Hedley.

(c) 7-11, 9-6, 17-21-e, 6-1, 21-25-d, 1-6, 26-22, 6-2, 22-17, 23-18, 25-30, 2-6, 30-26, 19-16, 3-7, 12-8. Drawn.—J. Hedley.

(d) 26-31, 1-6, 31-27, 23-18, 27-31, 19-16, Drawn.—J. Hedley.

#### DEFIANCE.

(e) 26-31, 23-18, 31-26, 19-16, 17-21, 16-7, 3-10, 6-2. Drawn.—J. Hedley.

(f) 4-8, 14-9, 8-11, 9-6, 30-26, 6-2, 17-21, 20-16, 11-20, 2-11, 21-25, 11-16, 25-30, 23-18, 26-23, 18-14, 23-18, 14-9. Drawn. -J. Hedley.

Variations a, b, c, d, e and f, is the solution to Problem 565. —Gould's Problem Book.

(g) 4-8, 26-17, 14-21, 31-26, 21-25, 26-22, 25-30, 22-17, 11-15, 17-13, 30-26, 23-19, 8-11, 13-9, 26-23, 19-16, 23-19, 9-6, 10-14, 6-2, 14-18, 2-6, 18-23, 6-9, 23-27, 9-14, 19-23, 14-9, 27-31, 9-14, 31-26, 14-9, 23-18, 9-6, 26-22, 6-9, 22-17, 9-6, 17-13, 6-1, 13-9, 1-5, 9-6, 5-1, 7-10, 16-7, 15-19. B. wins.— James Wyllie.

(h) 23-19-i, 10-17, 12-8, 3-12, 19-16, 12-19, 24-8, 4-11, 28-24, 5-9, 24-19, 9-13, 19-16, 11-15, 16-11, 7-16, 20-11, 15-18, 31-27, 17-21, 11-7, 22-25, 7-2, 25-29, 2-7, 29-25, 7-10, 25-22, 10-15, 13-17, 27-24, 18-23. B. wins.—*R. E. Bowen.* 

(i) 23-18, 10-17, 24-19, 17-21, 19-15, 22-25, 15-8, 4-11 28-24, 25-29, 24-19, 29-25, 31-26, 7-10, 26-23, 10-14, 18-9, 5-14, 30-26, 3-7, 19-16, 11-15, 12-8, 7-10, 8-3, 15-18. B. wins. *—Melvin Brown.* 

v	ar	3

$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{4-4} \\ \mathbf{5-23} \\ 14 \\ 23 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 27 \\ 18 \\ 10 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 6 \\ 18 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\overline{5}$	20 11 18 28 17	20 10 24 14 27 10 32	$10 \\ 24 \\ 15 \\ 27 \\ 10 \\ 32 \\ 6 \\ 27 \\ 2$	8 15 27 10 32	6 12 10 32 15 28 10	10 15 32 28 15 10 28 32 Drawn.
0 10				 es, 18	_	20	02	

(a) 18-14, 16-19, 23-16, 12-19, 26-23, 19-26, 30-23, 15-18, 22-8, 3-12, 23-19, 13-22, 19-15, 22-26, 15-11, 7-16, 20-11, 12-16, 11-7, 16-19, 7-2, 26-31, 2-6. Drawn.—Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

(b) 22-18, 14-17, 21-14, 10-17, 18-14, 17-22, 26-17, 13-22, 32-27, 2-6, 27-24. Same as Trunk at 26th move. This is the way Var. 1 was run up.

### Var. 4.

11	15	Q	11	<b>2</b>	0	31	26	23	10	25 30
		-								
32	<b>27</b>	<b>9-3</b> 0	<b>25</b>	18	15	15	11	11	16	$24 \ 27$
15	<b>24</b>	8-11	16	9	14	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	19	15	30 26
28	19	20	11	15	10	11	7	16	<b>20</b>	$28 \ 32$
12-4	8	7		a-14		24	<b>27</b>		14	$26 \ 22$
22	18	19		10		-	<b>2</b>		16	27 24
<b>11</b> - 1	5	6-3		18	<b>22</b>	<b>23</b>		15	18	14 9
18	9	25	<b>21</b>	7	3	2	7	16	19	$24 \ 27$
5	14	16	19	22		27	31	13	17	Drawn.
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>23</b>	16	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	7	11	19	24	
14	17	12	19	19	<b>24</b>	31		17	<b>22</b>	
<b>21</b>	14	<b>22</b>	18	<b>23</b>		3			<b>28</b>	
10	<b>26</b>	5-7	10	<b>26</b>		<b>26</b>		<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>	
31	<b>22</b>	15	6	19	15	8	12	20	<b>24</b>	

Martins v. Yates, 1877.

(a) 13-17, 10-7, 17-22, 7-2, 22-25, 2-7, 25-29, 7-11, 14-18, 11-15 19-23. Drawn.—Martins v. Yates, 1877.

### Var. 5.

$\frac{1}{27}$	$\overline{26} \\ 20$	15 7 20 31 18	16 11 26	28	-8	9 15 14			14	•
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Martins v. Yates, 1877.

(a) 7-10, 15-6, 2-9, 20-16, 26-31, 16-11, 31-26, 11-7, 26-23, 18-15, 9-14, 7-2, 14-18, 2-6, 18-22, 6-10, 23-18, Drawn.— Martins v. Yates, 1877.

#### Var. 6.

7-2	7	3	8	16	20	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>	26	<b>22</b>	24 27
<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	17	14	7	3	<b>23</b>	18	18	15	62
16	19	7	11	8	12	<b>27</b>	31	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	$27 \ 31$
23	16	15	10	14	9	18	14	15	10	14 10
12	19	11	16	19	<b>24</b>	31	26	<b>22</b>	18	12 16
21	17	10	7	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	18	10	6	Drawn.

Yates v. Martins, 1877.

#### DEFIANCE.

		Var. 7.			
16 19	27 32	20 24	27 24	$32 \ 27$	28 32
23 16	11 8	83	3 8	19 23	25 29
12 19	31 27	$28 \ 32$	24 27	27 32	32 28
15 11	83	11 8	8 12	17 14	$22 \ 25$
37	$32 \ 28$	$24 \ 27$	27 24	$31 \ 27$	$28 \ 32$
11 8	$22\ 18$	$23 \ 19$	$11 \ 16$	14 9	$23 \ 26$
7 11	$27 \ 24$	$27 \ 31$	$23 \ 27$	$27 \ 31$	$31 \ 22$
83	$18 \ 15$	$19 \ 23$	$22\ 18$	95	25  18
$11 \ 16$	$24 \ 27$	$31 \ 27$	$27 \ 32$	$32 \ 28$	$32 \ 27$
38	$15 \ 11$	23 26	18 15	5 1	$29 \ 25$
$16 \ 20$	$27 \ 24$	$27 \ 31$	$24 \ 27$	$28 \ 32$	$27 \ 24$
8 11	19 23	$26 \ 22$	16 19	$1 \ 5$	18 23
19 24	24 20	32 27	$27 \ 31$	$31 \ 27$	24 28
27 23	3 7	84	$15 \ 18$	59	$25 \ 22$
$24 \ 27$	28 24	27 23	$32 \ 27$	$27 \ 31$	$28 \ 32$
11 15	7 3	4 8	18 22	9 14	10 15
a-20 24	24 28	$31 \ 27$	$27 \ 32$	31 27	32 28
23 19	38	8 11	$12 \ 16$	14 9	15 19
27 31	28 24	27 24	32 28	$27 \ 31$	28 32
19 16	8 12	3 7	16 11	22 25	19 24
24 28	24 28	24 27	$28 \ 32$	32 28	2 6
16 11	23 18	7 10	11 15	18 22	24 28
$28 \ 32$	28 24	$27 \ 31$	32 28	28 24	69
15 19	18 23	10 7	15 18	9 14	22 25
32 27	24 28	$31 \ 27$	28 32	24 28	W. wins.
$25 \ 21$	12 8	73	$21 \ 17$	14 10	

Wyllie beaten by Yates, 1876.

(a) 27-31. Drawn easily.—Ben Coons.

#### Var. 8.

7 1	10	2	9	14	17	12	19	26	<b>23</b>	9 13
23 1	18	a-25	<b>22</b>	19	15	23	16	10	6	10 6
3	7	7	10	17	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	31	13	17	13 17
18 1	15	<b>22</b>	18	15	10	18	15	6	1	Drawn.
11 1	18	10	14	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	31	<b>26</b>	17	<b>22</b>	
<b>22</b>	6	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	20	16	16	11	15	10	

Yates v. Martins, 1877.

(a) 19-15, 13-17, 25-21, 17-22, 21-17, 9-13, 17-14, 22-26, 16-11. Drawn.—Yates v. W. R. Barker. 1876.

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# Var. 9.

$\begin{array}{cccc} 27 & 24 \\ \textbf{10-7} & 10 \\ 30 & 25 \\ 10 & 14 \\ 25 & 21 \\ 13 & 17 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 6 & 2 \\ 30 & 26 \\ 2 & 7 \\ 10 & 14 \\ 7 & 16 \\ 14 & 22 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$20 \ \bar{1}1$
$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 13 \\ 2 & 6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{rrr}9&6\\25&30\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} 11 \\ 23 \hspace{0.1cm} 27 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

Yates beats Martins, 1877.

(a) 6-1, 28-24, 19-15, 18-14, 11-8, 24-19, 15-11, 14-9, 8-4, Drawn.-Gould's Match Games, page 28.

Vor 10

		val. 10	•		
11 16	20 $24$	27 23	$18 \ 22$	$26 \ 31$	24 19
$20 \ 11$	$23 \ 19$	$18 \ 15$	37	10 6	15 24
7 16	$24 \ 27$	13 17	$12 \ 16$	$28 \ 32$	28 19
$24 \ 20$	$19 \ 15$	83	7 11	61	69
37	$27 \ 31$	$17 \ 22$	$16 \ 20$	$31 \ 27$	19 15
$20 \ 11$	$22 \ 18$	$15 \ 10$	$11 \ 15$	$23 \ 19$	9 13
7 16	$31 \ 27$	$22 \ 26$	20 24	$32 \ 28$	15 10
$19 \ 15$	10 7	$30 \ 25$	$15 \ 19$	16	21 17
16 20	$2 \ 11$	$23 \ 18$	$24 \ 28$	27 24	10 6
$15 \ 10$	15 8	$25 \ 21$	19 23	19 15	Drawn.
	TT7 11	· · · ·	10-0		

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

Var. 11.

$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 14 & 17 \\ 21 & 14 \\ 10 & 17 \\ 19 & 15 \\ 17 & 22 \\ 26 & 17 \\ 13 & 22 \\ 15 & 11 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 10 & 14 \\ 8 & 4 \\ 14 & 18 \\ 4 & 8 \\ 18 & 23 \\ 8 & 11 \\ 22 & 26 \\ 30 & 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23 27 24 20 18 14 9 5 14 10 5 1 27 31 Drawn.
	π			10 0	D10,W11.

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

DEFIANCE.

### Var. 12

18 17 14 17 15 10	$13 \\ 27 \\ 1 \\ 24 \\ 10 \\ 16 \\ 5 \\ 11$	24 5 20 14 11 9	11 6 7 14 23 10	17 18 14	-	6 25 1 29 5 14	5 14 7 22 30 25	17 3 26 23 22	$\begin{array}{c} 17 & 22 \\ 9 & 14 \\ 26 & 31 \\ 18 & 15 \\ 31 & 27 \\ 3 & 8 \\ 4 & 18 \\ 14 & 22 \end{array}$
$10 \\ 16 \\ 22$	5 11	9 7 10	10	14 15 18	15	-	25 27 22		4 18 14 32 Drawn.

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

# Var. 13.

14-1	5	18	14	13	<b>22</b>	27	<b>23</b>	5	9	19 16
<b>22</b>	18	<b>2</b>	6	18	15	6	10	31	<b>27</b>	$12 \ 19$
14	17	23	18	7	11	14	7	10	14	23 7
21	14	17	<b>22</b>	15	8	3	10	27	<b>23</b>	$14 \ 23$
10	17	26	17	4	11	<b>23</b>	18	22	<b>26</b>	Drawn.
		1	77.1	1:	Vat	10	76			

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

### Var. 14.

7	11	23	7	11	20	26	17	27	<b>32</b>	13 9
<b>22</b>	18	<b>2</b>	11	30	<b>26</b>	19	<b>23</b>	2	6	$23 \ 18$
1	5	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	14	18	14	10	32	<b>27</b>	96
18	9	10	15	<b>23</b>	14	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	6	10	$18 \ 22$
5	14	27	<b>23</b>	15	19	10	6	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	6 2
19	16	4	81	5-22	17	23	<b>27</b>	17	13	$28 \ 32$
12	19	20	16	13	<b>22</b>	6	<b>2</b>	24	<b>28</b>	Drawn.
X7. 1										

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

#### Var. 15.

 $\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 17 \\ a-24 & 28 \end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}6&2\\20&24\end{smallmatrix}$		$\begin{array}{ccc} 21 & 17 \\ 12 & 16 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc}13&9\\24&28\end{array}$
 10 6	$\begin{array}{c} 17 & 14 \\ 32 & 27 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 2 & 6 \\ 8 & 12 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 13 \\ 16 & 20 \end{array}$	9 5 Drawn.

Yates v. Martins, 1877.

(a) 24-27, 31-24, 20-27, 17-14, 27-31, 21-17, 31-26, 10-7, 3-10, 14-7, 8-12, Drawn.—Yates v. Martins, 1877.

## Var. 16.

11	15	6	15	14	<b>23</b>	1	5	<b>23</b>	18	$19 \ 23$
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	18	<b>27</b>	18	<b>2</b>	9	9	5	9 14
18-4	8	15	<b>22</b>	<b>2</b>	6	5	32	12	16	$23 \ 27$
24	20	<b>26</b>	10	<b>32</b>	27	<b>21</b>	17	5	1	14 10
15	<b>24</b>	7	1417	-11	16	32	27	16	19	$22 \ 18$
28	19	31	27	<b>20</b>	11	17	13	a- 1	5	Drawn.
10	15	8	11	3	7	27	<b>23</b>	18	22	
19	10	<b>23</b>	18	11	<b>2</b>	13	9	5	9	
Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.										

(a) 30-25, 19-23, 25-21, 23-26, 1-5, 18-14. Drawn.---Yates v. Martins, 1877.

### Var. 17.

3	7	2	9	12	16	<b>22</b>	17	23	26	51
a-30	<b>26</b>	5	32	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	23	18	1	5	$15 \ 11$
11	16	21	17	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	9	5	18	15	14 10
20	<b>2</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>27</b>	14	9	19	<b>23</b>	17	14	$31 \ 27$
1	5	17	14	16	19	5	1	26	31	Drawn.

Yates v. Martins, 1877.

(a) 27-24, 6-9, 21-17, 7-10, 30-25, 10-15, 25-22, 12-16, 17-14, 1-5, 14-10, 16-19, 10-7, 19-28, 7-2, 9-14, 18-9, 5-14. B. wins.—Yates beats Martins, 1877.

### Var. 18.

$\begin{array}{cccc} 7 & 11 \\ 22 & 18 \\ 15 & 22 \\ 26 & 17 \\ 11 & 15 \\ 24 & 20 \\ 15 & 24 \\ 28 & 19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4 & 8 \\ 30 & 26 \\ 8 & 11 \\ 19 & 16 \\ 12 & 19 \\ 23 & 7 \\ 2 & 11 \\ 26 & 23 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 6 & 9 \\ 17 & 13 \\ 3 & 7 \\ 13 & 6 \\ 14 & 18 \\ 23 & 14 \\ 10 & 17 \\ 21 & 14 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 17 \\ 31 & 26 \\ 7 & 10 \\ 26 & 23 \\ 17 & 21 \\ 23 & 19 \\ 10 & 14 \\ 32 & 27 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26 23 7 2 23 18 2 6 15 19 24 15 18 11 Drawn
28 19	26 23	21 14	32 27	11 7	Drawn.

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

DENNY.

10 14	F 14	00 10	00.00	10.04	00.00
10 14	5 14	$22 \ 18$	$28 \ 32$	19 24	$22 \ 26$
$22 \ 18$	$19 \ 15$	d-32 27	$18 \ 22$	$21 \ 17$	11 7
1-12 16	$16 \ 19$	$28 \ 32$	$32 \ 27$	b-24 27	$26 \ 22$
25 22	$23 \ 16$	27 20	23 18	17 14	15 19
812	$12 \ 28$	c-18 23	$24 \ 19$	$\bar{27}$ $\bar{31}$	$23 \ 16$
e-24 19	15 11	20 16	$18 \ 14$	14 9	12 19
7 10	1 6	$32 \ 28$	$27 \ 24$	$\hat{23}$ 26	22 18
30 25	29 25	16 12	14 9	$\frac{1}{22}$ $\frac{1}{25}$	7 3
3 7	6 10	$23 \ 19$	19 23	13 17	13 17
28 24	27 23	$12 \ 8$	9 5	10 14	9 13
$16 \ 20$	10 15	19 16	$24 \ 27$	$17 \ 21$	$17 \ 22$
$22 \ 17$	$25 \ 22$	10 7	$5 \ 1$	$25 \ 30$	13 17
$11 \ 15$	20 24	$28 \ 24$	$27 \ 31$	$26 \ 22$	$18 \ 23$
18 11	23 19	83	15	14 10	17 26
7 16	14 18	24 19	$23 \ 19$	$31 \ 27$	23 16
$26 \ 22$	19 10	$31 \ 27$	59	95	$26 \ 23$
9 13	$18 \ 25$	16 20	19 23	27 23	$16 \ 12$
$22 \ 18$	10 7	7 10	9 14	5 1	$\bar{23}$ $\bar{19}$
13 22	25 30	19 24	$31 \ \overline{27}$	$2 \bar{6}$	4 8
18 9	7 3	$27 \ 23$	14 10	10 15	$a - 3 \tilde{7}$
6 13	30 25	$24 \ 28$	27 24	6 9	W. wins.
					w. wins.
25 18	3 7	10 15	38	16	
10 14	$25 \ 22$	20 24	24 19	9 13	
18 9	7 10	$15 \ 18$	8 12	69	

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876. This was the 50th and deciding game of the match, by winning which Mr. Yates acquired the title of "Champion of the World."

(a) A game at first lost and then won by Mr. Yates.— Turf, Game 1250.

(b) Mr. Wyllie had no draw after this move.—Turf, Game 1250.

(c) If Mr. Wyllie had played 32-28, instead of this, he would have won the game:—32-28, 11-8, 4-11, 10-15, 18-23. 15-8, 23-19, 8-11, 28-24, 11-8, 2-7, 8-3, 7-10, 3-7, 10-14. B wins.—*Turf, Game* 1250.

(d) This play should have lost the game to Mr. Yates.— Turf, Game 1250.

(e) Now a Bristol position, viz.:-11-16, 22-18, 8-11, 25-22, 10-14, 24-19, same as Trunk, or, 11-16, 24-19, 8-11, 22-18, 10-14, 25-22, same again.

				Var	. 1.					
11	16	30	<b>26</b>	3 1	0 25	<b>22</b>	9	13	18 14	Ł
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	16	<b>20</b>	25 1	8 1	5	22	18	16 19	)
7	10	19	15	91	.4 26	<b>23</b>	14	17	23 16	3
<b>24</b>	19		19	18		9	<b>21</b>	14	$12 \ 19$	
-	11		10	51		<b>24</b>		17	32 28	
	17	-	<b>22</b>	29 2		7		15	17 22	-
4	8	<b>23</b>	7	8 1	1 24	19	11	16	W. win	s.

R. A. Davis beaten by Yates, 1877.

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# DOCTOR.

$11 \ 15$	25 21	14 18	a-22 18	$25 \ 21$	30 26
$23 \ 19$	4 8	$23 \ 14$	$17 \ 22$	$28 \ 24$	$12 \ 16$
8 11	1-29 25	16	$26\ 17$	8 11	20 2
$21 \ 17$	b-27	$32 \ 28$	13 29	15 8	$3 \ 12$
$9 \ 13$	27 23	$15 \ 19$	$27 \ 24$	$21 \ 17$	$2 \ 9$
$17 \ 14$	6 10	$24 \ 15$	10 17	84	5 30
$10 \ 17$	24 20	10 19	$24 \ 15$	17 10	B. wins.
19 10	$11 \ 15$	$31 \ 27$	$29 \ 25$	48	
7 14	$28 \ 24$	6 10	$21 \ 14$	10 6	

Yates beats Wyllie, 1876.

(a) This move loses the game.—*Turf, Game* 1181. The following shows the draw: 27-24, 10-15, 20-16, 8-11, 24-20, 19-23, 26-10, 17-26, 30-23, 12-26, 10-6, 11-15, 6-2, 7-11, 2-6, 15-19, 14-10, 11-15, 25-22, 3-8, 10-7, 26-30, 7-3, 8-12, 3-8. Drawn.—*J. Maize.* 

(b) 11-15, 27-23, 8-11, 31-27, 2-7, 24-20, 6-10, 27-24, 14-18, 23-14, 1-6, 26-23, 17-26, 23-19, 10-17, 19-1. W. wins.— Arnold beaten by Yates, 1875.

Var. 1.	
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27 23	3 23 19			7 3	3 21 14
3 7	$15^{24}$	. 711	$15 \ 18$	6 10	) 18 25
24 20	) 28 19	16 7	$22 \ 15$	3 7	a-30 21
6 10	) 811	2 11	10 19	27 31	W wins.
29 23	5 2723	31 27	$16 \ 11$	25 22	2
16	5 11 18	5 15 19	$19 \ 24$	10 18	5
32 27	' 19 16	27 23	11 7	7 1	L
11 18	5 1219	11 15	$24\ 27$	<i>b</i> -14 18	3

E. Whelahan beaten by Yates, 1877.

(a) Whelahan is surprised and the boys smile.—Sunday Miscellany, Game 1.

(b) He didn't see it all.—Sunday Miscellany, Game 1.

# DOUBLE CORNER.

9 14 22 18 3- 5 9 1-24 19 11 15 18 11	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 11 \\ 27 & 23 \\ 11 & 15 \\ 32 & 28 \\ 15 & 24 \\ 28 & 19 \\ 15 & 19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{rrrr} 17 & 14 \\ 9 & 6 \\ 18 & 15 \end{array}$
$     \begin{array}{r}       18 & 11 \\       8 & 24 \\       28 & 19 \\       4 & 8 \\       25 & 22 \\       8 & 11 \\     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 7 & 2 \\ 20 & 24 \\ 2 & 7 \\ 24 & 27 \\ 24 & 27 \\ 7 & 10 \\ 18 & 14 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 18 \\ 31 \\ 27 \\ 14 \\ 10 \\ 27 \\ 23 \\ 10 \\ 7 \\ a-6 \\ 2 \end{array} $
22 18	25 22 Wul	23 18 lie v. Yate	22 17 28. 1873.	10 15	Drawn.

(a) White plays this ending in fine style.-Turf, Game 974.

V	ar.	1.

25			10		24	11		17		10 14
2-11			24		19			22		1 6
29			19		15	6		14		14 18
8			15		19	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	a-26	<b>31</b>	6 10
18	15	4	8	23	16	19	<b>26</b>	10	6	18 23
11	18	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	12	19	30	5	1	10	$10 \ 15$
<b>22</b>	15	<b>2</b>	7	<b>22</b>	17	15	18	5	1	W wins.
10	19	32	27	8	11	<b>21</b>	17	31	24	
<b>24</b>	15	7	10	17	10	18	<b>22</b>	28	19	

Yates beaten by Capt. W. H. Broughton, 1876.

(a) 26-30 draws easily.-Boys of the World, Game 42.

				Va	r. 2	2.				
11	15	8	11	3	7	6	13	10	14	16 23
18	11	27	<b>24</b>	30	<b>26</b>	<b>21</b>	14	<b>25</b>	21	24 19
8	15	1	5	9	13	10	17	13	17	23 26
<b>24</b>	19	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	18	9	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	13	$20 \ 16$
15	<b>24</b>	11	16	5	14	17	<b>26</b>	2	6	11 20
<b>28</b>	19	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>22</b>	18	31	<b>22</b>	28	24	19 15
	8	7	11	13	17	7	10	14	18	W. wins.
<b>22</b>	18	29	<b>25</b>	18	9	32	<b>28</b>	23	14	
-					-			_		

Two New York Players beaten by Yates, 1876.

#### Var. 3. 7 11 6 1 17 13 16 23 23 19 11 15 24 20 14 10 14 18 26 19 14 23 18 11 $\begin{array}{c} 10 & 10 \\ 10 & 26 \\ 30 & 23 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 21 & 17 \\ 11 & 18 \end{array}$ 26 22 18 22 28 24 8 15 10 14 25 22 6 9 1 5 8 11 1 6 17 14 26 30 7 11 a-31 26 9 25 11 15 25 22 6 10 22 17 11 16 9 14 27 23 30 21 19 10 14 4 8 5 18 27 14 7 $29 \ 25$ 22 18 10 14 13 9 $\begin{array}{c} 2 & 7 \\ 23 & 19 \end{array}$ 6 9 32 23 59 5 1 21 17 15 18 7 10 19 15 23 26 9 6 3 8 1 6 17 14 B. wins. 5 9 23 14

C. E. Lightfoot beats Yates, 1878.

(a) 30-26. W. wins.—Turf, Game 1463.

# DUNDEE.

<b>12</b>	16	8	12	6	10	10 15	14 18	27 23
6-24	20	32	<b>27</b>	18	15	$23 \ 18$	$26 \ 23$	96
8	12	12	19	<b>2</b>	7	$14 \ 23$	$18 \ 27$	$23 \ 18$
4-22	18	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	15	6	$28 \ 24$	$31 \ 24$	$6 \ 1$
<b>2</b> -16	19	11	16	1	10	$19 \ 28$	$28 \ 32$	$19 \ 24$
<b>23</b>	16	20	11	<b>22</b>	18	$26 \ 10$	$24 \ 20$	15
12	19	7	16	9	13	7 14	$16 \ 19$	$18 \ 15$
<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	25	22	18	9	30 26	$21 \ 17$	$17 \ 14$
1-4	8	10	14	5	14	$13 \ 17$	$32 \ 27$	$15 \ 11$
<b>23</b>	16	<b>29</b>	25	<b>25</b>	22	$22 \ 13$	13 9	Drawn.
		1	Wyllie	v.	Yates	, 1876.		

# Var. 1.

$\begin{array}{cccc} 25 & 22 & 31 \\ 4 & 8 & 9 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 9 & 5 \\ 27 & 27 \\ 13 & 16 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 14 & 10 \\ 24 & 25 \\ 20 & 8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 19 2 7 30 2 20 Dray	26 23
18 15 22	18 23	16 22		16	

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

This position also came up in the Bristol-see Var. 7.

				V٤	ır. 🤅	2.				
3-9	14	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	14	<b>21</b>	12	8	30	<b>26</b>	$11 \ 15$
18	9	3	8	23	18	11	15	15	11	$13 \ 9$
<b>5</b>	14	<b>23</b>	16	16	20	8	11	29	25	20 24
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	8	12	18	11	15	18	11	7	14 17
16	19	31	<b>27</b>	20	<b>24</b>	22	15	25	22	$15 \ 18$
<b>23</b>	16	12	19	11	8	31	<b>29</b>	16	20	$17 \ 21$
12	19	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>	30	<b>26</b>	6	9	$24 \ 27$
<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	11	16	8	4	21	25	7	<b>2</b>	$26 \ 22$
4	8	20	11	<b>27</b>	31	11	16	9	14	Drawn.
<b>23</b>	16	7	16	4	8	19	<b>24</b>	<b>2</b>	7	
8	12	<b>29</b>	25	<b>2</b>	7	28	19	22	17	
<b>32</b>	<b>27</b>	10	15	8	12	25	30	7	11	
12	19	<b>21</b>	17	7	11	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	17	13	
		Ya	tes 1	<i>c</i> .	Coa	ıkley,	187	5.		
					98					

DUNDEE.

				V٤	ır. 3	3.					
9 18 10		8	23 12 16	14	9 10 4	_	24 6 20		15	25 17 30	<b>26</b>
21 16	14 19	$\frac{12}{32}$	19 27	$27 \\ 14$	$\begin{array}{c} 23 \\ 17 \end{array}$	10 11	14 7	16 9	11 14	$27 \\ 15$	$\frac{18}{22}$
$23 \\ 12 \\ 25$	19	27	8 23 12	17	16 21 11	7	$     \begin{array}{c}       17 \\       2 \\       19     \end{array} $	a-22 $14$ $26$	<b>23</b>	9 22 Dra	
	$\frac{8}{25}$	12	16 19 27	$2\overline{0}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6\\ 16\\ 10\end{array}$	19	7 24 11	31 19 6			
11	10		-	-		00 18		U	0		

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

(a) A beautiful move; any other would have made a difficult draw.—Turf, Game 1172.

Vor A

			va	r. 4.					
5-28 2	4 7	16	<b>24</b>	19	<b>24</b>	27	19	16	69
91	4 20	11	15	<b>24</b>	<b>22</b>	18	18	<b>22</b>	38
$22 \ 1$	8 8	15	<b>28</b>	19	14	<b>23</b>	30	25	9 14
3	8 25	22	11	15	<b>26</b>	19	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	8 12
18	94	8	19	16	<b>27</b>	31	<b>25</b>	18	14 18
5 1	4 31	<b>27</b>	12	19	8	3	<b>23</b>	14	$12 \ 16$
$24 \ 1$	98	11	<b>23</b>	16	31	<b>27</b>	16	12	$18 \ 23$
11 1	5 27	<b>24</b>	15	19	3	8	14	10	$16 \ 19$
$20 \ 1$	16	9	16	11	10	14	12	8	$23 \ 26$
15 2	4 32	<b>28</b>	19	<b>24</b>	8	11	<b>2</b>	6	$11 \ 15$
27 2	09	13	11	8	14	18	8	3	Drawn.
		Wyllie	v.	Yates,	, 18	76.			

				Va	r. {	5.					
27	<b>24</b>	18	9	31	<b>26</b>	32	<b>27</b>	26	<b>23</b>	13	9
3	8	5	14	4	8	11	16	19	<b>26</b>	1	<b>5</b>
22	18	22	17	25	22	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>28</b>	10	9	6
16	19	7	10	15	19	16	20	<b>26</b>	30	17	13
23	16	29	<b>25</b>	<b>23</b>	16	<b>24</b>	15	<b>22</b>	18	6	<b>2</b>
12	19	8	12	12	19	10	19	30	<b>25</b>	13	9
24	15	26	<b>23</b>	20	16	17	10	18	14	Dra	wn.
10	19	19	<b>26</b>	8	11	6	15	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>		
25	<b>22</b>	30	<b>23</b>	16	7	21	17	17	13		
9	14	11	15	2	11	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>22</b>	17		
		Yat	tes v	G. D	<b>).</b> B	ugbee,	187	77.			

$\begin{array}{c} 22 & 1 \\ 8 & 1 \\ 18 & 1 \\ 10 & 1 \\ 21 & 1 \\ 9 & 1 \\ 23 & 1 \end{array}$	$     \begin{array}{cccc}       2 & 9 \\       4 & 23 \\       7 & 1 \\       4 & 30 \\       8 & 4 \\     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17 23 18 24 19 523 714 11	14 5 17 22 3	$21 \\ 22 \\ 9 \\ 14 \\ 3 \\ 25 \\ 8 \\ 15$	23 18 26 32 25 21	18 26 23 30 27 29 17 25	9 5 17 14 5 1 22 25 27 24 25 29 24 19 Drawn.
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------

# Var. 6.

Yates v. R. E. Bowen, 1877.

# DYKE.

11	15	2-30	<b>25</b>	11	16	<b>32</b>	16	13	17	72
<b>22</b>	17	4	8	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	7	10	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	$27 \ 31$
4-15	19	<b>22</b>	18	16	20	14	7	3	7	$2 \ 6$
23	16	9	13	23	16	<b>2</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	31 27
12	19	18	14	12	19	<b>21</b>	17	7	10	$15 \ 11$
<b>24</b>	15	13	<b>22</b>	31	<b>27</b>	a- 9	13	14	7	$27 \ 23$
10	19	25	18	<b>1</b> - 6	9	17	14	6	9	11 8
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	8	12	27	<b>24</b>	1	6	<b>21</b>	14	20 24
8	11	29	<b>25</b>	20	27	18	15	9	<b>27</b>	Drawn.
		ł	<sup>7</sup> ate	s v. M	arta	ins, 18	377.			

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(a) 3-7, 17-14, 7-11, 14-10, 9-14, 18-9, 5-14, 25-22, 11-15, 26-23, 20-24, 28-19, 15-24, 22-18, 1-5, 18-9, 5-14. Drawn.— Yates v. Martins, 1877.

### Var. 1.

3	8	32	14	7	14	<b>2</b>	6	23	<b>26</b>	18 27
18	15	1	6	17	10	5	9	6	9	$25 \ 18$
6	10	<b>21</b>	17	11	15	6	1	<b>26</b>	30	$27 \ 23$
15	6	8	11	10 <sup>.</sup>	6	9	14	9	18	Drawn.
2	18	<b>25</b>	21	15	18	1	6	30	<b>25</b>	
27	24	6	9	6	<b>2</b>	18	<b>23</b>	21	17	
20	27	14	10	9	13	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	19	<b>23</b>	
		v	<sup>7</sup> ntos	en M	arts	ine 19	277			

Yates v. Martins, 1877.

				Va	r. 2	2.				
3-17	13	26	23	28	<b>24</b>	30	<b>26</b>	4	8	15 19
9	14	4	8	3	8	1	5	27	31	$22 \ 15$
22	17	29	25	<b>23</b>	18	17	14	8	11	19 1
7	10	7	11	14	<b>23</b>	10	17	16	19	Drawn.
27	<b>23</b>	25	<b>22</b>	27	18	<b>21</b>	14	11	15	
2	7	11	15	20	27	11	16	19	<b>24</b>	
23	16	31	27	32	<b>23</b>	18	4	<b>22</b>	18	
11	20	8	11	5	9	9	<b>27</b>	31	22	
		Ya	ites	v. A.	Sch	aefer,	188	1.		

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# Var. 3.

		Val. 0.			
$27 \ 23$	32 23	$28 \ 19$	11 8	14 10	$21 \ 17$
$11 \ 16$	16 20	$27 \ 23$	$23 \ 27$	6 1	$23 \ 19$
$17 \ 13$	23 19	19 16	84	$15 \ 11$	17 14
9 14	20 24	14 18	$18 \ 15$	$31 \ 26$	19 24
$22 \ 17$	19 16	$22\ 15$	48	11 7	72
7 10	$24 \ 27$	10 19	$2 \ 7$	$27 \ 31$	$15 \ 11$
$29 \ 25$	$16 \ 12$	16 11	3 10	73	14 10
48	8 11	$23 \ 18$	15 6	$31 \ 27$	$24 \ 20$
$25 \ 22$	12 8	38	8 11	10 7	37
8 11	$27 \ 31$	914	$19 \ 23$	$27 \ 23$	$11 \ 15$
$31 \ 27$	83	17 10	17 14	72	26
59	$11 \ 15$	$6\ 15$	$27 \ 31$	$23 \ 19$	$15 \ 11$
27 24	$26 \ 23$	$21 \ 17$	$11 \ 15$	$2 \ 7$	7 16
3 8	$31 \ 27$	$19 \ 23$	$23 \ 27$	19 15	20 11
$24 \ 15$	23 19	8 3	30 25	$25 \ 21$	a - 6 - 2
$11 \ 27$	15 24	$15 \ 19$	1 5	$\overline{26}$ $\overline{23}$	B. wins.

Yates beats A. O. Robinson, 1878.

(a) Game beautifully played.—Turf, Game 1446.

# Var. 4.

	$\frac{14}{22}$	$^{21}_{5}$		-	8 27	22	$\frac{18}{22}$	19 16	23	$\begin{smallmatrix}2&9\\10&15\end{smallmatrix}$
	22 19	-		-	14		22 8	23		10 13 17 14
	19				17		16		21 7	22 25
		5-27	-		$11^{11}$		24		32	21 17
	16				$\frac{12}{22}$				24	25 29
		29	_		$\frac{22}{18}$		$\frac{12}{20}$	32		25 29 9 6
	10	29 7			$\frac{10}{23}$		19		20	Drawn.
	15	25			$\frac{23}{27}$	20		28	-	
U						D				

Yates v. Capt. W. H. Broughton, 1876.

# Var. 5.

30	25	8	11	11	7	25	22	2	7	1 10
	10	29			$2\dot{4}$			$1\overline{6}$		$19\ \overline{15}$
25		ĩĭ				$\hat{22}$		$\hat{24}$		$10 \ 19$
	12	$\hat{24}$			14	14		$\overline{28}$		$16 \ 32$
27		$\tilde{1}\tilde{4}$				$a-\bar{2}\bar{4}$		- 7	-	Drawn.
	14	$\hat{2}\hat{0}$		6				$3\dot{2}$		
$3\ddot{2}$	_	18		7	2	18	27	11	16	
	8	27				$\overline{31}$		20	$\overline{24}$	
$2\hat{2}$	-	15			17	12		10	6	
		4	Scha	ofor		Yates,	188	1		
				•						
10 10	· :_ L_	44 a m	<b>X</b> 7	$\mathbf{v}$	177	ables T	7 am1	1 0-		91

(a) 12-16 is better.—N. Y. Weekly World, Game 21.

# EDINBURGH.

9	13	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	1	6	$28 \ 19$	3	8	10 15		
<b>22</b>	18	4	8	32	<b>27</b>	15 24	10	6	$17 \ 22$		
<b>1</b> -12		29	25	11	15	$22 \ 17$	<b>2</b>	9	$15 \ 19$		
<b>24</b>	20	6	10	14	10	$13 \ 22$	13	6	$22 \ 25$		
8	12	27	<b>23</b>	7	14	$26\ 17$	5	9	$31 \ 26$		
18	14	10	17	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	9 13	6	<b>2</b>	$25 \ 30$		
10	17	$_{23}$	16	14	18	30 26	8	12	$26 \ 22$		
<b>21</b>	14	8	12	23	14	$13 \ 22$	<b>2</b>	6	$30 \ 26$		
16	19	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	6	9	26 17	9	14	$22 \ 17$		
<b>23</b>	16	12	19	14	10	$24 \ 28$	6	10	$28 \ 32$		
12	19	<b>21</b>	14	19	<b>24</b>	$17 \ 13$	<b>14</b>	17	Drawn.		
	Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.										

$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 23 & 7 \\ 3 & 10 \\ 26 & 23 \\ 11 & 16 \\ 24 & 19 \\ 15 & 24 \\ 27 & 11 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1       15       31       27         7       24       15       18         6       9       22       8         4       20       13       31         8       11       20       11         1       17       31       24         2       16       Drawn.
	77 .		

Yates v. S. T. Allen, 1876.

(a) 11-16, 18-11, 8-15, 24-19, 15-24, 28-19, 4-8, 22-18, 16-20, 25-22, 8-11, 19-15, 3-8, 21-17. W. wins.—A Distinguished Player beaten by Yates, 1877.

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FIFE.

11	15	6-15	18	10	15	16	20	1	10	15 19
<b>23</b>	19	<b>2</b> -27	<b>23</b>	19	10	14	9	9	6	6 10
	14		<b>27</b>	6	15	<b>23</b>	<b>27</b>	7	11	19 24
	17		<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	17	31	<b>24</b>	6	<b>2</b>	51
	9	8			12	20	<b>27</b>	10	15	$24 \ 28$
<b>10-</b> 17			<b>22</b>		<b>22</b>	18	14	5	1	16
8-14			8	12	16	<b>27</b>	31	3	8	$28 \ 32$
	16			<b>23</b>	18	14	10	1	6	69
		<b>1</b> -11		15	19	7	14	8	12	$27 \ 23$
<b>26</b>			19		14		10	13	9	914
	<b>26</b>		<b>24</b>		<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	7	31	<b>27</b>	$12 \ 16$
30	5	<b>28</b>	19	<b>22</b>	18	10	6	9	5	Drawn.
		т	7		r		2777			

Yates v. Martins, 1877.

(a) 24-19, 8-12, 29-25, 11-15, 28-24, 15-18, 23-14, 10-26, 31-22, 7-11, 24-20, 3-7, 19-15, 11-18, 22-15, 6-9, 13-6, 1-19, 5-1, 12-16, 20-11, 7-16. Drawn—Yates v. W. C. Parrow, 1877.

		Var. 1.			
10 15	$19 \ 12$	$29 \ 25$	$18 \ 15$	19 23	96
24 19	38	31 26	$22\ 18$	83	1 10
15 24	12 3	$25 \ 30$	$15 \ 11$	$23 \ 26$	51
$28 \ 19$	11 16	$26 \ 22$	$18 \ 15$	17 13	$18 \ 15$
$8 \ 12$		$30 \ 25$	11 8	$15 \ 18$	16
$22 \ 18$	629	$22 \ 17$	$16 \ 19$	$21 \ 17$	Drawn.
$12 \ 16$	$23 \ 18$	$25 \ 22$	13 9	$26 \ 30$	
	Yates a	v. J. P. Re	ed, 1881.		

			Va	r. 2	2.					
25 23	2 8	11	<b>28</b>	19	8	12	10	7	26 31	
18 2	5 24	19	8	11	18	9	19	<b>26</b>	7 10	
29 23		8	<b>3</b> -19	16	10	15	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	15 19	
10 14			11		17	14	2	11	$23 \ 18$	
5-22 1	7 11	15	32		12	16	9	<b>2</b>	Drawn.	
4-710		<b>22</b>			14	10	11	15		
27 23	3 15	<b>24</b>	<b>22</b>	18	15	19	2	7		
Yates v. C. F. Barker, 1877.										

FIFE.

Var. 3.

<b>22</b>	18	27	31	11		-	13	6		$13 \ 22$
10	15	a-24	<b>20</b>	<b>2</b>	11	1	5	16		$15 \ 18$
18	9	8	12	9	<b>2</b>	18	9	18	<b>22</b>	22 $25$
15	24	20	16	<b>22</b>	18	5	14	12	16	$31 \ 26$
<b>23</b>	19	11	<b>20</b>	13	9	24	<b>27</b>	<b>21</b>	17	$25 \ 30$
3	8	19	15	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	14	18	19	<b>23</b>	$26 \ 23$
<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	31	<b>26</b>	17	14	<b>27</b>	<b>32</b>	10	15	$16 \ 20$
<b>24</b>	27	15	11	1	6	<b>2</b>	6	23	<b>26</b>	$18 \ 22$
<b>28</b>	24	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	5	1	11	16	22	31	B. wins.
		72	-	hants	11		10*	717		

Yates beats Martins, 1877.

(a) 17-14, 31-27, 21-17, 27-20, 19-16, 11-15, 16-11, 15-19-b, 11-4, 19-24, 4-8, 20-16, 8-3, 16-11, 3-7, 11-16, 14-10, 6-15, 7-10, 16-19, 9-6, 2-9, 13-6, 24-28, 10-14, Drawn.—W. Keller. (b) 8-12, 11-7, 2-11, 9-2, 15-18, 13-9, 18-22, 9-6, 1-10, 14-7. Drawn.—W. Keller.

				Var. 4			
14	18	7	11	$2 \ 18$	$22 \ 26$	$12 \ 16$	$26 \ 22$
<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	24 19	$21 \ 17$	8 11	7 11
18	27	3	8	$26 \ 23$	9 13	$16 \ 20$	$22\ 17$
<b>32</b>	<b>23</b>	19	15	$19 \ 15$	$17 \ 14$	10 7	$11 \ 7$
8	11	11	<b>27</b>	$18 \ 22$	$26 \ 31$	$20 \ 24$	$17 \ 13$
<b>23</b>	19	20	4	$15 \ 10$	10 7	73	$10 \ 15$
4	8	<b>27</b>	31	23 18	13 9	$24 \ 27$	96
<b>31</b>	<b>26</b>	4	8	8 11	14 10	37	2 9
8	12	31	<b>26</b>	18 14	$31 \ 26$	$27 \ 31$	$13 \ 6$
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	17	14	11 7	73	7 10	Drawn.
11	16	6	9	14 9	$26 \ 23$	$31 \ 26$	
<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	13	6	72	38	11 7	
				1	1070		

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

				Va	r. 5	5.				
<b>22</b>	18	10	15	21	17	15	<b>22</b>	20	11	$24 \ 27$
14	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	6	9	<b>23</b>	18	18	<b>23</b>	$12 \ 8$
<b>27</b>	18	12	16	10	6	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	11	7	$27 \ 31$
8	11	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	1	10	6	9	<b>22</b>	18	84
<b>32</b>	<b>27</b>		8		1	<b>26</b>	31	7	<b>2</b>	$31 \ 26$
7	10	13	9	10	14	9	14	12	16	48
31	26	6	13	17	10	31	<b>26</b>	<b>24</b>	19	$23 \ 27$
4	8	18	14	9	14	14	<b>21</b>	16	<b>20</b>	10 7
<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	8	12	1	6	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	19	16	$27 \ 31$
8	12	14	10	14	17	18	15	20	24	73
<b>24</b>	20	2	6	22	18	11	18	16	12	Drawn.
		1	Wyll	ie v.	Yat	es, 18	76.			

		Var. 6.			
7-811	$10 \ 15$	$28 \ 32$	7 10	24 28	15 18
$27 \ 23$	$29 \ 25$	$15 \ 11$	18 14	9 6	$23 \ 26$
48	7 10	$32 \ 27$	11 7	1 10	32 27
$32 \ 27$	$21 \ 17$	11 8	14 9	5 1	6 2
$15 \ 19$	$19 \ 24$	$27 \ 23$	72	26	$27 \ 31$
$23 \ 16$	$28 \ 19$	84	48	$1 \ 5$	$26 \ 30$
$11 \ 20$	$15 \ 24$	$23 \ 18$	$10 \ 15$	$28 \ 32$	$31 \ 26$
24 19	$22 \ 18$	4 8	8 11	$18 \ 23$	30 23
8 11	$24 \ 28$	$18 \ 15$	$15 \ 19$	$10 \ 15$	$18 \ 27$
$25 \ 22$	$18 \ 15$	25 $22$	$17 \ 14$	$5 \ 1$	16
$11 \ 15$	10 19	$2 \ 7$	$19 \ 24$	6 10	$27 \ 32$
$19 \ 16$	$27 \ 24$	84	$14 \ 10$	$13 \ 9$	Drawn.
$15 \ 19$	$20 \ 27$	$15 \ 11$	$6\ 15$	10 14	
$16 \ 12$	31  15	$22 \ 18$	11 18	96	

Yates v. A. O. Robinson, 1878.

				Va	ır. 7	7.				
$\frac{15}{24}$		-	11		14	24			18	14 9
10	19		$\begin{array}{c} 27 \\ 15 \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 24 \end{array}$		$\frac{23}{32}$		7 10	$egin{array}{ccc} 1 & 5 \ 9 & 6 \end{array}$
$\frac{31}{8}$			$\frac{17}{10}$		$\frac{18}{27}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23\\32 \end{array}$		5	1 14	17 13
$2\overline{7}$	$\bar{2}\bar{3}$	29	<b>25</b>	18	14		<sup>2</sup> 7 6	10	6	$egin{array}{ccc} 26&22\ 5&9 \end{array}$
$\frac{4}{23}$			$\frac{19}{23}$		31 9	$\frac{1}{22}$	10	$\frac{2}{13}$	9 6	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 2 \\ 9 & 6 \end{array}$
11	20	19	<b>24</b>	$\overline{20}$	$2\overline{4}$	27	$\overline{23}$	31		$\begin{array}{ccc} 9 & 0 \\ 2 & 9 \end{array}$
<b>25</b> :	<b>22</b>		19	25		18		6	1	Drawn.
		Ya	tes v.	<b>A</b> .	Sch	aefer,	188	<b>1</b> .		

Var. 8.

<b>9-</b> 1 25		$\begin{array}{ccc} 27 & 23 \\ 9 & 14 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 24 \\ 20 & 11 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 25&21\ 3&7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 21 & 25 \\ 26 & 22 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}18&15\\7&11\end{array}$
14	17	$30 \ 25$	$8 \ 15$	$21 \ 14$	$25 \ 30$	15 8
<b>21</b>	14	7 11	$28 \ 19$	10 17	$22 \ 18$	Drawn.
9	<b>25</b>	$32 \ 27$	$15 \ 24$	$22\ 18$	$30 \ 25$	
<b>29</b>	<b>22</b>	$11 \ 16$	$27 \ 20$	$17 \ 21$	14 9	
5	9	$24 \hspace{0.1in} 20$	14 17	18 14	$25 \ 22$	

Hayward v. Yates, 1877.

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7 11

 $25 \ \bar{2}2$ 

11 16

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		Var. 9.			
8	15	10 19	3	7	15 18
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	17 10	29	25	31 26
15	19	$6\ 15$	7	10	9 14

<b>22</b>	17	<b>23</b>	16	13	6	17	13	$25 \ 21$	30 14
16	<b>23</b>	12	19	<b>2</b>	9	1	6	$10 \ 15$	W. wins.
<b>27</b>	11	<b>24</b>	15	<b>21</b>	17	32	<b>27</b>	$21 \ 17$	

Yates beaten by Capt. W. H. Broughton, 1875.

				Var. 1(	).			
9	131	8-8 5-23 2-13	18	$\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 19 \\ 17 & 22 \\ 25 & 21 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 11 & 16 \\ 20 & 11 \\ 7 & 16 \end{array}$	i 19	23 26 7	$egin{array}{ccc} 16 & 19 \ 3 & 7 \ 19 & 24 \end{array}$
28 13 25	$\frac{19}{22}$		$17 \\ 26 \\ 16$	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \hspace{0.1cm} 24 \\ 8 \hspace{0.1cm} 11 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$     \begin{array}{c}             15 \\             4 26 \\             3 8             8          $	11 8 30 3 26	14 10 24 27 32 23 26 19 Drawn.
29	<b>25</b>	7	23	19 15	a-22 26	3 18	14	

Yates v. Martins, 1877.

(a) 2-6, 15-11, 6-15, 11-7. Drawn.—Yates v. J. P. Reed, 1881.

(b) 13-22, 25-9, 6-13, 29-25, 15-24, 28-19. Back to Var. 10 again. This is the way note a was played up.

Var. 11.

$   \begin{array}{cccc}     15 & 11 \\     16 & 19 \\     11 & 8   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       19 & 26 \\       3 & 8 \\       26 & 31     \end{array} $	$egin{array}{cccc} 15 & 10 \ 23 & 26 \ 10 & 7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 22 \\ 17 & 14 \\ 22 & 18 \end{array}$	$   \begin{array}{ccc}     3 & 8 \\     6 & 9 \\     7 & 3   \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{ccc}9&14\\7&2\\14&17\end{array}$
$     \begin{array}{ccc}       11 & 8 \\       12 & 16 \\       8 & 3     \end{array} $		$   \begin{array}{cccc}     10 & 7 \\     26 & 30 \\     21 & 17   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       22 & 18 \\       14 & 10 \\       2 & 6     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{c}       7 & 3 \\       9 & 13 \\       11 & 7     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       14 & 17 \\       3 & 7 \\       17 & 21     \end{array} $
$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 26 \\ 30 & 23 \end{array}$	$     \begin{array}{c}       18 & 15 \\       19 & 23     \end{array}   $	$\begin{array}{c} \overline{30} & \overline{26} \\ 7 & 3 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 10&7\1&5 \end{array}$	5 9 8 11	7 10 Drawn.

Yates v. W. R. Barker, 1877.

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 $\begin{array}{ccc} 14 & 21 \\ 26 & 23 \end{array}$ 

19 26

<b>14-</b> 3			18	14		15	96
18 1	14 12	16 14	10	26 2	23 10	6	$2 \ 9$
10 1	17 24	19 6	15	9	5 15	10	13 6
21 1	14 16	20 23	14	23 1	9 6	1	15 18
13 1			18	15 1	0 32	27	6 10
13-27 2	23 1	6 30	<b>26</b>	20 2	24 9	13	18 15
11 1	16 16	12 17	<b>21</b>	5	1 27	23	$28 \ 24$
20 1	11 7	11 26	<b>22</b>	24 2	27 1	5	15 6
8 2	24 12	8 21	30	1	5 23	19	Drawn.
32 2	28 11	15 22	15	27 3	32 5	9	
24 2	27 8	3 30	26	5	9 10	15	

Yates beats Martins, 1877.

Var. 13.

14	9	1	5	32	27	14	17	14	9	24 27
11	16	31	<b>26</b>	4	8	18	14	16	20	B. wins.
<b>20</b>	11	5	14	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	11	16	9	5	
-	<b>24</b>					<b>20</b>	11	20	<b>24</b>	
<b>27</b>	<b>20</b>	17	<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>	18	7	16	<b>5</b>	1	

Yates beats W. R. Barker, 1877.

		Var. 14	•		
11 16 20 11 7 23 18 14 10 17 21 14	$\begin{array}{cccc} 17 & 22 \\ 25 & 21 \\ 12 & 16 \\ 21 & 17 \\ 3 & 7 \\ 17 & 13 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 8 \\ 18 & 15 \\ 19 & 23 \\ 32 & 28 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 9 & 6 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 7 & 10 \\ 15 & 11 \\ 8 & 15 \\ 6 & 2 \\ 5 & 9 \\ 2 & 7 \\ 2 & 7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 27 31 24 14 18 Drawn.
$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 17 \\ 27 & 18 \end{array}$	$   \begin{array}{r}     16 & 19 \\     14 & 9 \\    \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{c}       2 & 9 \\       13 & 6 \\       C & C \\       C & c \\       k \\       $	$\begin{array}{c}9 & 14\\7 & 2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 26 \\ 30 & 23 \end{array}$	

Yates v. C. Coakley, 1878.

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Var. 15.										
25 22 21	25 1	8 14	28	<b>24</b>	7	3	15 8			
17-11 15 19	15	37	19	15	17	14	4 11			
27 24 2	7 1	49	a-26	<b>23</b>	3	7	$23 \ 19$			
4 8 15	8 3	0 26	15	10	15	10	11 7			
21 17 7	14	62		19	7	3	19 15			
8 11 18		7 10		6	23		7 2			
23 18 5		27	19	15	8	4	$15 \ 10$			
158	4 1		3	8	19	15	$31 \ 26$			
$32 \ 28 \ 25$		96	15	10	3		18 14			
10 14 4	8 1		6	<b>2</b>	14		$26 \ 23$			
17 10 <b>16-1</b> 4	17 2		<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>	8		14 9			
7 23 8	11 2			3	15		$23 \ 19$			
19 10 17				29	4		95			
23 27 11		$2 \ 18$			10		$20 \ 16$			
$22 \ 18 \ 22$		7 11	10	15	11	8	10 6			
$13 \ 17 \ 15$	10 1			8	18		29			
$30 \ 26 \ 25$		6 2		<b>25</b>	3		5  14			
$27 \ 32 \ 23$	18 3			3	9		$16 \ 11$			
24 19 29		$2 \ 7$	25	<b>22</b>	7		$14 \ 10$			
17 21 10	63			7	14		11 8			
$26 \ 23 \ 25$	<b>22</b>	73	<b>22</b>	17	8	4	B. wins.			

Yates beats J. P. Reed, 1881.

(a) Mr. Yates did not appear to want the man on 15.— 24-19, 20-16, 19-10, 11-7, W. wins.—Newark Sunday Call, Game 604.

		Var. 16	<b>.</b>		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14 17 7 3 17 22 2 7 19 23 7 11 23 26	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	27 24 16 12 18 15 20 16 24 19 16 11 15 10	8 3 25 29 11 7 10 15 7 2 29 25 Drawn.
	Wyll	ie v. Yate	8, 1873.		
		Var. 17	<b>'</b> .		

1	5	10	17	4511	$11 \ 15$	$19 \ 23$	9 14		
<b>22</b>	18	<b>21</b>	14	$30^{-}25$	$27 \ 23$	$22 \ 17$	<b>18 9</b>		
3	8	2	6	$13 \ 17$	69	$12 \ 19$	5 14		
18	15	19	15	$25 \ 22$	$23_{11}$	$17 \ 13$	7 2		
	18	8	11	17 26	$15 \ 19$	7 10	14 18		
<b>23</b>	14	15	8	$31 \ 22$	$20 \ 16$	14 7	Drawn.		
	Yates (blindfold) v. C. Hefter, 1877.								

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### Var. 18.

<b>19-10</b> 14 25 22 8 11 22 18 1 5 18 9 5 14	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 10 \\ 25 & 22 \\ 3 & 7 \\ 22 & 18 \\ 14 & 17 \\ 21 & 14 \\ 10 & 17 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 14 & 17 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 22 & 26 \\ 31 & 22 \\ 17 & 26 \\ 19 & 15 \\ 13 & 17 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 17 & 22 \\ 5 & 9 \\ 26 & 30 \\ 32 & 28 \\ 30 & 26 \\ 27 & 24 \\ 26 & 31 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c}5&14\\30&25\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 17 \\ 18 & 15 \end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}10&14\\5&1\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 17 \\ 15 & 10 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 31 \\ 20 & 16 \end{array}$	48 Drawn.

Yates v. W. R. Barker, 1877.

Var. 19.

$2\overline{5}$ 8 22	5 22 11 18 6	23 a-17 27	$\bar{2}\bar{3}$	14 3 27	10 7 10 23 9	20 9 16	22 16 14 11 18	8 31 10	$     \begin{array}{r}       31 \\       11 \\       27 \\       6 \\       26     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{cccc} 12 & 16 \\ 11 & 20 \\ 18 & 11 \\ 20 & 24 \\ 11 & 15 \end{array}$
22 2 31 13 21 10		27 10 32 4 18	23 17 27 8 15 18	27 5 23 10 19 14		16 14 11 18 4 22	11 18	10 23 30 27 6 21		

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Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

(a) 12-16, 19-12, 10-15, would only draw.—Turf, Game 1167.

### GLASGOW.

		-	9-4	8	-	10	18			22	32 27
	<b>23</b>		29		31			7	11	7	$18 \ 22$
	8	11	5 - 19		10	15	22		22		$27 \ 23$
	22	17	3-17	14	19		7	10	7	10	$30 \ 25$
• 1	.11	16	9	18	6	15	<b>26</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>31</b>	$24 \ 28$
	24	<b>20</b>	<b>22</b>	15	<b>21</b>		13	9	15	18	$15 \ 10$
	16	<b>23</b>	10	19	9	13	31	<b>26</b>	31	<b>27</b>	$28 \ 24$
	<b>27</b>	11	32	<b>28</b>	17	14	9	6	10	14	10 14
	7	16	<b>1-</b> 8	11	13	17	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	9	13	24 27
	<b>20</b>	11	25	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	13	6	<b>2</b>	18	<b>22</b>	$25 \ 21$
	3	7	5	9	15	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	18	27	<b>24</b>	$27 \ 32$
14	-28	<b>24</b>	22	18	14	10	<b>2</b>	7	<b>22</b>	18	$14 \ 10$
	7	16	<b>2</b>	7	11	15	1	5	<b>23</b>	<b>27</b>	$32 \ 28$
11	-24	<b>20</b>	26	<b>23</b>	10	7	7	11	18	15	$21 \ 17$
	16	19	19	<b>26</b>	15	18	5	9	27	32	$23 \ 18$
	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	28	19	7	2	10	15	14	18	Drawn.
	Weillie Water 1070										

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

Var. 1.

<b>2</b> - 5	9	8	11	1	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	6	21	25	11 18
25	<b>22</b>	30	<b>23</b>	31	<b>26</b>	<b>21</b>	17	9	6	26
<i>c</i> - 9	14	b- 6	9	5	14	14	<b>21</b>	25	30	10 14
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	18	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	a-23	18	6	<b>2</b>	6 10
19	<b>26</b>	9	13	13	17	6	10	30	<b>26</b>	$26 \ 30$
28	19	18	9	22	13	13	9	18	15	Drawn.
		<i>W</i> .	R. 1	Barker	·v.	Yates.	187	73.		

(a) 20-16. 11-20, 19-15, 21-25, 23-18, 25-30, 18-14, 30-26, 14-9. Drawn. W. R. Barker v. Yates, 1873.

(b) 6-10, 22-18, 1-5, 18-9, 5-14, 31-26, 11-15, 19-16, 12-19, 23-16, 14-18, 16-11, 18-23, 26-19, 15-24, 11-8, 10-14, 8-3, 24-27, 3-8, 27-31, 8-11, 14-18, 20-16, 18-23, 16-12, 31-26. Drawn.—Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

(c) 6-10, 22-18, 9-14, 18-9, 1-5, 9-6, 2-9, 20-16, 9-14, 26-23, 19-26, 28-19, 5-9, 31-22, 9-13, 30-25, 8-11. Drawn.— W. R. Barker v. Yates, 1873.

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# R. D. YATES, CHECKER PLAYER.

		-		1 441. 21			
6	10	15	<b>22</b>	6 10	$24 \ 28$	27 23	23 19
25	<b>22</b>	<b>23</b>	7	$17 \ 13$	$31 \ 26$	18 14	17 14
	11	<b>2</b>	11	$11 \ 15$	$28 \ 32$	$10 \ 15$	$19 \ 15$
<b>22</b>	18	<b>28</b>	19	30 26	$26 \ 22$	14 10	13 9
a-10	15	1	6	$15 \ 24$	$32 \ 27$	15 18	$15 \ 11$
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>21</b>	17	$26\ 17$	$22 \ 18$	10 6	Drawn.
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M. C. Priest v. Yates, 1875.

(a) 10-14, 18-9, 5-14, 26-23, 19-26, 28-19, 2-6, 30-23, 11-15, 19-10, 6-15, 31-26, 15-19, 23-16, 12-19, 26-22, 19-24, Drawn.—Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

Var. 3.

17 4- 9	13 14	$10 \\ 32$	$\frac{15}{28}$		$\frac{17}{28}$	12 a-27			9 25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 18 \\ 16 & 19 \end{array}$
26			10		$\overline{13}$		$\overline{15}$		$\overline{2}$	$25 \ 30$
8	11	<b>28</b>	19	1	6	26	<b>22</b>	16	19	19 16
<b>22</b>	18	15	<b>24</b>	30	<b>26</b>	6	10	2	7	10 14
5	9	13	6	<b>28</b>	32	13	6	19	<b>28</b>	Drawn.
25	<b>22</b>	2	9	31	27	32	27	7	16	

W. R. Barker v. Yates, 1873.

(a) 26-22, 32-28, 22-17, 28-24, 18-15, 10-26, 17-1, 24-31, 13-6, 16-19, 6-2, 19-23-b, 1-6. Drawn.—Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.
(b) 11-15, 2-6, 15-18, 6-10, 18-23, 10-15, 19-24, 15-18, 24-28. Drawn.—W. R. Barker v. Yates, 1877.

### Var. 4.

-	11 18	$\frac{26}{10}$				30 24			
-9	14	$\overline{25}$	$\overline{22}$	1	5	$\overline{20}$	16	10 17	
18	9	<b>2</b>	7	28	19	11	<b>20</b>	$21 \ 14$	
5	14	b-22	17	15	<b>24</b>	a-23	19	20 $24$	

W. R. Barker beats Yates, 1873.

(a) 26-22, 28-32, 22-18, 5-9, 18-15. Drawn.—C. Hefter.
(b) 23-19, 7-10 or 6-10 must be the reply, when 32-28, and White wins in a walk.—W. Reid.

GLASGOW.

			-	Va	r. 5.					
10	15	17	14	10	15	22	17	<b>24</b>	20	$19 \ 23$
17	13	10	17	8	3	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	7	3	$24 \ 20$
<b>2</b>	7	25	<b>22</b>	1	10	6	10	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	$23 \ 27$
7-21	17	17	26	3	8	<b>23</b>	19	3	7	$20 \ 16$
6-7	10	30	16	15	<b>22</b>	17	14	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	6 10
<b>20</b>	16	<b>24</b>	<b>28</b>	8	6	19	<b>24</b>	7	11	59
19	<b>23</b>	16	12	<b>22</b>	25	10	6	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	$10 \ 15$
<b>26</b>	19	8	11	31	<b>26</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	11	15	9 13
15	<b>24</b>	12	8	25	30	14	10	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	$15 \ 10$
<b>22</b>		6	10	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	15	19	$13 \ 17$
12	19	13	6	30	<b>26</b>	10	7	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	Drawn.
		л	Tartin	8 9)	Vate	e 19	877			

Martins v. Yates, 1877. ~

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				Va	r. t	j.					
<i>b</i> - 8	11	<b>25</b>	21	10	<b>28</b>	7	<b>2</b>	18	<b>22</b>	18	27
<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	5	9	17	10	15	19	10	15	<b>32</b>	<b>23</b>
7	10	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	6	15	23	16	19	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	17
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	11	16	13	6	12	19	15	18	<b>23</b>	18
19	<b>26</b>	20	11	1	10	<b>2</b>	7	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	17	13
30	<b>23</b>	15	18	11	7	14	18	31	<b>22</b>	18	14
9	14	22	15	10	14	a- 7	10	<b>28</b>	32	Drø	wn.
		Ya	tes v	. F.	E. 1	Pierce.	187	75.			

(a) This is now the famous position known as "Martins" Rest."

(b) 7-11, 26-23, 19-26, 30-23, 12-16, 23-18-c, 8-12, 32-28, 16-19, 31-26, 9-14, 17-10, 19-23, 26-19, 15-24, 28-19, 6-24, 18-14, 24-28, 22-17, Drawn.—Yates v. James Hill, 1878.
(c) 32-27, W. wins.—R. D. Yates.

				Va	r. 7	•					
31	<b>27</b>	26	<b>23</b>	19	16	<b>2</b>	7	8	3	17	10
8	11	19	<b>23</b>	11	15	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	23	<b>26</b>	18	14
8-27	<b>23</b>	30	<b>23</b>	16	11		16			11	18
	14	5		<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>			<b>26</b>		6	
		<i>j</i> -32			7			<b>28</b>			-
		15			30		19			_	10
<b>22</b>	17	23		-	<b>2</b>		-	a- 8		B. v	vins.
7	10	18	<b>23</b>	30	<b>26</b>	19	<b>23</b>	10	15		
			-			** .	-	~ ~ ~			

W. R. Barker beats Yates, 1873.

(a) Caught. Evidently playing for 26-22, 24-19, 22-29, 19-15. W. wins. 24-19 is the play.—*Turf, Game* 1088. Continue, 18-15-b, 25-22, 15-24, 22-18, 14-23, 7-5, 6-10, 8-11, 26-22, 5-9, 22-18, 9-14, 18-9, 13-6, 1-5, 6-2, 5-9, 17-13. W. wins.-Wm. Fairgrieve.

(b) 26-23-c, 8-11, 23-16, 11-20, 18-23, 25-22. W. wins.-Wm. Fairgrieve.

(c) 26-22-d, 8-11, 22-29, 19-15. W. wins.-Wm, Fairgrieve.

(d) 18-23, 8-12, W. wins.—Wm. Fairgrieve.
(e) 10-15, 17-10, 15-19, 24-15, 18-2, 8-11, 6-15. Drawn.

(f) 25-22, 11-16, 20-11, 15-18, 22-15, 10-26, 17-10, 6-15, 13-6, 1-10, 11-7. Drawn.—C. Hefter.

### Var. 8.

$21 \ 17$	$26 \ 23$	$32 \ 28$	11 7	$22 \ 17$	7 14
$19 \ 24$	$31 \ 26$	$11 \ 15$	$10 \ 15$	$5 \ 9$	$22 \ 13$
$27 \ 23$	$23 \ 19$	18 11	19 10	13 6	14 10
$24 \ 27$	$15 \ 24$	9 14	$6\ 15$	1 10	15 19
$23 \ 18$	$30 \ 23$	$28 \ 19$	73	37	Drawn.
$27 \ 31$	7 10	$14 \ 30$	30 25	25 22	
	77 .	<i>a n</i>			

Yates v. C. Freeman, 1877.

				Var. 9.					
9	14	8	11	$19 \ 26$	5	9	12	16	$15 \ 31$
10-17	13	<b>22</b>	17	$30 \ 23$	31	<b>26</b>	<b>20</b>	11	10 7
4	8	11	15	15  18	18	<b>22</b>	10	15	31 24
<b>29</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	a-32 27	<b>25</b>	18	17	10	B. wins.
		R. D.	Ya	tes, Turf.	Gam	e 13	308.		

(a) This move was suggested by Mr. Percey, to win for White, and was followed by 2-7, which loses. -R. D. Yates, Turf, Game 1308,

				Va	r. 1	0.				
<b>22</b>	18	25	<b>21</b>	18	14	21	17	6	<b>2</b>	24 19
14	<b>23</b>	1	6	26	30	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	19	<b>24</b>	$27 \ 24$
17	14	<b>21</b>	14	15	10	17	13	32	<b>28</b>	$19 \ 16$
10	17	6	10	5	9	<b>26</b>	31	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>	$31 \ 27$
<b>21</b>		30	25	14	<b>5</b>	13	9	2	7	$16 \ 12$
<b>2</b>	7	10	17	7	14	30	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>31</b>	$27 \ 23$
29	25	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	5	1	9	6	7	16	$12 \ 8$
<i>a</i> - 4	8	19	<b>23</b>	8	11	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	12	19	23 19
31	<b>27</b>	<b>26</b>	19	1	6	6	<b>2</b>	10	15	$15 \ 10$
6	10	17	<b>22</b>	14	18	31	<b>26</b>	19	<b>23</b>	$26 \ 31$
<b>27</b>	18	19	15	6	10	2	6	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	83
10	17	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	18	<b>22</b>	23	19	23	<b>26</b>	Drawn.
		1	77 7	<b>y</b> •	77 .	10				

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

(a) 6-9, 26-22, 9-18, 22-15, 7-11, 15-8, 4-11, 31-27, 5-9, 27-18, 1-5, 25-22, 9-14, 18-9, 5-14, 32-28, 12-16, 30-25, 19-23, 25-21, 23-26, 22-17. Drawn.-M. C. Priest v. Yates, 1878.

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GLASGOW.

# Var. 11.

<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	22 18	$21 \ 14$	$16 \ 11$	31 24	8 12
<b>12-</b> 10	15	$15 \ 22$	9 18	$19 \ 23$	20 27	$27 \ 31$
<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	$25 \ 18$	20 16	11 4	73	$12 \ 16$
16	19	7 10	18 23	$12 \ 16$	30 26	$31 \ 27$
17	13	32 28	26 22		37	$18 \ 15$
4	8	10 14	23 26	16 20	$27 \ 31$	W. wins.
30	25	18 15	22 18	a-11 7	48	
<b>2</b>	7	14 17	$26 \ 30$	$23 \ 27$	$31 \ 27$	

R. D. Yates, Boys of the World, Game 219.

(a) In game 214, Boys of the World, 4-8 is played, allowing Black to draw. -R. D. Yates.

Var. 12.

<b>26</b>	27 8 13 11 23 14 18 15	$15 \\ 24 \\ 11 \\ 19 \\ 6 \\ 21 \\ 14 \\ 23 \\ 15 \\ 14$	19 15 10 15 17 21 14 19	24 25 12 23 27 18 20 22 24 32	22 16 18 31 15 24 17 27	2 17 9	14 18 11 9 6 9 13 14	2 1 11 19 30 24 8	19 7 8 24 26 28 32 8	25 11 30 18 26	18 25 11 30 15 26 14
18	9 14		10 24		23 26	1Ŏ	14 7 18 2	3 32	-		11

W. R. Barker beaten by Yates, 1877.

(a) 5-9. B. wins.—W. R. Barker, N. E. C. P. Game 175.
Continue 32-28-b, 10-15, 30-25, 15-22, 25-18, 2-7, 24-19, 20-24, 27-20, 7-10, 20-16, 11-20, 29-25, 20-24, 18-15, 24-27, 15-11, 27-31, 11-7, 31-27. B. wins.—A. R. Bowdish, N. E. C. P. Game 211.

(b) 30-25-d, 10-15, 25-22, 6-10, 13-6, 2-9, 29-25, 1-5, 32-28-c, 9-13, 18-9, 5-14, 23-19, 11-16. B. wins.—A. R. Bowdish.

(c) 23-19, 14-23, 27-18, 20-27, 32-23, 15-24. B. wins.— A. R. Bowdish.

(d) 29-25, 10-15, 25-22, 6-10, 13-6, 2-9, 30-25. Same as note b again.

# R. D. YATES, CHECKER PLAYER.

# Var. 13.

	8	16	20	7	11	18	<b>25</b>	1	10	15	31
17	13	31	<b>27</b>	25	<b>22</b>	17	14	21	7	2	7
	14	11	15	5	9	10	17	<b>25</b>	30	$2\bar{6}$	19
<b>22</b>	_	23	19	30	<b>26</b>	19	10	7	2	7	23
	11		7		18	6	15	30	26	31	27
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	29	<b>25</b>	b-26	<b>23</b>	13	6	<b>24</b>	19	a-23	19
		A.	Sch	aefer a	v. Y	ates,	1877.			Dra	ıwn.

(a) Though Blacks have the man, still they cannot win.— Chicago Tribune, Game 24.

(b) Beautiful play.—Chicago Tribune, Game 24.

### Var. 14.

7 22 9 18	$22 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 14 \\ 9 \\ 14 \\ 14$	4 31 8 27	25 8 27 11 23 15	16 26 15 28	9 23 19 24 19 18	10 21 2 19	14 17 14 7 15 23	1 21 12	21 5 17 16 11 27	11 2 6 9 32 23 9 27 2 7 Drawn.

S. T. Allen v. Yates, 1876.

# KELSO.

10	15	5	14	11	16	14 18	$31 \ 26$	$29 \ 25$				
<b>3</b> -23	19	13	9	19	15	$31 \ 26$	96	10 7				
6	10	8	11	7	11	16 19	2 9	3 10				
<b>22</b>	17	<b>22</b>	17	15	8	$32 \ 28$	$13 \ 6$	14 7				
9	14	15	18	4	11	$23 \ 27$	$15 \ 18$	$18 \ 22$				
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	2 - 17	13	<b>29</b>	25	$26 \ 23$	6 2	73				
11	16	10	15	<b>1</b> -11	15	$19 \ 26$	$26 \ 22$	$22 \ 26$				
17	13	<b>24</b>	19	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	30 14	17 14	Drawn.				
16	<b>23</b>	15	<b>24</b>	18	<b>23</b>	$27 \ 31$	$22 \ 29$					
<b>27</b>	9	<b>28</b>	19	22	17	14 10	$21 \ 17$					
	Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.											

				Var. 1.			
3	7	2	9	12 16	27 31	$26 \ 23$	72
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	13	6	31 24	$15 \ 19$	$24 \ 20$	61
18	<b>23</b>	7	11	$20 \ 27$	$31 \ 27$	$23 \ 19$	$2 \ 7$
9	6	6	<b>2</b>	$18 \ 15$	13 9	62	16
1	10	15	19	$27 \ 31$	$27 \ 31$	$22 \ 18$	7 2
<b>22</b>	18	<b>2</b>	7	$25 \ 22$	96	$21 \ 17$	14 9
14	17	a-19		$16 \ 20$	$21 \ 25$	$19 \ 15$	$2 \ 7$
<b>21</b>	14		3	$22 \ 17$	$30 \ 21$	26	62
10	17		<b>20</b>	31 26	$26 \ 30$	$15 \ 11$	7 11
	14	3		$15 \ 11$	$19 \ 26$	69	96
	15		15	20 24	$31 \ 22$	11 7	$15 \ 10$
14	9	-	11	$17 \ 13$	$32 \ 28$	17 14	6 1
	<b>21</b>	24		24 27	30 26	18 15	W. wins.
9	6	11	18	$11 \ 15$	$28 \ 24$	96	

Wyllie beaten by Yates, 1876.

(a) Wyllie was playing a game to win, by having a man ahead, but failed; 23-26 was the proper move, with an easy draw -Turf, Game 1169.

### R. D. YATES, CHECKER PLAYER.

### Var. 2.

<b>24</b>	19	10	17	29	<b>25</b>	<b>2</b>	7	<b>26</b>	10	1 10
11	16	28	<b>24</b>	17	<b>21</b>	<b>20</b>	16	<b>28</b>	32	30 26
17	13	7	11	31	<b>26</b>	18	<b>23</b>	9	6	$21 \ 30$
16	<b>23</b>	19	15	11	15	16	11	<b>32</b>	<b>27</b>	$2 \ 7$
<b>26</b>	19	12	16	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	7	16	6	<b>2</b>	30 23
14	17	15	8	16	19	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	b-16	19	6 31
<b>21</b>	14	4	11	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	19	28	a-10	6	Drawn.

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

(a) A stroke that let's up in good time.—Turf, Game 1169.
(b) 27-23, is the stronger play.—Turf, Game 1169.

### Var. 3.

	13		$     \begin{array}{r}       16 \\       22 \\       9     \end{array} $	1	6 17 21	<b>24</b>	16 20 19	26	22 30 25	$egin{array}{cccc} 12 & 16 \ 7 & 11 \ 16 & 19 \end{array}$
b-15 22	$\overline{18}$ 15	22 9	15 18	17 18	$\overline{22}$ 15	15 7	11 16	$\frac{2}{11}$	6 7	$   \begin{array}{r}     18 & 14 \\     19 & 24   \end{array} $
11 24 8			14 23 18	30	7 25 26		11 23 18	4 7 8	8 3 12	14 10 W. wins.
28			<b>10</b>		$\tilde{2}\tilde{2}$		$\tilde{26}$	-	7	

E. L. Fitzpatrick beaten by Yates (blindfold), 1878.

(a) Published play gives 4-8 to draw.—C. M. P.

(b) Drummond gives this as a losing move.—Turf, Game 1431.

•

# LAIRD AND LADY.

$\begin{array}{c} 23\\ 8\\ 22\\ 9\\ 17\\ 10\\ 21\\ 15\\ 14-19\\ 4\\ 13-24\\ 6\\ 15\\ 1\\ 25\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 19\\ 11\\ 17\\ 13\\ 14\\ 17\\ 14\\ 18\\ 15\\ 8\\ 19\\ 10\\ 6\\ 17\\ 22\\ \end{array}$	6-11 26 5-13 25 17 31 3-6 22 8 27 16 23 20 32	$\begin{array}{c} 25\\ 16\\ 23\\ 17\\ 22\\ 26\\ 22\\ 10\\ 17\\ 11\\ 24\\ 20\\ 18\\ 27\\ 23\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2-22} \\ \textbf{9} \\ \textbf{26} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{a-31} \\ \textbf{23} \\ \textbf{27} \\ \textbf{19} \\ \textbf{11} \\ \textbf{2} \\ \textbf{23} \\ \textbf{11} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13\\ 22\\ 9\\ 26\\ 6\\ 31\\ 2\\ 27\\ 19\\ 23\\ 15\\ 18\\ 11\\ 19\\ 16\\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 10\\ 32\\ 6\\ 16\\ 15\\ 20\\ 18\\ 16\\ 15\\ 27\\ 2\\ 27\\ 2\end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 10\\ 31\\ 15\\ 16\\ 6\\ 27\\ 2\\ 20\\ 18\\ 16\\ 15\\ 20\\ 18\\ 32\\ 6\\ \end{array}$	$     \begin{array}{r}       32 \\       6 \\       16 \\       15 \\       27 \\       2 \\       32 \\       6 \\       20 \\       18 \\       5 \\       15 \\       \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 6\\ 16\\ 15\\ 27\\ 2\\ 20\\ 18\\ 32\\ 6\\ 27\\ 2\\ 16\\ 15\\ 9\\ 11\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 9 & 13 \\ 11 & 16 \\ 13 & 17 \\ 16 & 20 \\ 27 & 23 \\ 28 & 24 \\ 23 & 18 \\ 24 & 19 \\ 17 & 22 \\ 20 & 16 \\ 22 & 26 \\ 16 & 11 \\ 26 & 31 \\ 19 & 15 \\ 18 & 14 \\ 11 & 16 \\ 11 & 26 \end{array}$
-			$\frac{23}{16}$		16 23	$\overline{2}$	$\frac{6}{27}$			

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

(a) 31-26, 23-18, 7-10, 14-7, 3-10, 2-6, 10-15, 18-14, 15-19, 6-10, 11-16, 12-8, 16-20, 8-3, 26-23, 3-7, 19-24, Drawn.—
W. R. Barker v. Yates, 1873.
(b) 10-15, 19-10, 5-9, 14-5, 7-21, 23-19, 21-25, 19-15, 12-16, 15-8, 3-12, 5-1, 16-19, 1-6, 25-30, 6-10, 12-16, 18-15, 30-26, 15-11, 26-23, 11-7, 16-20. Drawn.—Martins v. Yates, 1877.

				Va	r. 1					
14	10	<b>26</b>	30	16	11	<b>21</b>	<b>25</b>	19	16	$25 \ 21$
19	15	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	9	13	8	11	30	<b>26</b>	20 24
10	6	30	<b>26</b>	11	8	10	14	<b>2</b>	7	$21 \ 17$
c-15	10	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	13	17	11	15	<b>26</b>	30	$24 \ 27$
<i>a</i> - 6	<b>2</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	8	4	14	18	16	<b>20</b>	17 13
23	<b>26</b>	<b>20</b>	16	17	<b>21</b>	15	10	30	<b>25</b>	$27 \ 32$
16	19	5	9	4	8	<b>25</b>	30	7	11	Drawn.
			Wyl	lie v.	Yat	es, 18	76.			

(a) 6-1, 23-27, 16-11, 27-31, 11-7-b, 10-14, 1-6, 3-10, 6-15, 5-9, 12-8, 9-13, 8-3, Drawn. - Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

Martins v. Yates, 1877.

Var. 2.

7	10	28	<b>24</b>	27	<b>24</b>	16	11	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	$16 \ 11$	
14	7	<b>26</b>	31	19	16	a-17	<b>22</b>	7	<b>2</b>	$23 \ 27$	
5	14	23	19	11	15	6	10	26	31	11 8	
7	<b>2</b>	b-31	<b>27</b>	<b>2</b>	6	15	19	20	16	27 32	
<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	14	17	11	7	19	<b>23</b>	Drawn.	
Martins v. Yates, 1877.											

(a) 17-21, 11-8, 24-19, 8-4, 15-18, 20-16, 18-22. Drawn. -Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

(b) 11-16, 19-15, 16-20, 24-19, 20-24, 2-6, 14-18, 6-10, 24-28, 15-11, 28-32, 11-7, 18-23, 7-2, 23-26, 10-15, 32-27, 19-16, 26-30. 16-11. Drawn.—Martins v. Yates, 1877.

### Var. 3.

8 <b>4-</b> 22	11 18		8 26	19 28		$\begin{array}{c} 15 \hspace{0.1cm} 11 \\ 18 \hspace{0.1cm} 23 \end{array}$	14 16	17 19	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} 19 \\ 26 \hspace{0.1cm} 22 \end{array}$
16			11	26		$19 \ 15$		$\overline{22}$	19 16
19		-	10	27		5 9		16	22 17
	10	-	15	31		32 28	22		16 19
15			19	23		23 18	16		17 14
	17	23		$\frac{23}{27}$		16 19	26		$17 14 \\ 19 16$
-	4	12		18		9 14		16	_14 9
17	22	<b>a-11</b>	16	<b>23</b>	18	$19 \ 16$	30	<b>26</b>	B. wins.
		и	7ylli	e beat	8 Y	ates, 1873.			

(a) 27-24, draws easily.—C. M. P.

Var. 4.

28 24 6 10 14 9 5 14 22 18 14 17 24 20	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 2 \\ 26 & 31 \\ 2 & 6 \\ 10 & 14 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 14 & 17 \\ 0 & 14 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 17 & 21 \\ 14 & 18 \\ 31 & 26 \\ 32 & 27 \\ 21 & 25 \\ 18 & 15 \\ 11 & 18 \end{array}$	20 11 18 22 24 20 12 16 19 12 26 19	22 26 27 23 19 15 8 4 26 31 B. win <b>s</b> ,
24 20	$22 \ 26$	9 14 beats Yat	11 18	11 8	

LAIRD AND LADY.

				Va	r. 5					
7	10	13	17	12	19	17	<b>21</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	$29 \ 25$
14	7	18	9	11	7	14	18	19	15	$24 \ 20$
3	10	5	14	19	<b>23</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>25</b>	22	25	$25 \ 22$
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	19	15	7	<b>2</b>	18	<b>23</b>	15	10	$20 \ 16$
6	9	11	27	14	18	26	30	21	17	$22 \ 18$
27	<b>24</b>	20	11	2	6	31	<b>27</b>	10	7.	$23 \ 27$
8	11	10	15	18	<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>	29	17	14	$30 \ 26$
24	20	32	<b>23</b>	6	10	27	<b>24</b>	7	3	$16 \ 11$
9	14	15	19	23	26	29	<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>	29	$26 \ 23$
$2\overline{2}$	18	23	16	10	14	24	19	28	24	Drawn.
		7	Annt	in a m	Vat	40 15	277			

Martins v. Yates, 1877.

		Var. 6.			
69	$31 \ 22$	16 20	15 10	16 20	14 9
26 23	7 10	$23 \ 18$	8 11	$22 \ 18$	$26 \ 31$
9 18	14 7	$20 \ 27$	10 7	14 17	18 14
$23 \ 14$	3 10	$32 \ 23$	9 13	$18 \ 14$	$31 \ 26$
13 17	$27 \ 23$	59	73	$17 \ 22$	14 10
$25 \ 22$	$11 \ 16$	18 15	$11 \ 16$	$23 \ 18$	$26 \ 23$
$17 \ 26$	$28 \ 24$	10 14	37	$22 \ 26$	Drawn.
	Marta	inen Vat	AN 1877		

Martins v. Yates, 1877.

				Va	r. 7.					
12-13	17	<b>26</b>	31	9	14	32	<b>27</b>	18	14	14 18
	23	<b>24</b>	20	10	6	12	8	12	8	12 8
9-2	6	31	26	<b>23</b>	27	<b>22</b>	18	14	9	$24 \ 19$
23	18	7	11	6	<b>2</b>	10	15	8	12	83
17	21	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>27</b>	32	<b>27</b>	31	9	5	10 6
26	23	<b>20</b>	16	2	7	15	<b>22</b>	12	8	38
11	16	<b>21</b>	<b>25</b>	14	18	<b>26</b>	17	5	1	18 14
<b>32</b>	27	16	12	3	8	8	<b>12</b>	8	3	$8 \ 12$
16	20	<b>25</b>	30	18	23	31	<b>27</b>	1	6	14 18
18	15	12	8	8	12	12	8	3	8	12 8
7	10	5	9	<b>23</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	18	6	<b>2</b>	6 2
14	7	8	3	7	10	8	12	8	3	$8 \ 12$
3	10	9	14	<b>27</b>	31	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	$19 \ 15$
<b>27</b>	24	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	10	15	12	8	3	8	$12 \ 8$
<b>20</b>	<b>27</b>	6	9	30	<b>26</b>	17	14	<b>2</b>	6	$15 \ 10$
	<b>24</b>	<b>24</b>	19	15		8	12	8	<b>12</b>	83
12	16	14	18	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	6	9	$10 \ 15$
19	3	19	15	12	8	12	8	12	8	38
10	<b>26</b>	18	<b>23</b>	31	<b>26</b>	14	10	9	14	Drawn.
8-3	7	15	10	8	12	8	12	8	12	
		3/	r		Vater	10	77			

Martins v. Yates, 1877.

<b>24</b>	20	4	8	3	7	20	16	10	7	29	<b>25</b>
<b>26</b>	31	10	14	18	<b>23</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>21</b>	17	17	14
28	<b>24</b>	8	11	7	10	7	<b>2</b>	7	10	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>
31	<b>26</b>	14	18	23	<b>27</b>	<b>22</b>	18	18	14	14	9
<b>24</b>	19	20	16	15	11	16	11	10	6	<b>21</b>	17
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	18	<b>23</b>	27	32	<b>24</b>	19	17	13	11	15
19	16	11	15	<b>2</b>	7	11	7	6	10	3	8
<b>21</b>	25	23	<b>26</b>	32	<b>27</b>	18	<b>22</b>	14	7	9	14
16	11	16	11	10	15	7	10	<b>2</b>	11	17	10
<b>25</b>	30	<b>26</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	30	<b>25</b>	13	17	15	6
11		11	7	15	19	10	7	a-11	7	B. w	ins.
6	10	9	14	23	16	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	19	15		
8	4	7	<b>2</b>	11	<b>20</b>	7	10	7	3		
5	9	14	18	31	<b>27</b>	22	18	15	11		

Martins beats Yates, 1877.

(a) The losing move; 29-25 will draw.—Gould's Match Games, page 25.

		Var. 9.			
11 16	$23 \ 16$	10 14	19 15	19 23	23 27
28 24	$12 \ 19$	$28 \ 24$	14 17	11 7	$21 \ 17$
<b>10-</b> 8 11	15 8	$23 \ 26$	$5 \ 1$	$2 \ 11$	$27 \ 31$
$24 \hspace{0.1in} 20$	$3 \ 12$	$31 \ 22$	17 22	$8 \ 15$	$17 \ 13$
$17 \ 21$	$32\ 28$	$30 \ 26$	$15 \ 10$	$23 \ 26$	61
$26 \ 22$	$19 \ 23$	24 19	$18 \ 14$	$15 \ 19$	14 17
$21 \ 25$	$14 \ 9$	$26\ 17$	10 7	$26 \ 30$	$1 \ 5$
$22 \ 18$	5  14	$20 \ 16$	$12 \ 16$	$19 \ 23$	$22 \ 26$
$25 \ 30$	<b>18 9</b>	$17 \ 22$	73	$30 \ 25$	$31 \ 22$
$19 \ 15$	7 10	$16 \ 11$	$16 \ 19$	$1 \ 6$	$17 \ 26$
$16 \ 19$	95	$22 \ 18$	38	$25 \ 21$	Drawn.
	Manti	no o Vat	40 1977		

Martins v. Yates, 1877.

Var. 10.

$\frac{23}{20}$	20 18 27 23	$\overline{14}$ 5	$16 \\ 9 \\ 14 \\ 9$	31 3	21 27 8 5	$\frac{23}{8}$	18 14 11 1	14 19	19 10 24 23	$egin{array}{cccc} 27 & 31 \ 10 & 7 \ 2 & 11 \ 15 & 8 \end{array}$
8	11 15 <b>11</b>	$\overline{16}$	$2\tilde{0}$	7	$11 \\ 23$	11	$16\\15$	$\begin{array}{c} 21\\ 24\\ 23\end{array}$	$\overline{27}$	31 26 Drawn.

Wyllie v. Yates, 1876, also C. F. Barker v. Yates, 1877.

### LAIRD AND LADY.

# Var. 11.

Ì									14 10	
	20	24	7	14	27	<b>31</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	$26 \ 23$	$30 \ 26$
÷	26	23	18	9	1	5	a-23	19	$15 \ 11$	$29 \ 25$
¢.	12	16	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>	17	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	30	$23 \ 18$	14 17
	ę	) 5	31	<b>24</b>	9	6	19	15	10 15	B. wins.
	16	<b>5 20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>2</b>	9	31	<b>26</b>	18 14	
			-	-	•	~~ .				

W. R. Barker beats Yates, 1873.

(a) 29-25 would draw.—Turf, Sept. 3, 1875.

# Var. 12.

11	16	27	<b>23</b>	3	<b>26</b>	32	27	5	9	28 19
26 2	23	<b>2</b>	6	31	13	8	11	14	5	15 31
16 2	20	19	15	12	16	29	25	6	10	Drawn.
23 1	18	7	10	18	14	11	15	5	1	
13	17	14	7	16	19	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	19	<b>24</b>	
		Yat	es v.	F. 1	E. P	ierce,	188	30.		

### Var. 13.

24	20	30	25	<b>25</b>	9	8	4	8	3	20 16
13	17	8	11	5	14	<b>2</b>	6	7	10	$23 \ 26$
<b>25</b>	21	19	15	31	8	4	8	3	7	$25 \ 22$
18	<b>22</b>	10	19	1	6	3	7	15	19	$26 \ 31$
<b>28</b>	24	14	10	<b>29</b>	25	8	3	<b>23</b>	16	$22 \ 18$
11	18	7	14	6	9	6	10	12	19	$14 \ 23$
<b>24</b>	19	27	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	3	8	7	11	$21 \ 7$
6	10	18	<b>27</b>	9	13	10	15	19	<b>23</b>	W. wins.
	F	E I	Pierce	hen	ton	by V	ntos	1879	1	

F. E. Pierce beaten by Yates, 1879

# Var. 14.

<b>20-</b> 26	23	25	<b>22</b>	24	20	15	6	30	23	15 11	
15-6	9	18	<b>25</b>	16	19	<b>2</b>	9	13	17	13 17	
19	15	<b>27</b>	11	20	16	8	3	<b>23</b>	18	11 7	
4	8	7	16	13	17	9	13	17	21	$22 \ 25$	
<b>23</b>	19	20	11	16	12	3	7	15	19	72	
11	16	9	18	17	<b>22</b>	19	<b>23</b>	21	<b>25</b>	$25 \ 29$	
<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	29	15	12	8	7	10	19	<b>23</b>	2 6	
16	<b>23</b>	1	6	3	12	5	9	<b>25</b>	30	$29 \ 25$	
15	11	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	11	8	10	15	18	15	Drawn.	
8	15	12	16	6	10	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	9	13		
Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.											

						••				
6 20	20 10 11	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 25 \\ 8 \end{array}$	24 16 22 11	20 26 23	26 11 31 19	2 10	$10 \\ 7 \\ 15$	13 6	18 17 9	$\begin{array}{cccc} 15 & 18 \\ 31 & 26 \\ 14 & 9 \\ 3 & 8 \end{array}$
10	17	31	<b>26</b>	14	18	7	11	17	<b>22</b>	• 95
23	14	11	15	19	15	15	19	9	13	8 12
7	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	18	<b>23</b>	5	1	26	31	$5 \ 1$
<b>27</b>	18	5	9	15	10	19	<b>24</b>	18	14	20 24
17	<b>21</b>	14	9	31	<b>27</b>	1	6	31	27	16
18	15	7	14	11	7	24	27	13	17	24 19
<b>16-</b> 2	7	<b>22</b>	18	27	24	29	<b>25</b>	22	26	6 9
15	10	15	22	7	2	27	31		15	12 16
4	8	24	$2\overline{0}$	<b>24</b>	$2\overline{0}$		$\tilde{22}$	$\overline{26}$		Drawn.
		N	fart	ine n	Va	tos 1	877			

Martins v. Yates, 1877.

(a) 23-27, 32-23, 31-26. B. wins.—Gould's Match Games, page 26.

### Var. 16.

$\begin{array}{rrrr} 4 & 8 \\ 28 & 24 \\ 2 & 7 \\ 24 & 19 \\ 7 & 11 \\ 15 & 10 \\ 11 & 15 \\ 29 & 97 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 10 \\ 25 & 30 \\ 10 & 15 \\ 19 & 24 \\ 17 & 14 \\ 1 & 6 \\ 14 & 10 \\ 6 & 0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9 & 13 \\ 6 & 1 \\ 24 & 28 \\ 1 & 6 \\ 28 & 32 \\ 20 & 16 \\ 5 & 9 \\ 10 & 11 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c} 32 & 27 \\ 15 & 24 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}\overline{13}\\\overline{22}\\26\\17\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 7 \\ 21 & 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 9 \\ 10 & 6 \end{array}$	$16 11 \\ 9 14$	28 24 Drawn.
	Marti	ns v.5Yate	es. 1877.		

### Var. 17.

<b>18-4</b>	8	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	b- 7	10	<b>23</b>	7	17	<b>22</b>	30 23
<b>24</b>	20	18	<b>25</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	3	10	<b>23</b>	19	2 6
6	9	<b>29</b>	6	a- 5	9	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	8	11	18 14
31	<b>26</b>	1	17	19	15	9	13	32	<b>28</b>	W. wins.
c-13	17	<b>23</b>	18	10	19	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	
	117	n	D	1 1		L T2		105	•	

W. R. Barker beaten by Yates, 1873.

(a) 10-14 is the correct move.—Turf, Game 1093.

(b) Anderson plays 2-6, which loses.—Turf, Game 1093.

(c) Anderson calls this a loss, but it can be drawn.—Turf, Game 1093.

### Var. 18.

13	17	29	13	16	<b>20</b>	18	14	7	11	14 7
31	<b>26</b>	6	9	23	18	9	18	15	8	$3 \ 10$
<b>19-</b> 11	16	13	6	5	9	a-26	22	4	11	$23 \ 18$
25	22	1	17	<b>24</b>	19	18	25	27	<b>23</b>	20 24
18	25	19	15	<b>2</b>	6	30	<b>14</b>	6	10	B. wins.

W. R. Barker beats Yates, 1873.

(a) 27-24 is the draw move.—R. D. Yates, Turf, Game 1093.

# Var. 19.

17 21	$19 \ 15$	2 6	$28 \ 24$	$3 \ 10$	6 2
$25 \ 22$	10 19	27 24	$9\ 13$	15 6	$12 \ 16$
$18 \ 25$	$24 \ 15$	$16 \ 20$	$26 \ 22$	8 11	$19 \ 12$
29 22	4 8	$23 \ 19$	69	$24 \ 20$	$11 \ 15$
$11 \ 16$	14 10	$20 \ 27$	$23 \ 18$	9 14	W. wins.
$22 \ 17$	7 14	$32 \ 23$	$1 \ 5$	$18 \ 9$	
6 10	17 10	59	10 7	$5 \ 14$	

M. G. Merry beaten by Yates, 1877.

### Var. 20.

32 11 19	8 2 23 27 2 23 15 2 10 <b>22</b> -1	$52 \\ 51 \\ 89 \\ 20 \\ 128 \\ 31 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 2$	8 6 1 26 5 12 6 31 4 10 7 <b>21</b> -14	$10 \\ 22 \\ 16 \\ 26 \\ 15 \\ 9$	$17 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 7 \\ 17$	7 17 14 10 8	8 3 18	18 3 12 7 23 10	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
-			$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 26 \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} 10\\ 16 \end{array}$	•	23 10		30 26 Drawn.	

Yates v. W. R. Barker, 1873.

			Var. 2	1.			
<b>26</b>	6 10	$10 \\ 2 \\ 15 \\ 6 \\ 9$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 13 \\ 16 & 19 \\ 13 & 9 \\ 19 & 28 \\ 9 & 14 \end{array}$	14	 $13 \\ 19 \\ 9 \\ 24 \\ 6$	24 6	27 24 22 18 24 19 2 6 Drawn.

Yates v. W. R. Barker, 1873.

# Var. 22.

6 10	$24 \ 19$	7 23	10 6	<b>20</b>	27	$2 \ 7$
25 21	$17 \ 22$	14 10	29	18	15	$12 \ 16$
10 17	$26\ 17$	$12 \ 16$	$13 \ 6$	3	8	Drawn.
21 14	$11 \ 16$	$17 \ 13$	$23 \ 27$	6	<b>2</b>	
13 17	$20 \ 11$	$16 \ 20$	31 24	8	12	
	Yates v.	W. R. Ba	rker, 1873	3.		

### Var. 23.

$\begin{array}{ccc} 28 & 24 \\ 6 & 9 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}10&17\\25&21\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 15 \\ 7 & 11 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 11 & 15 \\ 26 & 22 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc}12&8\\21&25\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 31 \\ 14 & 10 \end{array}$
$32 \ 28$	9 14	$15$ $\overline{10}$	$17 \ 26$	8 3	31 27
$\begin{smallmatrix}2&6\\26&22\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}18&9\\&5&14\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 15 \\ 24 & 19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 30 \hspace{0.1cm} 23 \\ 8 \hspace{0.1cm} 11 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 7 & 10 \ 3 & 7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 18 & 14 \\ 27 & 23 \end{array}$
$\frac{18}{27} \ \frac{23}{18}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 29 & 25 \\ 1 & 6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 24 \\ 28 & 19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 22 \\ 3 & 7 \end{array}$	$   \begin{array}{r}     15 & 19 \\     7 & 14   \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{ccc}14&9\\23&19\end{array}$
6 10	$19 \ 15$	12 16 6	ı-21 17	$19 \ \overline{26}$	9 6
31 26		19 12		22 18	B. wins.

Capt. W. H. Broughton beats Yates, 1876.

(a) 22-17. Drawn.-F. Dunne.

### Var. 24.

<b>26-1</b> 8	<b>22</b>	1	6	5	9	7	14	19	23	$26 \ 31$
25	18	<b>24</b>	19	26	17	18	9	16	12	32 28
6	10	6	10	9	13	11	15	8	11	31 27
19	15	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	17	14	9	5	12	8	23 19
10	1725	-17	<b>22</b>	10	17	15	19	11	15	15 24
15	8	<b>26</b>	17	19	15	23	16	31	<b>27</b>	$28 \ 19$
4	11	13	<b>22</b>	3	8	12	19	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	27
28	<b>24</b>	30	<b>26</b>	15	10	20	16	27	<b>23</b>	Drawn.
		Yat	es v.	W. I	R. B	arker,	187	3.		

### Var. 25.

2	6	19	10	11	18	27	23	26	<b>22</b>	15 10
<b>26</b>	22	7	14	23	14	a-22	<b>25</b>	10	6	18 15
17	<b>26</b>	32	<b>27</b>	9	18	21	17	5	9	10 6
31	<b>22</b>	<b>14</b>	17	30	14	<b>25</b>	30	6	2	14 18
6	9	25	<b>21</b>	13	17	<b>23</b>	19	9	14	61
<b>29</b>	25	17	<b>26</b>	14	10	30	<b>26</b>	19	15	Drawn.
10	15	18	15	17	<b>22</b>	17	13	<b>22</b>	18	
		Yat	es v.	W. I	г. <i>В</i>	arker,	187	73.		

(a) 22-26, 20-16. Drawn.—Yates v. W. R. Barker, 1873.

### Var. 26. 8 27-6 9 19 16 12 19 3 10 14 3 7 19 15 7 10 12 19 18 14 16 12 14 17 4 8 26 22 9 18 3 8 5 9 21 14 17 26 22 26 12 $2\bar{8} \ 2\bar{4}$ 27 23 8 6 10 7 10 30 16 8 11 9 13 19 26 Drawn. 8 15 18 23 31 26 31 6 8 3 1 17 27 18 26 30 13 17 20 16 24 19 8 12 25 21 31 26 25 22 17 22 3 32 27 29 25 2 7 6

W. R. Barker v. Yates, 1873.

### Var. 27.

6	10	4	11	1	6	2	6	5	14	$10 \ 15$
<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	19	16	25	22	22	18	32	<b>28</b>	19 10
10	17	12	19	6	10	6	9	11	15	$12 \ 19$
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>24</b>	8	24	19	25	<b>22</b>	20	16	10 6
17	<b>26</b>	3	12	7	11	9	14	15	<b>24</b>	$19 \ 23$
31	8	28	<b>24</b>	29	<b>25</b>	18	9	28	19	Drawn.

Yates v. W. R. Barker, 1873.

### OLD FOURTEENTH.

11	15	9	14	13	<b>22</b>	8	11	16	<b>23</b>	19 23
<b>23</b>	19	18	9	25	9	<b>24</b>	19	15	6	$28 \ 24$
8	11	5	<b>14</b>	6	13	<b>1</b> - 3	8	a-23	<b>27</b>	$23 \ 27$
<b>22</b>	17	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>29</b>	25	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	6	1	$24 \ 20$
4	8	1	6	2 - 13	17	8	12	27	32	$27 \ 31$
6-25	<b>22</b>	b-30	<b>25</b>	21	14	<b>22</b>	18	1	6	$15 \ 18$
3-9	13	15	18	10	17	7	10	12	16	$31 \ 26$
<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	15	19	16	13	9	6	10	18 14
6	9	11	<b>27</b>	12	<b>26</b>	11	16	16	19	$26 \ 23$
<b>23</b>	18	<b>32</b>	23	31	13	18	15	10	15	Drawn.

Martins v. Yates, 1877.

(a) 12-16, 6-1, 16-19, 1-6, 23-27, 6-10, 27-32, 9-5, 19-23, 28-24, 23-27, 24-20, 27-31, 5-1, 31-27, 1-5. Drawn.—Martins v. Yates, 1877.

(b) 32-27, 6-9, 30-25, 2-6, 22-18, 15-22, 25-18, 13-22, 24-20, 12-16, 19-12, 10-15, 20-16. W. wins.—J. Dempster, Jr., beaten by Yates (both playing blindfold), 1877.

Var.	1.
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Martins v. Yates, 1877.

### Var. 2.

8	11	15	<b>24</b>	3	7	13 17	11	16	16 19
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>28</b>	19	18 1	L <b>4</b>	$19 \ 16$	20	11	10 6
11	15	7	11	10 1	17	$12 \ 26$	7	16	$2 \ 9$
<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>22</b>	18	21 1	4	$31 \ 13$	14	10	Drawn.
		-	-						

J. P. Reed v. Yates, 1878.

OLD FOURTEENTH.

### Var. 3.

4-15	18	7	11	$^{2}$	6	$1 \ 5$	8 11	$15 \ 19$
<b>22</b>	15	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	$23 \ 19$	$26 \ 23$	$24 \ 15$
11	18	10	15	5	9	7 10	$12 \ 16$	$10 \ 26$
17	13	19	10	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	$20 \ 16$	$19 \ 12$	$17 \ 1$
9	14	6	15	3	7	$11 \ 20$	$11 \ 16$	W. wins.
29	25	a-30	26	<b>26</b>	22	$31 \ 26$	$22\ 17$	
		<b>.</b> .				7 77 /	1071	

A Boston player beaten by Yates, 1874.

(a) Drummond plays 23-19, but Yates don't see it in that light and prefers his own line of play.-Turf, Game 949.

### Var. 4.

	9	14	7	11	2	9	15	<b>24</b>	8	11	$11 \ 16$
	17	13	31	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	6	<b>28</b>	19	a-30	<b>26</b>	$15 \ 11$
	14	18	e- 5	9	1	10	11	16	17	<b>21</b>	$7 \ 10$
	29	25	17	14	d-27	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	25	<b>22</b>	$14 \ 7$
	11	16	10	17	18	<b>27</b>	<i>c</i> - 3	7		25	$25 \ 30$
5	-21	17	19	10	32	23	b-22	18	22	<b>18</b>	$18 \ 14$
	16	<b>23</b>	6	15	10	14	14	17	16	<b>20</b>	$16 \ 19$
	<b>26</b>	19	13	6	<b>24</b>	19	18	14	19	15	Drawn.
	-	-			-		***		~	010	

R. D. Yates.—Boys of the World, Game 210.

(a) 14-9, 7-10, 9-6, 17-21, 6-2, 11-15, 2-6, 15-24, 6-15, 24-27, 23-18, 27-32, 18-14, 32-28. Drawn.—R. D. Yates. (b) 25-21, 14-18, 22-15, 7-11, 15-10, 11-15, 10-7, 15-24. Drawn.—R. D. Yates.

(c) At this point Mr. C. Hefter played 16-20, which probably loses.—R. D. Yates.

(d) Mr. C. Hefter in Turf, Feb. 2, 1876, tried to prove 27-23, a win for White. -R. D. Yates.

(e) 11-16, 26-23, 10-14, 17-10, 8-11, 23-14, 16-23, 27-18, 3-7, 10-3, 6-9, 13-6, 1-26, 30-23, 15-29, 3-8, 11-16, 24-20, 16-19, 23-16, 12-19, 32-27, 2-7, 8-12, 7-10, 12-16. W. wins. -R. D. Yates.—Boys of the World, Game 133.

Var. 5.

$\begin{array}{ccc} 24 & 20 \\ 16 & 23 \\ 26 & 19 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 6 & 15 \ 31 & 26 \ 8 & 11 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 14 \\ 16 & 19 \\ 30 & 26 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{cccc} 12 & 19 \ 32 & 27 \ 6 & 9 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{cccc} 26 & 23 \ 24 & 31 \ 23 & 19 \end{array}$	${\begin{array}{*{20}c} 31 & 26 \\ 3 & 7 \\ 11 & 15 \end{array}}$
$     15 \  24 \\     28 \  19   $	$21 \ 17 \ 12 \ 16$	$     \begin{array}{r}       3 & 8 \\       27 & 23 \\       8 & 12     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{ccc}       13 & 6 \\       2 & 18 \\       17 & 14     \end{array} $	$egin{array}{cccc} 15 & 24 \ 22 & 8 \ 7 & 11 \end{array}$	7 10 15 19 Drawn.
$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 15 \\ 19 & 10 \end{array}$	26 23 1 6 Vates 2	23 16	$\overline{19}$ $\overline{24}$	8 3	Diawn.

Y ates v. De Munn, 1880.

		Var. 6.			
7-17 13	$2 \ 9$	27 18	$26 \ 31$	10 1	26 31
$15 \ 18$	$26 \ 22$	$22 \ 25$	$17 \ 14$	23 14	19 16
$24 \ 20$	38	$29 \ 22$	10 17	13 6	12 19
$11 \ 15$	$22 \ 17$	$10 \ 14$	$21 \ 14$	11 18	$3 \ 12$
$28 \ 24$	$18 \ 22$	$21 \ 17$	$31 \ 26$	6 2	59
8 11	$25 \ 18$	$14 \ 23$	$32\ 28$	$18 \ 22$	$20 \ 16$
$26 \ 23$	$15 \ 22$	$22\ 18$	$26 \ 23$	$2 \ 7$	Drawn.
9 14	$17 \ 13$	7 10	$19 \ 15$	14 18	
$31 \ 26$	$1 \ 6$	$30 \ 25$	$23 \ 26$	$24 \ 19$	
69	$23 \ 18$	$23 \ 26$	$14 \ 10$	$22 \ 26$	
$13 \ 6$	$14 \ 23$	$25 \ 21$	$26 \ 23$	73	

R. E. Bowen v. Yates, 1877.

26 23	$21 \ 14$	$24 \ 15$	61	96	51
9 14	10 17	69	$14 \ 18$	$26 \ 23$	$14 \ 10$
17 13	$26 \ 22$	13 6	16	$6 \ 10$	$1 \ 5$
15 18	$17 \ 26$	1 19	$18 \ 22$	$23 \ 18$	6 1
$24 \ 20$	31 8	$25 \ 22$	6 10	10 6	59
$11 \ 15$	3 19	$19 \ 23$	$22 \ 26$	$18 \ 14$	$1 \ 5$
30 26	$20 \ 16$	$22 \ 18$	$10 \ 14$	6 1	$9 \ 13$
$15 \ 24$	7 11	$23 \ 26$	$26 \ 31$	$22 \ 18$	$10 \ 14$
28 19	16 7	18 14	14 17	1 6	$13 \ 9$
8 11	$2 \ 11$	$26 \ 30$	$31 \ 26$	$18 \ 15$	14 18
19 16	$32 \ 28$	$14 \ 10$	$17 \ 13$	6 1	96
$12 \ 19$	11 16	59	$26 \ 22$	$15 \ 10$	$18 \ 15$
$23 \ 16$	27 24	10 6	13 9	1 5	B. wins.
14 17	$16\ 20$	9 14	30 26	10 6	

Yates beats Blenn, 1876.

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# SECOND DOUBLE CORNER.

11 15	31	27	10	19	$22 \ 18$	$27 \ 31$	$18 \ 15$
24 19		10	$\overline{24}$	15	$14 \ 23$	$25 \ 22$	13 17
15 24	29	<b>25</b>	8	12	$26 \ 12$	$31 \ 27$	$21 \ 14$
28 19	4	8	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	$10 \ 15$	8 11	$22 \ 18$
8-811	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	12	19	$12 \ 8$	$27 \ 23$	$14 \ 10$
$22 \ 18$	3	7	<b>23</b>	16	$15 \ 19$	$11 \ 16$	$18 \ 27$
5-11 16	18	15	6	10	$30 \ 26$	$23 \ 30$	$15 \ 11$
$25 \ 22$	1-9	13	15	6	20 24	$16 \ 23$	$5 \ 9$
4-10 14	. 19	16	1	10	83	$30 \ 25$	10 7
2-27 24	12	19	16	11	$24 \ 27$	$22\ 18$	$9 \ 13$
$16 \ 20$	23	16	7	16	38	25 $22$	Drawn.
	-	Yates	v. 1	Wyll	ie, 1873.		

### Var. 1.

14 18	$22 \ 15$	1 10	$25 \ 21$	$11 \ 15$	73
$23 \ 14$	$2 \ 18$	$21 \ 17$	$18 \ 22$	$28 \ 24$	$31 \ 26$
9 18	$19 \ 16$	8 11	$26 \ 17$	$18 \ 22$	37
$26 \ 23$	$12 \ 19$	$30 \ 26$	$14 \ 18$	$14 \ 10$	$15 \ 18$
7 11	$24 \ 15$	59	$17 \ 14$	$22 \ 26$	Drawn.
$23 \ 7$	6 10	$17 \ 13$	10 17	10 7	
$11 \ 18$	15 6	a-914	$21\ 14$	$26 \ 31$	

# Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

(a) 18-23, 27-18, 10-15, 13-6, 15-31, 25-22, 11-15, 6-2, 31-26, 22-17, 15-19, 2-7, 26-23, 17-13, 20-24, 7-11, 24-27, 11-15, 19-24. Drawn.—Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

### Var. 2.

22 17		$\begin{array}{ccc} 31 & 26 \\ 2 & 6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 21 & 17 \\ 30 & 26 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cc}7&3\\16&19\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 3 \\ 6 & 10 \end{array}$				
<b>3-</b> 9 13									
17 10	17 10	$22\ 18$	11 7	37	37				
6 22	7 14	$11 \ 15$	3 10	$22\ 18$	$10 \ 14$				
26 17	29 25	18 11	14 7	7 11	7 10				
13 22	4 8	14 18	$26 \ 22$	$19 \ 23$	14 17				
30 26	25 22	$23 \ 14$	a-17 13	11 7	$10 \ 14$				
5 9	8 11	$16 \ 30$	$12 \ 16$	$1 \ 5$	Drawn.				
Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.									

(a) A game—A. O. Robinson v. Yates—left here as drawn.—Turf, Game 1488.

		Va	ar. 3.					
16 2	20 17	14 11	18	19	15	<b>24</b>	28	$10 \ 15$
17 1	10 7	10 22	6	16	19	<b>2</b>	6	$18 \ 23$
6 2	24 14	7 1	10	<b>23</b>	16	<b>28</b>	32	$30 \ 25$
$32^{-2}$	28  3	10 25	22	12	19	31	<b>26</b>	$23 \ 26$
4		22 10	14	15	10	32	<b>23</b>	$25 \ 21$
28 1	19 2	7 22	18	19	<b>24</b>	<b>26</b>	19	$26 \ 30$
8 1	11 29	25 9	13	10	6	20	<b>24</b>	Drawn.
21 1	17 7	11 18	9	14	18	6	10	
a-11 1	16 18	15 5	<b>14</b>	6	<b>2</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>	
	V	too a C	Fra a a ma a	1	1077			

Yates v. C. Freeman, 1877.

(a) 11-15, 18-11, 7-16, 29-25, 3-7, 26-22, 7-10, 17-13, 2-6, 22-18, 20-24, 27-11, 10-15, 19-10, 6-29, 13-6, 1-10, 23-19, 10-14, 11-7. W. wins.—R. A. Davis beaten by Yates, 1877.

		Var. 4			
$16 \ 20$	8 11	$16 \ 19$	$27 \ 31$	$12 \ 16$	9 13
$22 \ 17$	$25 \ 21$	$23 \ 7$	11 8	3 8	2 7
9 13	69	3 19	9  14	2 6	22 26
30 25	$29 \ 25$	14 10	18 9	8 12	16 11
$13 \ 22$	16	$6 \ 15$	$5 \ 14$	$16 \ 19$	20 24
$26\ 17$	$31 \ 26$	18 11	83	$12 \ 16$	$32 \ 28$
4 8	$11 \ 16$	19 24	$14 \ 18$	$19 \ 23$	$24 \ 27$
$17 \ 14$	$25 \ 22$	$27 \ 23$	$22 \ 15$	11 7	$28 \ 24$
10 17	7 11	$24 \ 27$	$31 \ 22$	69	27 32
$21 \ 14$	$19 \ 15$	$23 \ 18$	$15 \ 11$	7 2	Drawn.
	W. R	Barker v.	Yates, 18	77.	
	~	Var. 5.			
9 14	<b>6</b> -22 18	6 13	$26\ 17$	$19 \ 24$	23 19
18 9	$15 \ 24$	$23 \ 18$	$12 \ 16$	14 7	
5  14	$27 \ 20$	$2 \ 6$	$31 \ 26$	$3 \ 10$	Drawn.
7-25 22	7 11	21  17	$16 \ 19$	$26 \ 23$	
$11 \ 15$	18 9	$13 \ 22$	$18 \ 14$	$24 \ 27$	
	Chas. Ke	elly v. Yat	es, 1877.		
		Var. 6.			
$32 \ 28$	$22 \ 18$	$22 \ 18$	$23 \ 18$	$31 \ 26$	$26 \ 23$
15 24	$1 \ 5$	$15 \ 24$	$2 \ 6$	a-16 19	$24 \ 27$
$28 \ 19$	$18 \ 9$	$27 \ 20$	$21 \ 17$	$18 \ 14$	$23 \ 19$
4 8	$5 \ 14$	7 11	$13 \ 22$	$19 \ 24$	69
$29 \ 25$	$25 \ 22$	18 9	$26\ 17$	$14 \ 7$	Drawn.
8 11	$11 \ 15$	6 13	$12 \ 16$	3 10	
	<i>a</i> 1 <b>T</b>				

Chas. Kelly v. Yates, 187	Chas.	Kelly	v.	Yates,	1877
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(a) 6-9, 26-22, draws easily.-R. D. Yates.

				Va	r. 7					
26	22	12	16	<b>20</b>	16	15	18	10	17	$15 \ 8$
11	15	18	14	19	<b>23</b>	10	7	<b>26</b>	30	$22 \ 17$
22	18	10	17	22	17	18	22	17	<b>26</b>	8 11
15 5	24	<b>21</b>	14	13	22		3	30	23	$17 \ 13$
18	9	16	19	25	11	23	<b>26</b>	31	<b>27</b>	2 6
6	13	25	22	8	15		7	<b>23</b>	19	$27 \ 23$
27 3	20	11	15	16	11	<b>5</b>	9	<b>29</b>	25	$11 \ 15$
7	11	30	25	1	<b>5</b>	7	10	19	15	32 28
23	18	3	8	14	10	9	14	a-25	<b>22</b>	B. wins.
		Cl	ias.	Kelly	bea	ts Ya	tes,	1877.		

(a) 27-23, 15-8, 23-18, 8-11, 25-22. Draws, but requires careful play.—C. M. P.

				Va	r. 8	s.					
9	14	<b>23</b>	19	12	19	<b>29</b>	<b>22</b>	19	<b>24</b>	15	10
<b>11-</b> 22	18	8	11	31	<b>27</b>	12	16	22	18	19	16
5	9	30	<b>26</b>	6	15	17	13	<b>27</b>	31	14	9
b-26	22	3	8	17	10	16	20	10	7	<b>24</b>	<b>28</b>
9-7	11	32	<b>28</b>		14		17		11	9	6
a-22	17	11	15	<b>25</b>	22		<b>24</b>	15	8	16	11
11	15	20	16	8	12		<b>23</b>		<b>26</b>	8	4
18	11	15	<b>24</b>	22	17	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>		14	Drø	wn.
8	<b>24</b>	<b>28</b>	19	14			18		<b>23</b>		
<b>27</b>	<b>20</b>	10	15	<b>26</b>			19		15		
4	8	19	10	18	25	18	15	<b>23</b>	19		

Yates v. J. P. Reed, 1878.

(a) 21-17, 14-21, 18-15, 11-18, 23-5, 8-11, 22-18, 11-16, 27-23, 4-8, 31-27, 16-20, 25-22, 8-11, 29-25, 10-15, 19-10, 6-15, 32-28, 12-16, 28-24, 2-6. B. wins.—Yates beats C. Freeman, 1877. (b) 25-22, 8-11, 29-25, 11-16, 18-15, 4-8, 22-18, 16-20, 25-22, 7-11, 22-17, 20-24, 27-20, 9-13, 18-9, 13-22, 26-17, 11-27, 32-23, 6-22. B. wins.—Yates beats J. Dempster, Jr., 1877.

				Var. 9.					
8	11	30	<b>26</b>	10 15	<b>24</b>	19	<b>26</b>	19	11 7
22	17	11	15	19 10	11	16	3	8	$9 \ 13$
<b>10</b> -11	16	18	11	$6\ 22$	19	15	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	7 2
25	<b>22</b>	7	16	17 10	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>25</b>	$14 \ 18$
4	8	<b>26</b>	22	9 14	15	11		5	37
17	13	3	8	$27 \ 24$	<b>26</b>	30		3	$16 \ 20$
8	11	22	18	$20 \ 27$	10	7	5	9	7 11
<b>22</b>	17	8	11	$31 \ 24$	30	<b>26</b>	13	6	B. wins.
16	20	a-32	<b>28</b>	$16 \ 20$	7	3	<b>2</b>	9	
		D A	ת	and heats V		10	77		

R. A. Davis beats Yates, 1877.

(a) 18-15, 11-18, 29-25, 10-15-c, 19-10, 6-15, 17-10, 9-14, 31-26, 15-19, 32-28, 2-6-b, 10-7, 6-10, 7-2, 10-15, 2-7, 1-6, 7-11, 6-10, 25-22, 18-25, 11-9, 10-15, 9-14, 25-30, 13-9, 15-18, 9-5, 18-22, 26-17, 19-26, 14-18, 30-25, 27-23. W. wins.—A. R. Bowdish.

(b) 1-5, 10-6, 2-9, 13-6, 5-9, 6-1, 9-13, 1-6, 14-17, 21-14, 13-17, 6-10, 17-21, 10-15, 21-30, 15-22. W. wins. -A. R. Bowdish.

(c) 2.7-d, 19-15, 10-26, 17-3, 18-23, 27-18, 26-30, 3-7, 16-19, 7-2. W. wins.—A R. Bowdish. (d) 1-5, 31-26, 10-15-e, 19-1, 16-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, (d) 1-5, 31-26, 10-15-e, 19-1, 16-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, (d) 1-5, 31-26, 10-15-e, 19-1, 16-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, (d) 1-5, 31-26, 10-15-e, 19-1, 16-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, (d) 1-5, 31-26, 10-15-e, 19-1, 16-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, (d) 1-5, 31-26, 10-15-e, 19-1, 16-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, (d) 1-5, 31-26, 10-15-e, 19-1, 16-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, (d) 1-5, 31-26, 10-15-e, 19-1, 16-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 13-16, 1

(a) 1-5, 31-26, 10-15-e, 19-1, 16-19, 13-6, 2-9, 23-16, 12-19, 17-10, 19-24, 26-22, 24-31, 22-15, 31-26, 1-6. W. wins.— A. R. Bowdish.

(e) 2-7, 32-28, 7-11, 28-24, 11-15, 26-22. W. wins.—A. R Bowdish.

### Var. 10.

9 18	13 9	$22 \\ 4$	17 8		16		15	23		15 18
13	$2\overline{2}$	19	15	$\frac{14}{2}$	9 7		24 18	7 28	11 24	$\begin{array}{c} 19 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \\ 18 \hspace{0.1cm} 14 \end{array}$
25		7	11	18	14	27		9	6	3 8
	13		10	7		14	9	<b>24</b>		10 7
29			18	9	6	24		6	2	8 11
13 21			14	11	15	.9	6	19	16	7 3
$\frac{21}{10}$			16	6	2	31			15	16 20
	14		23 12		$\frac{27}{23}$	6			24	3 8
11		23			23 18	28	32 22		18	11 16
31			23	10	10	32		24	19	$\begin{array}{c}8&12\\24&19\end{array}$
	21	27		18	27	$\frac{32}{2}$			24	$     14 19 \\     14 18 $
$\overline{25}$			24	7		27		22		$14 10 \\ 1 5$
<b>1</b> 6			$\overline{13}$	16	$\hat{20}$	13	<b>9</b>	$\tilde{16}$	19	W. wins.

A. H. Mercer beaten by Yates, 1877.

Var. 11.

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{r} 4 & 8 \\ 22 & 18 \\ 8 & 11 \\ 18 & 9 \\ 5 & 14 \\ 29 & 25 \\ 11 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 31 & 22 \\ & 6 & 10 \\ 22 & 18 \\ & 1 & 6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 7 \\ 23 & 19 \\ 7 & 11 \\ B. wins. \end{array}$
$   \frac{10}{27} \frac{24}{20} $	$   \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$   \begin{array}{c}     15 & 19 \\     26 & 23   \end{array} $	317	27 23	

A. Schaefer beats Yates, 1881.

# SINGLE CORNER.

11	15	10	19	1	5	<b>25</b>	29	<b>22</b>	17	20 27
<b>22</b>	18	<b>23</b>	16	<b>23</b>	16	5	1		<b>13</b>	$32 \ 14$
15	<b>22</b>		10		14		25		<b>22</b>	$22 \ 18$
<b>25</b>	18	27	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	1	-	13		$14 \ 10$
8	11	9	14	11	15		<b>22</b>		17	$18 \ 15$
<b>9</b> -29	<b>25</b>	18		<b>22</b>		-	9		13	10 6
8-4	8		14		18		17		<b>22</b>	29
5-25		31			13		14		12	13 6
12			12		<b>22</b>		17	•	11	$15 \ 11$
2-24		<b>22</b>	_	13	9		<b>24</b>		15	6 10
16	<b>20</b>	12	19		<b>25</b>		<b>21</b>		<b>18</b>	Drawn.
<b>1</b> -19	15	18	9	9	5	<b>24</b>	19	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	

Yates v. W. R. Barker, 1877.

### Var. 1.

19	16	5	9	21	14	16	19	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	$2 \ 25$
9	13	18	14	b- 8	11	28	<b>24</b>	15	19	B. wins.
16	12	9	18	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	19	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	15	
	16			a-20				-		
30	<b>25</b>	10	17	27	<b>20</b>	11	15	15	6	

Yates (blindfold) beats Messrs. Potter and Arnold, 1877.

(a) Not one of the numerous spectators thought of this move. The sequel shows it to be the winning move.—Scotsman, Game 110.

(b) It now looks as if White had the best game.—Scotsman, Game 110.

~

				V٤	ır. 2	2.					
<b>24</b>	20	6	15	18	14	<b>22</b>	18	2	6	27	23
<b>3-</b> 10		13	6	9	18	<b>21</b>	17	17	$2\overline{1}$	10	-7
21		<b>2</b>	9	<b>24</b>	19	6	9	6	10	23	19
	12		<b>25</b>		<b>24</b>	17	13	<b>a</b> -13	17	7	3
	13		8		19		14	10	14	19	15
	10		<b>26</b>	b-23		7	10	17	<b>22</b>	3	8
28		1	•		8		17	14	17	15	10
10			<b>28</b>		30	10	14	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	8	11
23			16	<b>25</b>		18		17	<b>22</b>	10	14
16			<b>23</b>	30		13		<b>26</b>	31	11	7
26			12	8				19		14	9
14		23		<b>26</b>		6	<b>2</b>	31	<b>27</b>	7	10
27		16	<b>23</b>	3	7	9	13	15	10	W. w	ins.
	7	T T	r	. 7		7 77					

L. L. Hodges beaten by Yates, 1875.

(a) 21-25 Drawn.—A. C. P., Game 48.

(b) 11-16, 20-11, 23-26, 22-15, 26-30, 25-21, 30-26, 11-8. Drawn.—A. C. P., Game 48.

Var. 3.

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Wyllie beaten by Yates, 1876.

# SINGLE CORNER.

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# Var. 4.

16	<b>32</b>	13	6	20	<b>27</b>	21	17	27	<b>23</b>	<b>28 24</b>
14	9	16	20	6	10	23	<b>27</b>	30	<b>25</b>	$18 \ 14$
11	16	6	<b>2</b>	15	19	17	14	31	<b>26</b>	16
20	11	10	15	10	15	<b>27</b>	31	6	1	$22 \ 26$
7	16	<b>2</b>	6	19	<b>23</b>	14	10	23	18	$24 \ 20$
9	6	32	<b>27</b>	15	11	32	<b>27</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	$26 \ 22$
<b>2</b>	9	31	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>	32	10	6	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	Drawn.
			Yat	es v. V	₹yll	ie, 18	76.			

		V٤	ır. 5.						
7-24	20 22	17 13	9	20	16		<b>2</b>	<b>26</b>	
6-9	14 6	10 1	<b>5</b>	12	19	7	11	13	<b>22</b>
18	9 28	24 9	6	<b>27</b>	20	<b>2</b>	6	<b>21</b>	17
5	14 15	18 2	9	18	27	14	18	8	12
$25^{\circ}$	22 17	13 24	19	<b>31</b>	6	6	10	17	13
10	15 11	15 15	<b>24</b>	9	13	18	<b>22</b>	W. w	vins.
	71.1	lass handan	L. V.	+	1076				

Ilsley beaten by Yates, 1876.

### Var. 6.

12	16	28	19	<b>2</b>	7	30	<b>23</b>	7	10	16 7
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	7	10	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	9	14	<b>22</b>	18	3 10
8	12	31	<b>27</b>	16	19	18	9	1	5	$20 \ 16$
<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	10	15	<b>23</b>	16	5	14	18	9	$15 \ 19$
10	15	19	10	12	19	<b>24</b>	19	5	14	$16 \ 11$
<b>24</b>	19	6	15	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	15	<b>24</b>	19	16	19 26
15	<b>24</b>	27	<b>24</b>	19	<b>26</b>	28	19	10	15	B. wins.
		37 1	7	4. 4	TT	11	. 10	0=0		

Yates beats A. H. Mercer, 1878.

				Va	r. 7	7.				
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	18	9	<b>22</b>	18	10	6	10	7	$18 \ 15$
12	16	5	14	7	11	17	<b>22</b>	<b>24</b>	20	16 19
<b>24</b>	19	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>21</b>	17	6	<b>2</b>	6	10	15 10
16	20	11	15	6	9	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	16	19	19 24
28	<b>24</b>	23	18	17	13	2	6	7	3	10 6
8	12	14	<b>23</b>	10	14	9	13	12	16	$24 \ 27$
31	<b>26</b>	27	11	13	6	18	14	3	8	62
9	14	7	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	9	<b>26</b>	31	19	<b>23</b>	$27 \ 31$
18	9	26	19	19	15	23	18	8	11	26
	14	20	27	11	16	31	27	23	27	20 24
$2\overline{2}$	18	32	23	15	10	14	10	10	14	6 10
1	5	3	7	14	17	27	24	27	<b>32</b>	Drawn.
			Vat	oon I	ווייע	10 18	76			

### Var. 8.

a-11	16	4	8	8	11	20	24	23	26	26 23
<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>23</b>	16	28	19	19	15	$21 \ \overline{17}$
16		7	10	11	<b>20</b>	18	<b>23</b>	26	31	23 18
<b>23</b>			15	18	15	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	17	17 13
12			19	9	14	6	10	31	<b>26</b>	5 9
<b>24</b>		<b>32</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>22</b>	17	15	6	15	10	13 6
10		3	7	14	18	1	<b>26</b>	7	14	$2 \ 9$
30	<b>26</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	17	14	31	<b>22</b>	17	10	B. wins.
		N.A	. Ba	iley b	eats	Yates	3. 18	77.		

(a) 12-16, 26-22-b, 16-20, 24-19, 4-8, 19-16, 9-14, 18-9, 5-14, 31-26, 6-9, 28-24, 1-5, 16-12, 11-16, 23-19, 16-23, 26-19, 8-11, 32-28, 11-15, 22-17, 7-11. B wins.—Yates beats R. A. Davis, 1877.

(b) 24-20, 4-8, 28-24, 10-15, 26-22, 9-14, 18-9, 5-14, 23-19, 16-23, 27-9, 6-13, 30-26, 7-10, 32-28, 8-12, 26-23, 10-14, 31-26, 2-6, 24-19, 15-24, 28-19, 11-15, 19-10, 6-15, 20-16, 12-19, 23-16, 15-19, 16-11, 1-5. B. wins.—Yates beats D. Ayres, 1876.

Var. 9.

		19		27	9	22	18	16	11	6	10
11	16	8	11	20	<b>27</b>	16	23	14	18	13	17
27	<b>24</b>	<i>c</i> -18	14	32	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	19	11	7	10	15
16	20	10	17	7	11	13	17	3	10	17	21
		21			24		20	15	6	15	10
				6		17	<b>22</b>	1	10	14	17 )
				9		20	16	5	1	10	14
		5				6	9	6 9	13	W. w	ins.
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	23	19	23	19	18	15	- 1	6		
e-12	16	16	<b>23</b>	<b>a-1</b> 1	16	10	14	10	14		
D	ת	Vator		Dana	1 12	. 177	1.1	<i>a</i>	010		

R. D. Yates.—Boys of the World, Game 216.

(a) 10-14, 26-23, 14-17, 22-18, 6-10, 18-14. W. wins.— R. D. Yates.

(b) 6-10, 23-19, 10-17, 12-8, 3-12, 19-16. W. wins.—R. D. Yates.

(c) 30-25-d, 11-16, 18-15, 10-19, 24-15, 7-10, 15-11, 2-7, 11-2, 10-15, 2-9, 5-14, 28-24, 1-5, 22-17, 13-29, 26-22, 29-25, 22-17, 14-18, 23-14, 16-19, 32-28, 25-22, 17-13, 22-17, 14-10, 17-14, 9-6, 14-18, 6-1, 19-23, 21-17, 23-32, 24-19, 15-24, 28-19, 18-23, 19-16, 23-19, 17-14, 32-27, 14-10, 27-23, 1-6, 20-24, 16-11.—Drawn.—*R. D. Yates.* 

(d) 24-19, Caught.—Without examination it is hard to tell which move is best here, 23-19 looks like a draw, while 18-14 or 30-25 may win.—R. D. Yates, Boys of the World, Game 213.—Continue—24-19, 13-17, 21-14, 10-17, 22-13, 3-8, 12-3, 5-9, 3-10, 6-31, 13-6, 31-15. B. wins.—Yates beats A. J. Hodgson, 1877.

(e) Probably a losing move, but Black takes the chances. -Boys of the World, Game 213.

# SOUTER.

			~~	10		~	~ 1	-	~~	
11	15	24	<b>20</b>	10	14	25	21	18	<b>23</b>	$15 \ 19$
<b>23</b>	19	15	<b>24</b>	19	10	1	6	19	15	$22 \ 25$
9	14	<b>28</b>	19	6	15	22	17	10	19	$20 \ 16$
<b>22</b>	17	<b>2-</b> 11	15	13	9	8	11	17	1	$25 \ 29$
6	9	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>1</b> -14	18	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	19	<b>24</b>	$21 \ 17$
17	13	14	17	<b>23</b>	14		18	1	6	$29 \ 25$
<b>2</b>	6	<b>21</b>	14	a- 7	10	<b>23</b>	19	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	$17 \ 13$
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	•	18	14	•		<b>22</b>		10	$25 \ 22$
8	11		<b>23</b>				15	<b>26</b>	30	$19 \ 24$
3-29	25	18	<b>27</b>				18	10	15	Drawn.
4	8	32	<b>23</b>	5	14	<b>24</b>	19	<b>24</b>	<b>28</b>	
			<b>T T</b>	r . m		37.4	10			

A. J. Heffner v. Yates, 1877.

(a) 7-11, 31-26, 3-7, 25-21, 15-19, 24-15, 11-25, 9-6, 1-17, 21-14, 25-29, 26-23, 8-11, 23-19, 5-9, 14-5, 7-10, 5-1, 11-15, 1-6, 15-24, 6-15. W. wins.—C. F. Barker beaten by Yates, 1877.

τ7		-	
v	ar.		
•	<b>w1</b> .		

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 11 \\ 23 & 19 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 19 & 10 \\ 7 & 14 \\ 13 & 6 \\ 17 & 21 \\ 26 & 23 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$egin{array}{cccc} 3 & 8 \ 23 & 18 \ 31 & 27 \ 19 & 16 \ 12 & 19 \ 2 & 7 \ 19 & 23 \ 7 & 16 \ \end{array}$	8 12 16 11 23 26 18 14 26 31 Drawn.					
$30 \ 25$	$26 \ 23$	• -								
Yates v. W. R. Barker, 1873.										

var. 2	4.
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14 18	10 15	$12 \ 16$	$14 \ 23$	3 10	59						
$22\ 15$	$19 \ 10$	26 $22$	$22 \ 17$	$20 \ 16$	83						
11 18	$6\ 15$	$16 \ 19$	5 14	$15 \ 18$	9 13						
$32 \ 28$	$13 \ 9$	$23 \ 16$	$17 \ 10$	$16 \ 11$	37						
9 14	8 11	$18 \ 23$	7 14	$1 \ 5$	14 17						
$26 \ 23$	30 26	$27 \ 18$	16 <b>7</b>	11 8	Drawn.						
Yates v. Burdick, 1875.											

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SOUTER.

29 4 22	18 14 25 22 8 17	18 32 10 17 7 30	23 27 23 14 10 14 25 16	8 25 14 21 6 13	$20 \\ 11 \\ 22 \\ 17 \\ 14 \\ 9 \\ 6 \\ 26$	$31 \\ a-3 \\ 22 \\ 7 \\ 28 \\ 5 \\ 17 \\ 9$	7 17 10 24 9 13	$10 \\ 6 \\ 17 \\ 2$	$     \begin{array}{r}       17 \\       6 \\       14 \\       2 \\       22 \\       6     \end{array} $	6 10 14 17 10 14 17 22 23 18 16 23 24 19 Drawn
22 15		11	16	1	<b>26</b>		14	22	-	Drawn.

(a) 5-9, 22-18, 9-13, 18-14, 13-17, 14-9, 17-22, 9-6, 22-26,
6-2, 26-31, 2-6, 31-27, 19-15, 27-18, 15-8, 16-19, 20-16, 18-14,
8-4, 19-23, 16-11, 12-16, 24-28, 16-20. Drawn.—Yates v.
Melvin Brown, J. Dempster, Jr., and F. E. Pierce, 1876.

Var. 4. 5-22 17 9 14 25 22 24 28 13 6 24 27 29 25 30 26 1 10 23 18 14 18 11 15 24 20 18 23 20 16 10 15 27 23 15 19 8 11 19 10 19 2415 24 31 27 14 9 12 19 28 19 24 20 17 14 27 31 5 - 9 27 18 15 24 32 27 4 8 10 17 9 6 27 24 14 23 26 19 6 15 21 14 B. wins.

Yates beats Capt. W. H. Broughton (both playing blindjold), 1875.

Var. 5.

	$\frac{25}{8}$	$^{28}_{5}$	19 9	$32 \\ 3$	$\frac{28}{7}$	$24 \\ 15$		$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 11 \\ 12 & 16 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 19 \\ 16 & 23 \end{array}$
22	17	25	<b>22</b>	31	<b>26</b>	<b>28</b>	19	11 8	$22\ 18$
14	18	18	<b>25</b>	1	5	11	15	$24 \ 27$	$27 \ 24$
26	<b>23</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>22</b>	19	16	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	83	$18 \ 15$
e- 9	14	11	15	12	19	15	<b>24</b>	$27 \ 31$	10 19
<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>23</b>	16	16	11	37	$17 \ 1$
15	<b>24</b>	7	11	<i>a</i> - 8	12	7	16	$31 \ 27$	Drawn.
Ι	<b>I</b> elvin	Br	own	v. '' !	The	Boy"	Ya	tes 1873.	

(a) 15-19 gives rise to critical play, but only draws, so far as I have examined.—Melvin Brown, Turf, Game 857. Continue the play, viz: 15-19, 24-19, 11-25, 16-12-d, 25-30, 12-3, 30-23, 20-16, 23-19, 16-12, 7-11-c, 3-8, 11-16, 8-11, 16-20, 11-15, 14-18, 15-22, 10-15, 22-26, 19-16, 12-8, 16-11, 8-3, 15-19, 26-22, 20-24, 22-18, 24-27, 17-14, 27-31-b, 21-17, 31-26, 3-8, 11-4, 18-15, 9-18, 15-31, 19-23, 28-24, 4-8, 24-19, 8-11, 17-14, 6-10, 14-7, 2-11, 19-16, 2-7. B. wins.—W. C. Parrow.

(b) 27-32, 21-17, 19-23, 18-27, 9-18, 27-24, 18-22, 17-14, 22-26, 24-20, 26-31, 20-24, 32-27, 24-20, 31-26. B. wins.— W. C. Parrow.

(c) In Turf, Game 1387, 19-15 is given, which only draws. R. A. Davis proposed 7-11 to win, but did not follow it up correctly.—W. C. Parrow.

(d) 28-24, 14-18, 16-12, 8-11, 12-8, 25-30, 8-3, 30-23, 17-14, 10-17, 3-1, 17-22, 13-6, 11-15, 6-2, 23-19, 2-7, 19-28, 7-10, 15-19, 1-5, 18-23. B. wins.—W. C. Parrow.

(e) 18-22, 25-18, 15-22, 23-18, 11-16, 18-15, 16-23, 27-18, 10-19, 24-15, 7-11, 32-27, 12-16, 15-10, 6-15, 13-6, 1-10, 31-26, 22-31, 18-14, 31-24, 14-7, 3-10, 28-3, 5-9, 17-13, 9-14, 3-7, 11-16, 7-11. W. wins.—Bigelow beaten by Yates. 1877.

### SWITCHER.

	15	13			19			$18 \ 22$	19 10
21	17	<b>26</b>	17	25	<b>21</b>	<b>24</b>	15	$27 \ 24$	$28 \ 24$
9	13	3-4	8	6	10	7	10	$22 \ 31$	$16 \ 20$
11 - 25	<b>21</b>	29	25	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	14	7	$24 \ 15$	$24 \ 19$
<i>m</i> - 8	11	2-1	6	11	15	3	19	$31 \ 26$	$20 \ 24$
6-17	14	l-31	<b>26</b>	i-17	13	32	<b>27</b>	$17 \ 14$	$19 \ 16$
10	17	<b>1</b> -15	19	10	17	8	12	$26 \ 23$	$24 \ 27$
<b>21</b>	14	<b>24</b>	15	21	14	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	$14 \ 10$	$16 \ 11$
<b>4-</b> 6	10	10	19	<b>2</b>	6	12	16	$23 \ 19$	$27 \ 31$
<b>22</b>	17	<b>23</b>	16	30	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	17	10 1	Drawn.

Yates (blindfold) v. R. E. Bowen and Charles Hefter in consultation, 1877.

(a) Yates pointed out that 6-10, 25-21, 10-17, 21-14, 7-10, 14-7, 3-10, 24-20, 8-11, 26-22, 10-14-b, 32-27, 14-17, 13-9, 17-26, 27-23. Drawn.—N. E. C. P., Game 209.

(b) 19-24-c, 28-19, 15-24, 22-18, 24-28, 32-27, 28-32, 27-23, 10-15, 20-16, 15-22, 16-7, 32-27, 23-18, 27-23, 18-14, 23-19, 7-2, 19-15, 2-6. Drawn.

(c) 19-23, 28-24, 23-26-h, 32-27, 26-30-g, 27-23, 30-25-f, 22-17-e, 25-21, 17-14-d, 10-17, 23-19, 15-18. Drawn.

(d) 23-19, 21-14, 19-16, 14-18, 16-7, 5-9, 13-6, 15-19. B. wins.

(e) 23-19, 25-18, 19-16, 10-14, 16-7, 15-19. B. wins.

(f) 30-26, 23-18, 26-17, 18-14. Drawn.

(g) 26-31, 27-23, 31-27, 23-19, 27-23. Drawn.

(h) 10-14, 13-9, 14-18, 9-6, 18-25, 6-2, 15-18, 24-19, 25-30. Drawn.

Notes b, c, d, e, f, g and h were worked out in consultation, Yates still blindfold—Turf, Game 1511.

(i) 32-27, 8-11, 17-13, 10-17, 21-14, 7-10, 14-7, 3-10, 26-22 10-14, 24-20, 14-18, 22-17-k, 18-23, 27-18, 15-22, 17-14, 2-6, B. wins.—Yates beats R. A. Davis, 1877. (k) 30-26 draws easily.—A. H. Mercer, Turf, Sept. 6, 1878, but the following week (Sept. 13, 1878) says that 30-26 will not draw.

(l) 24-19, 15-24, 28-19, 11-15, 27-24, 15-18, 31-27, 8-11, 25-22, 18-25, 30-21, 6-9, 32-28, 9-18, 23-14, 11-16. B. wins.— Yates beats R. A. Davis, 1877.

(m) 5-9, 30-25, 15-19, 24-15, 10-19, 23-16, 12-19, 17-14, 9-18, 22-15, 7-10, 27-23, 8-12, 23-16, 10-19, 32-27, 4-8, 15-11, 8-15, 21-17 13-22, 25-11. W. wins.—A. A. Bush beaten by Yates, 1876.

				Va	r. 1	l.						
6	9	24	20	10	17	32	<b>27</b>	5	9	$22 \ 18$		
<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	16	19	<b>21</b>	14	10	14	13	6	$15 \ 31$		
9	18	27	<b>24</b>	7	10	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	9	24 8		
<b>23</b>	14	8	11	14	7	12	16	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	$31 \ 26$		
11	16	17	13	3	10	30	<b>25</b>	9	13	Drawn.		
	Yates v. J. P. Reed, 1878.											

					Va	ır. 2	2.				
<b>2</b>	6		17	13	8	<b>12</b>	13	6	3	17	14 10
31	<b>26</b>		15	19	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	1	17	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	$15 \ 18$
15	18		<b>23</b>	16	11	15	<b>21</b>	14	17	<b>26</b>	10 6
<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>		<b>12</b>	19	<b>20</b>	16	7	11	30	14	$18 \ 22$
10	15		25	<b>21</b>	6	9	16	7	19	<b>23</b>	Drawn.
		7	D.				37	. 10			

J. Dempster, Jr., v. Yates, 1877.

				Va	r. 3.					
15	18	32	16	10	17	20	16	9	13	16
<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<i>a</i> - 8	11	<b>21</b>	<b>14</b>	11	<b>20</b>	19	15	$31 \ 26$
11	15	25	<b>21</b>	. 6	10	<b>2</b>	11	13	17	6 10
<b>29</b>	<b>25</b>	1	6	13	9	30	<b>25</b>	15	10	$26 \ 22$
4	8	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	10	17	11	16	17	<b>22</b>	$10 \ 15$
30	<b>26</b>	6	9	9	6	<b>26</b>	22	10	6	$23 \ 18$
15	19	31	<b>27</b>	17	<b>22</b>	<b>27</b>	23	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	$15 \ 19$
<b>23</b>	16	9	18	6	<b>2</b>	5	9	6	1	$22 \ 26$
12	19	<b>23</b>	14	22	<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	19	18	23	$28 \ 24$
<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	6	16	12	<b>22</b>	18	11	16	Drawn.
18	<b>27</b>	17	13	<b>26</b>	30	16	11	<b>26</b>	<b>31</b>	

Wm. Davie v. Yates, 1879.

(a) 8-12, 16-11, 7-16, 20-11, 2-7, 11-2, 1-6, 2-9, 12-16, 14-7, 5-30, 26-23, 3-10, 28-24, 16-20, 23-19, 20-27, 31-24. Drawn. --R. D. Yates.

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SWITCHER.

		Var. 4.			
48	$30 \ 25$	8 11	$2 \ 6$	25 $21$	38
$29 \ 25$	10 17	$32 \ 28$	$15 \ 18$	10 6	$11 \ 15$
5-610	$25 \ 21$	$15 \ 18$	6 10	37	8 11
24 19	2 6	$19 \ 15$	$18 \ 22$	6 2	15  18
15 24	$21 \ 14$	$18 \ 27$	$17 \ 13$	$21 \ 25$	$11 \ 15$
28 19	6 10	15 6	$22 \ 25$	16	$18 \ 22$
10 17	$22 \ 17$	27 32	$13 \ 9$	$25 \ 22$	15  18
$25 \ 21$	13 22	24 20	$25 \ 29$	6 10	$22 \ 26$
1 6	26 17	$11 \ 15$	96	$22 \ 18$	$31 \ 22$
$2\bar{1}$ 14	$11 \ 15$	$6\ 2$	$29 \ 25$	10 3	96
6 10	27 24	7 11	61	18 9	Drawn.
	Yates v. J	. F. St. C	lair, 187	7.	

		Var. 5	•		
15 18	24 20	$17 \ 22$	27 24	$11 \ 15$	17 13
$22 \ 15$	6 10	$26 \ 17$	7 11	73	$27 \ 32$
11 18	$32 \ 28$	$13 \ 29$	$22 \ 17$	$18 \ 23$	$20 \ 16$
24 19	10 17	$31 \ 26$	$15 \ 18$	37	$12 \ 19$
7 11	23 14	8 11	10 7	$23 \ 27$	$24 \ 15$
28 24	11 15	$26 \ 22$	3 10	7 10	32 27
$\frac{1}{2}$ 7	19 10	11 15	14 7	$15 \ 18$	W. wins.
				1050	

J. Dempster, Jr., beaten by Yates, 1876.

				Va	r. 6					
10-24	19	21	14	27	<b>24</b>	13	9	19	16	4 8
15	<b>24</b>	6	10	16	<b>20</b>	7	10	11	15	$17 \ 22$
28	19	30	25	<b>23</b>	18	14	7	16	11	$20 \ 16$
7-11	16	10	17	20	<b>27</b>		14		17	$24 \ 19$
17	14	25	21	31	<b>24</b>	7	<b>2</b>	11	8	$16 \ 11$
10	17	2	6	8	11	<b>22</b>	<b>26</b>	15	18	$22 \ 26$
21	14	21	14	<b>24</b>	20	32	<b>28</b>	2	6	11 7
6	10	6	10	12	16	<b>26</b>	31	18	<b>23</b>	$19 \ 15$
29	$\overline{25}$	22	17	19	12	28	<b>24</b>	6	10	10 19
10		13	$\overline{22}$	10	15	31	27	23	<b>26</b>	3 10
$\overline{25}$		26	17	17	13	24	19	8	4	19 23
1	6	-4	8	15	$\overline{22}$	$\overline{27}$	<b>24</b>	26	31	Drawn.
			** .	T	17 11		70			

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876.

Var. 7.												
11	15	21	14	8-4	8	14	5	26 23	10 14			
17	14	6	10	31	27	7	<b>21</b>	$15 \ 11$	$18 \ 15$			
15	24	30	<b>25</b>	8	11	5	1	$23 \ 18$	96			
<b>27</b>	<b>20</b>	10	17	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	18	<b>23</b>	11 7	8 11			
10	17	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	11	15	1	6	38	14 10			
<b>21</b>	14	1	6	<b>23</b>	19	23	<b>26</b>	72	$15 \ 19$			
<b>9-</b> 6	10	<b>21</b>	14	15	18	6	10	$21 \ 25$	6 2			
<b>29</b>	25	6	10	32	<b>28</b>	26	31	2 6	$11 \ 15$			
10	17	<b>22</b>	17	10	15	<b>24</b>	19	$25 \ 30$	$28 \ 24$			
<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	13	<b>22</b>	19	10	31	<b>26</b>	69	19 28			
<b>2</b>	6	<b>26</b>	17	5	9	19	15	30 26	Drawn.			
			Yate	es v. A	Vyll	ie, 18	76.					

Var. 8.												
10	15	5	14	18	27	8	11	19	12	83		
17	13	7	<b>2</b>	32	<b>23</b>	14	9	10	19	7 10		
15	19	14	18	<b>26</b>	31	27	<b>24</b>	12	8	38		
<b>23</b>	16	<b>2</b>	6	6	10	9	6	19	16	$2 \ 7$		
12	19	19	<b>23</b>	31	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	19	8	12	83		
13	9	31	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>	18	6	<b>2</b>	16	11	7 11		
7	10	23	<b>26</b>	3	8	11	15	12	8	38		
14	7	27	<b>23</b>	18	14	20	16	11	7	Drawn.		
			Vat	20 12 T	Va11	18	76					

Yates v. Wyllie, 1876

				Va	ır. 9	)					
4	8	31	<b>26</b>	11	16	2	6	<b>22</b>	26	11	16
29	<b>25</b>	2	7	19	15	20	<b>24</b>	14	9	29	<b>25</b>
8	11	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	16	<b>20</b>	6	15	13	17	16	20
<b>22</b>	18	17	21	15	10	<b>24</b>	27	9	6	31	<b>27</b>
6	9	<b>26</b>	23	12	16	18	14	<b>26</b>	31	15	18
<b>23</b>	19	9	13	9	6	27	31	6	2	<b>25</b>	29
11	16	14	- 9	16	19	14	10	17	<b>22</b>	18	<b>22</b>
<b>20</b>	11	5	14	6	<b>2</b>	31	<b>26</b>	2	7	W. v	vins.
7	<b>23</b>	18	9		<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>		<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>		
<b>26</b>	19	7	11	10	6	28		7	11		
13	17	23	18	1	10	-18	14	- 25	29		
	Δ	OR	hin	enn hà	aton	hu V	ntoo	1873	7		

A. O. Robinson beaten by Yates, 1877.

# Var. 10.

13 17 3 7 7 10 15 18 31 27 Drawn.	10 21	9 23 8 14 17 14	-	17 25 22 18 10 19 7	26 17 31 7	14 9 14 22 26 22 10		15 21 11 28 6 17 18	$1\overline{8}$ 6 31	26 1 31 6 22 10	24 20 27 23 21 17 23 19 17 14 22 26 14 9 Drawn.
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Melvin Brown v. Yates, 1876.

# Var. 11.

$\begin{array}{cccc} 24 & 20 \\ 15 & 19 \\ 23 & 16 \\ 12 & 19 \\ 27 & 24 \end{array}$	$5 9 \\ 24 15 \\ 10 19 \\ 17 14 \\ 9 18$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 22 & 15 \\ 7 & 10 \\ 25 & 22 \\ 2 & 7 \\ 22 & 18 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{cccc} 8 & 11 \\ 15 & 8 \\ 4 & 11 \\ 26 & 22 \\ 6 & 9 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 29 & 25 \\ 19 & 23 \\ 28 & 24 \\ 10 & 14 \\ 25 & 21 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 7 & 10 \\ 24 & 19 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 30 & 25 \\ W. \text{ wins.} \end{array}$
	C. Robb b	eaten by	Yates, 187	7.	

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# WHILTER.

11	15	<b>22</b>	17	11	16	10	1	26	<b>22</b>	62
<b>23</b>	19	8	11	17	14	<b>5</b>	14	18	14	$11 \ 16$
7-8		31	<b>26</b>	10	17	30	<b>21</b>	22	17	16
<b>22</b>	17	4	8	<b>21</b>	<b>14</b>	14	18	14	9	$14 \ 18$
9	14	25	<b>22</b>	16	<b>20</b>	1	<b>5</b>	17	14	$21 \ 17$
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	16	<b>20</b>	19	15	<b>2</b> -18	23	10	6	$18 \ 23$
3	8	23	18	7	11	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	6 10
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	14	<b>23</b>	<b>23</b>	19	1-24	<b>27</b>	6	1	$16 \ 20$
5	9	<b>27</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	a-22	18	<b>26</b>	30	$17 \ 13$
17		<b>20</b>	<b>27</b>	14	10	<b>27</b>	31	9	6	$12 \ 16$
11	16	32	<b>23</b>	<b>4</b> - 9	14	19	15	<b>2</b>	9	Drawn.
<b>29</b>				3-18			<b>26</b>	13	6	
<b>6</b> - 1	5	28	19	11	25	15	10	8	11	
			Wyl	lie v.	Yat	es, 187	76.			

(a) 13-9, 27-31, 19-15, 12-16, 15-10, 16-20, 9-6, 2-9, 5-14, 20-24, 22-17, 24-27. Drawn.—Wyllie v. Yates, 1876.

Var. 1.

8 22 11 18 23	$16\\14$	15 31 10 28 11	11 16 8	$32 \\ 8 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 16$	$\begin{array}{c}16\\5\\19\end{array}$	8 19 9 23 11	$\overline{11}$ 26	26 15 30 14 27	21 17 27 23 Drawn.
		Wyl	lie v.	Yate	es, 18'	76.			

Var. 2.

24			$\frac{23}{22}$	26		-	11	11		19 23	
5	9	26	<b>22</b>	15	10	10	6	6	2	$18 \ 22$	
<b>28</b>	32	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>2</b>	9	16	19	27 24	
9	14	19	15	14	18	13	6	<b>22</b>	17	Drawn.	
Yates v. Martins, 1877.											

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WHILTER.

				Va	r. 3	<b>.</b>				
10	1	11	16	19	15	27	<b>23</b>	7	10	31 26
14	<b>23</b>	6	<b>2</b>	27	31	10	7	20	<b>24</b>	14 9
15	10	16	<b>23</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	24	<b>27</b>	<b>2</b>	7	5 14
<b>23</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>26</b>	19	31	27	7	3	23	19	10 17
10	6	8	11	1	6	27	31	22	18	$27 \ 31$
<b>2</b>	9	a-30	25	16	<b>20</b>	3	7	<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>	$17 \ 22$
13	6	11	16	15	10	12	16	18	14	Drawn.
		ł	ate	s v. M	arti	ns, 18	377.			

(a) 2-7, 11-16, 19-15, 27-31, 1-6, 24-28, 7-10, 28-32, 15-11, 32-27, 30-25, 27-23, 11-7, 23-19, 10-14, 16-20, 7-2, 20-24, 25-21, 24-28. Drawn.—Yates v. Martins, 1877.

				Var. 4.						
<b>24</b>	<b>27</b>	5	14	$31 \ 26$	<b>2</b>	9	21	17	16 20	
10	1	<b>5</b> -19	15	$17 \ 14$	14	5	14	10	15 10	
	14	27	<b>31</b>	$26 \ 22$	18	<b>23</b>	12	16	$23 \ 27$	
18	9	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	$21 \ 17$	5	1	10	7	Drawn.	
11	<b>25</b>	14	18	$22 \ 25$	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	8	12		
30	<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>	17	16	17	14	7	3		
	Vates or Martine 1877									

Yates v. Martins, 1877.

			Var. 5.							
1 8	5 11	16	6 1	<b>22</b>	17	13	9	$24 \ 28$		
8 1	15	10	$23 \ 27$	14	10	12	16	$2 \ 7$		
26 22	2 18	<b>23</b>	$17 \ 13$	17	14	9	6	10 15		
27 31	10	6	$27 \ 31$	10	7	16	19	7 11		
22 17	12	9	$21 \ 17$	14	10	6	<b>2</b>	15 8		
14 18	3 13	6	$26 \ 22$	7	3	19	24	3 12		
19 18	5 31	<b>26</b>	$17 \ 14$	16	<b>20</b>	5	9	Drawn.		
	Vatas n Martina 1077									

Yates v. Martins, 1877.

				Va	.r. 6	3.				
7	11	22	15	10	<b>26</b>	7	16	16	11	29
31	<b>26</b>	10	<b>26</b>	6	2	31	26	21	17	11 2
16	<b>20</b>	30	<b>23</b>	26	31	32	23	8	12	95
19	16	11	15	27	23	<b>26</b>	12	17	14	19 23
<b>12</b>	19	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	20	<b>27</b>	14	10	12	16	28 24
<b>23</b>	7	6	10	2	7	12	16	14	10	Drawn.
<b>2</b>	11	13	6	14	18	10	7	16	19	
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	15	18	23	14	4	8	10	7	
15	18	<b>22</b>	15	8	11	7	<b>2</b>	1	6	
		τ	7 -+	177	D	Dank		077		

Yates v. W. R. Barker, 1877.

				Va	.r. 7	•				
9	14	<b>22</b>	17	15	24	<b>32</b>	27	14	18	27
<b>22</b>	17	3	8	<b>28</b>	19	5	9	<b>22</b>	15	10 15
7	11	31	<b>26</b>	4	8	<b>22</b>	18	9	14	11 8
<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	11	16	30	<b>26</b>	2	7	15	11	15 19
11	16	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	8	11	18	15	14	18	7 11
8-17	13	16	23	26	<b>23</b>	1	5	<b>23</b>	7	$12 \ 16$
16	<b>23</b>	27	11	11	16	15	11	16	<b>32</b>	Drawn.
26	19	8	15	29	<b>25</b>	7	16	7	2	
8	11	24	19	16	20	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	6	10	
	Yates v. Martins, 1877.									

	8.
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26	23	4	8	23	7	30	26	8	11	26 22
	$\overline{20}$		19		$2\dot{3}$		$\overline{25}$		$\overline{23}$	$11 \ 15$
31	<b>26</b>	8	12	27	18	26	<b>23</b>		<b>24</b>	18 11
8	11	30	<b>26</b>	20	27	11	8	23	<b>26</b>	$25 \ 18$
19	16	11	16	32	<b>23</b>	23	18	<b>24</b>	20	69
12	19	26	<b>23</b>	3	<b>26</b>	8	3	<b>26</b>	30	$17 \ 14$
<b>23</b>	7	15	18	18	15	12	16	20	16	16
<b>2</b>	11	<b>22</b>	15	26	30	3	8	30	<b>26</b>	B. wins.
<b>26</b>	<b>23</b>	14	18	15	11	16	19	16	12	
		Ya	ites	beats	С.	Robb,	187	7.		

# WILL-O'-THE-WISP.

$11 \ 15$	$12 \ 16$	6 10	13 17	9 27	$23 \ 18$				
23 19	$29 \ 25$	$16 \ 12$	$25 \ 21$	$31 \ 24$	6 10				
$9 \ 13$	8 11	$11 \ 16$	16	$16 \ 30$	$11 \ 16$				
$22 \ 18$	$26 \ 23$	$30 \ 26$	$27 \ 23$	$5 \ 1$	$24 \ 20$				
$15 \ 22$	$16 \ 20$	8 11	20 $24$	$30 \ 26$	$16 \ 19$				
$25 \ 18$	24 19	$18 \ 15$	$28 \ 19$	16	10 6				
<b>1</b> -10 15	48	11 18	59	$26 \ 23$	$18 \ 15$				
18 11	19 16	$23 \ 14$	14 5	62	B. wins.				
7 23	$2 \ 7$	10 17	69	7 11					
$27 \ 18$	32 27	$21 \ 14$	$21 \ 14$	2 6					
Yates beats Geo. W. Fairgrieve, 1879.									

Var. 1.

5	9	26	<b>22</b>	11	16	15	8	6	10	18 9
29	<b>25</b>	3	7	<b>24</b>	19	4	11	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	5 14
7	11	<b>21</b>	17	16	<b>23</b>	30	<b>26</b>	10	17	$26 \ 23$
19	15	12	16	31	<b>26</b>	<b>2</b>	7	<b>21</b>	14	W. wins.
10	19	17	14	7	11	19	15	7	11	
<b>24</b>	15	16	<b>20</b>	<b>26</b>	19	12	16	14	10	
1	5	28	<b>24</b>	8	12	15	8	9	14	
A. J. Heffner beaten by Yates, 1877.										

# UNCLASSIFIED.

11 1	15	4	8	7	11	1	5	27	31	$26 \ 22$
<b>1-22</b> 1	17	<b>22</b>	18	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	18	9	18	9	15
8 1	11	8	11	11	15	5	14	11	16	$23 \ 27$
17 1	13	18	9	32	<b>28</b>	27	<b>24</b>	23	18	96
91	14	5	14	15	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>27</b>	16	<b>23</b>	29
25 2	22	<b>29</b>	<b>25</b>	28	19	31	<b>24</b>	18	14	5 14
11 1	16	16	20	3	8	16	20	10	15	Drawn.
24 1	19	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	a-30	<b>26</b>	26	<b>22</b>	14	10	
15 2	24	11	16	8	11	20	27	31	26	
$28 \ 1$	l9 b	-22	17	<b>22</b>	18	22	18	10	1	
Yates v. Melvin Brown, 1875.										

(a) Corrects A. D. P. where 22-18 is given and loses.

(b) A. D. P. says this loses.

.

Var. 1.

23	19	a-25	18	26	<b>22</b>	23	14	14	9	$25 \ 21$
2-8	11	16	20	7	11	9	18	3	7	7 10
27	23	32	27	18	15	21	17	9	5	$26 \ 23$
11	16	10	14	11	18	5	9	6	9	9 14
22	18	29	25	<b>22</b>	15	17	14	30	<b>26</b>	31 26
15	<b>22</b>	4	8	14	18	9	13	<b>2</b>	6	B. wins.
		Yates	beats	R.	<b>A</b> .	Davi	8, 18	377.		

(a) Same now as Tillicoultry, viz:-11-15, 23-19, 8-11, 22-18, 15-22, 25-18, 11-16, 27-23.

Var. 2

22 14	14 18 23	$25 \\ 5$		32 6	13 27 9	25 14	14 21 18	18 27 10	23 17	15 18 30 21 18 27
<b>27</b>	11	21	17	29	25	17	14	21	14	B. wins.
Yates (blindfold) beats Rover, 1880.										

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# **R. D. YATES, CHECKER PLAYER**

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